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# OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### **CATALOG**

Welcome to the Glen Research Catalog containing the most complete selection of products for DNA and RNA research. This catalog format has proved to be popular with our customers and allows relatively simple navigation through our wide array of product offerings. The Table of Contents at the beginning and the Index at the end of the Catalog are the most comprehensive we have produced. The Physical Data section covers all products, including supports. This section is also useful for resolving a product name from a known catalog number. There are always limitations to printed catalogs in a fast-moving technology sector and a complete and up-to-date catalog is also maintained on our web site.

All minor bases, modifiers and RNA products are packaged for Applied Biosystems instruments. We can provide vials and columns for a wide variety of other instruments. As shown in the table to the left, we can accommodate catalog numbers for unusual products to fit all popular instruments. For example, if you wish to order 0.25g of dI-CE Phosphoramidite for an Applied Biosystems instrument, the catalog number is 10-1040-02. If you wish the same product for an Expedite instrument, the catalog number, derived from the table to the left, would be 10-1040-02E. For columns, a pack of four dI columns for an Expedite would be 20-2190-42E. The table to the left is reproduced on all relevant spreads of this catalog.

We are unique in conducting a QC test for supports to show the length of oligo that can be prepared before a drop-off in coupling due to steric effects begins to occur. The drop-off point is recorded in the Certificate of Analysis or Analytical Report. The vast majority of our minor base and modification supports are 1000Å CPG, which results in improved performance and the ability to make much longer oligos. Supports which will continue with a specific pore size are shown as such in the catalog. Polystyrene supports are also available for some of our most popular items.

For reasons of quality assurance, we do not transfer powders or oils from stock Applied Biosystems vials to vials for other instruments. Powders may be hygroscopic and electrostatic, making transfer difficult, and oils have to be dissolved and the solvent evaporated. For best performance, it is preferable for the customer to dissolve the product and immediately transfer the solution to the correct instrument vial. Consequently, the product will be delivered in an industry-standard septum-capped vial along with a clean dry vial for the appropriate instrument. We monitor product usage for each instrument type and will attempt to have stock prepackaged for some of the most popular products and configurations.

Glen Research's distributors cover a very significant percentage of countries where oligonucleotide synthesis is commonly practiced. Our vast selection of unusual products is really only comprehensively stocked here in Virginia and some of our web viewers have asked us to set up a direct shipping channel. For them, we offer the eGlen program which is described in the following web link: <a href="http://www.glenresearch.com/Reference/eGlen.html">http://www.glenresearch.com/Reference/eGlen.html</a>.

Authorized distributors for Glen Research products are listed below. Other countries not listed are covered by direct sales from our Sterling, USA office.

#### UK and Ireland

#### Cambio Ltd

Telephone Number: +44 (0) 1954 210200 Fax Number: +44 (0) 1954 210300 E-mail addresses: <a href="mailto:support@cambio.co.uk">support@cambio.co.uk</a> and <a href="mailto:orders@cambio.co.uk">orders@cambio.co.uk</a>

Website: http://www.cambio.co.uk/

#### Italy

#### Primm srl

Telephone Number: +39 02 2104031 Fax Number: +39 02 2640355 email address: <u>lucia.ricchiuti@primm.it</u> Website: <u>http://www.primm.it/</u>

#### Netherlands

Eurogentec b.v.
Telephone Number: +31 43 352 06 98
Fax Number: +31 43 354 19 65
e-mail address: info@eurogentec.com

#### Nordic and Baltic Countries

BioNordikaBergman AS Telephone Number: +47 23035800 Fax Number: +47 23035801 e-mail address: info@bionordikabergman.no

Website: http://www.bionordika.no/

#### Belgium

Eurogentec S.A.
Telephone Number: +32 4 372 74 00
Fax Number: +32 4 372 75 00
e-mail address: info@eurogentec.com/
Website: http://www.eurogentec.com/

#### Germany

Eurogentec GmbH
Telephone Number: +49 221 258 94 55
Fax Number: +49 221 258 94 54
e-mail address: info@eurogentec.com

## Japan

Nihon Techno Service Co., Ltd.
Telephone Number: +81 29 886 6811
Fax Number: +81 29 870 0210
e-mail address: info@ntsbio.com
Website: http://www.ntsbio.com/

#### Israel

Eisenberg Bros. Ltd.
Telephone Number: 972-3-9777000
Fax Number: 972-3-9777001
e-mail address: nicoles@eb1.co.il
Website: http://www.eisenbros.co.il/

#### France

Eurogentec s.a.
Telephone Number: +33 2 41 73 33 73
Fax Number: +33 2 41 73 10 26
e-mail address: info@eurogentec.com

## **QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE**

**G**len Research has developed and implemented a Quality Management System (QMS) designed to enhance customer satisfaction by focusing on processes for continual improvement and on assurance of conformity to customer needs, with full consideration of applicable regulatory requirements.

### STERLING QUALITY

The benchmark for excellence in DNA and RNA synthesis. All Sterling materials must pass stringent purity and identity tests prior to acceptance. Sterling products are formulated, filtered, and packaged in optimal environments using specially cleaned and dried glassware and columns. Color-coded labelling and post-packaging analysis guarantee accuracy and Sterling Quality.

### STERLING PERFORMANCE

The standard of accomplishment for DNA and RNA synthesis. Every batch of Sterling reagents is analyzed by titration to confirm exact formulation. Every batch of Sterling monomers, supports and activators is synthesis-tested to ensure optimal performance. Certificates of Analysis provide your guarantee of Sterling Performance.





STERLING is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation.

Glen Research offers the highest level of Quality Assurance for reagents for DNA and RNA synthesis - Sterling Quality and Performance. We now apply the Sterling criteria of quality and performance to all of Glen Research's established products.

The common monomers and supports, whose structures are illustrated below, are available for the variety of synthesizers listed on the following pages.

# QUALITY ASSURANCE

Every batch of these CE Phosphoramidites is tested as follows:

### 1. HPLC

a) Identity is confirmed by comparison with a reference sample.

b) Purity is determined by HPLC to be ≥98.0%.

### 2. TLC

Purity is verified by TLC.

### 3. 31P NMR

Purity is determined by <sup>31</sup>P NMR to be ≥98%.

#### 4. Coupling Test

Coupling efficiency is determined to be ≥99%.

#### 5. Solution Test

A 0.1M solution is determined to be clear and free of particulate contamination.

#### 6. Loss on Drying

Volatile contaminants are determined to be ≤2%.

dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite

### ABI INSTRUMENTS

- 60mL septum-capped vials used on oldest ABI 380, 381 and 391 instruments. 200mL oxidizer and 450mL deblock screw-capped bottles also used on ABI 380, 381 and 391 instruments.
- Small screw-capped vials used on ABI 392 and 394 instruments.
- Larger screw-capped vials used on ABI 392. 394 and 3400 instruments.
- Large bottles used on ABI 3900 instruments.

SEE ALSO

Depurination Resistant dA p20

# STERLING CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES

**G**len Research CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites are produced and packaged to ensure the highest performance on DNA synthesizers. Every Glen Research product is accompanied by a Certificate of Analysis and HPLC trace, showing the results of our QC testing. Every Glen Research monomer vial is specially cleaned to eliminate particulate contamination and tested to ensure a tight fit on synthesizers.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1000-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1000-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1000-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1000-40	4.0g	200.00
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1010-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1010-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1010-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1010-40	4.0g	200.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1015-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1015-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1015-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1015-40	4.0g	200.00
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1020-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1020-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1020-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1020-40	4.0g	200.00
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1029-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1029-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1029-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1029-40	4.0g	200.00
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1030-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1030-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1030-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1030-40	4.0g	200.00

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS

All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest synthesis efficiency and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination. Glen Research uses freshly sublimed 1H-tetrazole for premium performance on Applied Biosystems synthesizers.

<u>Item</u>	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Activator			
0.45M Tetrazole in Acetonitrile	30-3100-45 <sup>1</sup>	45mL	40.00
	30-3100-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	100.00
	30-3100-57 <sup>3</sup>	450mL	200.00
	30-3100-624	2L	760.00
Diluent			
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	40-4050-45	60mL	12.00
	40-4050-50	100mL	16.00

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A			
THF/Pyridine/Ac <sub>2</sub> O	40-4110-45 <sup>1</sup>	45mL	16.00
	40-4110-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	30.00
	40-4110-57 <sup>3</sup>	450mL	72.00
	40-4110-62 <sup>4</sup>	2L	325.00
Cap Mix B			
16% Melm in THF	40-4220-45 <sup>1</sup>	45mL	20.00
(This Cap B solution is identical to the	40-4220-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	40.00
formulation produced by Applied Biosystems.)	40-4220-57 <sup>3</sup>	450mL	96.00
	40-4220-624	2L	425.00
Oxidizing Solution			
0.02M I <sub>2</sub> in THF/Pyridine/H <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4330-521,2	200mL	30.00
0.02W12 III TIII YI YIIdiile II 20	40-4330-57 <sup>3</sup>	450mL	72.00
	40-4330-624	2L	325.00
Deble abin a Miss	10 1330 02	21	323.00
Deblocking Mix	40 4140 5712	450	20.00
3% TCA/DCM	40-4140-57 <sup>1,2</sup>	450mL	36.00
	40-4140-62 <sup>3,4</sup>	2L	144.00

### STERLING SUPPORTS

All Glen Research CPG supports use the standard long chain alkylamino (lcaa) linker but differ in the glass pore size, 500Å, 1000Å or 2000Å. The 500Å support is appropriate for shorter sequences, while the 1000Å supports perform better in the synthesis of longer (>30-mer) DNA sequences. The 2000Å support is best for very long (>150-mer) oligonucleotides. We have instituted an additional QC test for supports to show the length of oligo that can be prepared before a drop-off in coupling due to steric effects begins to occur. The drop-off point is recorded in the Certificate of Analysis. All Glen Research supports are fully end-capped to ensure that the CPG surface is totally inert, thereby avoiding the introduction of impurity sequences containing deletions at the 3'-terminus.

Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)				
dA	dC	dG	dT	dA,dC,dG,dT	Ac-dC	dmf-dG		
				(1 column of				
				each base)				
500Å Column	15							
20-2100-42	20-2110-42	20-2120-42	20-2130-42	20-2140-42	20-2113-42		4X0.2μm	40.00
20-2100-41	20-2110-41	20-2120-41	20-2130-41	20-2140-41	20-2113-41		4X1µm	60.00
20-2100-13	20-2110-13	20-2120-13	20-2130-13		20-2113-13		1X10μm	100.00
1000Å Colum	ins							
20-2101-45	20-2111-45	20-2121-45	20-2131-45	20-2141-45	20-2115-45	20-2129-45	4X40nm	40.00
20-2101-42	20-2111-42	20-2121-42	20-2131-42	20-2141-42	20-2115-42	20-2129-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
20-2101-41	20-2111-41	20-2121-41	20-2131-41	20-2141-41	20-2115-41	20-2129-41	4X1μm	60.00
20-2101-13	20-2111-13	20-2121-13	20-2131-13		20-2115-13	20-2129-13	1X10μm	100.00

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

Ac<sub>2</sub>O = Acetic Anhydride
CE = Cyanoethyl
CPG = Controlled Pore Glass
DCM = Dichloromethane
dmf = dimethylformamidine
l<sub>2</sub> = Iodine
lcaa = long chain alkylamino
Melm = 1-Methylimidazole
μm = micromole(s)
nm = nanomole(s)
TCA = Trichloroacetic Acid
THF = Tetrahydrofuran

SEE ALSO

Alternative Solvents

p28

# **APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS INSTRUMENTS**

# **STERLING SUPPORTS (CONT.)**

Catalog N dA	o. Catalog No. dC	Catalog No.	Catalog No. dT	Catalog No. dA,dC,dG,dT (1 column of each base)	Catalog No. Ac-dC	Catalog No. dmf-dG	Pack	Price(\$)
2000Å Col	ımns							
20-2102-4	2 20-2112-42	20-2122-42	20-2132-42	20-2142-42			4X0.2μm	40.00
Low Volum	e (LV) Polystyrer	ne Columns						
26-2100-4 26-2100-4	5 26-2110-45 2 26-2110-42	26-2120-45 26-2120-42	26-2130-45 26-2130-42	26-2140-45 26-2140-42			4X40nm 4X0.2μm	48.00 48.00
AB 3900 Pc	olystyrene Colun	nns						
	5 26-2610-65 2 26-2610-62		26-2630-65 26-2630-62			26-2629-65 2 26-2629-62 2		825.00 825.00
AB 3900 10	000Å CPG Colun	nns						
20-2101-6 20-2101-6 20-2101-6	2		20-2131-65 20-2131-62 20-2131-61		20-2115-62	20-2129-65 20-2129-62 20-2129-61	200X40nm 200X200nm 200X1μm	600.00 650.00 875.00
500Å Bulk	CPG							
	1 20-2010-01 2 20-2010-02 0 20-2010-10		20-2030-01 20-2030-02 20-2030-10		20-2013-01 20-2013-02 20-2013-10		0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	9.00 20.00 75.00
1000Å Buli	c CPG							
	1 20-2011-01 2 20-2011-02 0 20-2011-10		20-2031-01 20-2031-02 20-2031-10		20-2015-02	20-2029-01 20-2029-02 20-2029-10	0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	9.00 20.00 75.00
2000Å Bul	k CPG							
20-2002-0	1 20-2012-01 2 20-2012-02 0 20-2012-10	20-2022-02	20-2032-01 20-2032-02 20-2032-10				0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	15.00 30.00 105.00
Item						Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Empty Syn	thesis Columns thesis Columns nt Frits (10µm)			™ Style)		20-0030-00 20-0040-00 20-0040-0F	10 10 20	60.00 300.00 30.00

Product structures are shown on Page 5. TWIST is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation.

# AB 3900 1000Å CPG COLUMNS

Glen Research's AB 3900 1000Å CPG columns bring the lower cost of CPG to this platform while maintaining the high synthesis efficiency of 1000Å CPG. Our columns offer the following key attributes:

- No need to change instrument settings
- No need to change software parameters
- Easier handling post -synthesis
- compared to PS

  High quality 1000Å CPG for optimal synthesis results

### BULK CPG LOADING

500Å supports 35-50µmoles/g 1000Å supports 25-40µmoles/g

# SEE ALSO

**Universal Supports** p22 Q-Supports p25 High Load Supports p27

### **AB 3900 POLYSTYRENE MODIFIER COLUMNS**

Some of our more popular minor base and modifier supports are available on polystyrene in columns fully compatible with the Applied Biosystems 3900 synthesizer. These include our popular Universal Support III, which will allow DNA, RNA or LNA oligos to be produced on the 3900 with ANY base at the 3' terminus. Structures and more complete descriptions are found in the relevant catalog sections for each item. AB 3900 columns can be prepared with virtually any of the CPG supports in this catalog. It is no longer necessary to adjust the flow using our AB 3900 CPG columns, as noted in the box to the right. Modified CPG columns are only available in 200 nmole size – simply add 'A' to the regular catalog number to order.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Universal Support III PS			
200 nmole columns	26-5110-52	Pack of 10	100.00
40 nmole columns	26-5110-55	Pack of 10	100.00
Glen UnySupport PS			
200 nmole columns	26-5140-52	Pack of 10	100.00
40 nmole columns	26-5140-55	Pack of 10	100.00
3'-Phosphate PS			
200 nmole columns	26-2900-52	Pack of 10	150.00
40 nmole columns	26-2900-55	Pack of 10	150.00
3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C6 PS			
200 nmole columns	26-2956-52	Pack of 10	220.00
40 nmole columns	26-2956-55	Pack of 10	220.00
3'-(6-FAM) PS			
200 nmole columns	26-2961-52	Pack of 10	300.00
40 nmole columns	26-2961-55	Pack of 10	300.00
3'-Dabcyl PS			
200 nmole columns	26-5912-52	Pack of 10	300.00
40 nmole columns	26-5912-55	Pack of 10	300.00
3'-TAMRA PS			
200 nmole columns	26-5910-52	Pack of 10	300.00
40 nmole columns	26-5910-55	Pack of 10	300.00
3'-BiotinTEG PS			
200 nmole columns	26-2955-52	Pack of 10	300.00
40 nmole columns	26-2955-55	Pack of 10	300.00

# SEE ALSO

Universal Support III p24
Glen UnySupport p22

# AB 3900 1000Å CPG COLUMNS

Glen Research's AB 3900 1000Å CPG columns bring the lower cost of CPG to this platform while maintaining the high synthesis efficiency of 1000Å CPG. Our columns offer the following key attributes:

- No need to change instrument settings
- No need to change software parameters
- Easier handling post -synthesis compared to PS
- High quality 1000Å CPG for optimal synthesis results

# **EXPEDITE™ INSTRUMENTS**

# STERLING CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Glen Research CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites are produced and packaged to ensure the highest performance on DNA synthesizers. Every Glen Research product is accompanied by a Certificate of Analysis and HPLC trace, showing the results of our QC testing. Every Glen Research monomer vial is specially cleaned to eliminate particulate contamination.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-C2	0.25g	12.50
	10-1000-C5	0.5g	25.00
	10-1000-1C	1.0g	50.00
	10-1000-2C	2.0g	100.00
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-C2	0.25g	12.50
	10-1010-C5	0.5q	25.00
	10-1010-1C	1.0q	50.00
	10-1010-2C	2.0g	100.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-C2	0.25g	12.50
The de CET Hosphoramate	10-1015-C5	0.5q	25.00
	10-1015-1C	1.0g	50.00
	10-1015-2C	2.0g	100.00
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-C2	0.25g	12.50
	10-1020-C5	0.5q	25.00
	10-1020-1C	1.0q	50.00
	10-1020-2C	2.0g	100.00
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-C2	0.25g	12.50
	10-1029-C5	0.5q	25.00
	10-1029-1C	1.0q	50.00
	10-1029-2C	2.0g	100.00
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-C2	0.25g	12.50
	10-1030-C5	0.5q	25.00
	10-1030-1C	1.0q	50.00
	10-1030-2C	2.0g	100.00

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS

All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest synthesis efficiency and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination. Glen Research uses freshly sublimed 1H-tetrazole for premium performance on Expedite synthesizers. Crystalline tetrazole solutions have been discontinued.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Activator			
0.45M Tetrazole (sublimed) in Acetonitrile	30-3102-66 <sup>1</sup>	60mL	50.00
	30-3102-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	100.00
	30-3100-57 <sup>2</sup>	450mL	200.00
Diluent Acetonitrile, anhydrous	40-4050-45	60mL	12.00
	40-4050-50	100mL	16.00

# QUALITY ASSURANCE

Every batch of these CE Phosphoramidites is tested as follows:

#### 1. HPLC

- a) Identity is confirmed by comparison with a reference sample.
- b) Purity is determined by HPLC to be ≥98.0%.

#### 2. TLC

Purity is verified by TLC.

#### 3. <sup>31</sup>P NMR

Purity is determined by  $^{31}P$  NMR to be  $\geq 98\%$ .

#### 4. Coupling Test

Coupling efficiency is determined to be ≥99%.

#### 5. Solution Test

A 0.1M solution is determined to be clear and free of particulate contamination.

# 6. Loss on Drying

Volatile contaminants are determined to be ≤2%.

# SEE ALSO

Depurination Resistant dA p20

# EXPEDITE INSTRUMENTS

- For use on Expedite 8905 instruments.
- For use on Expedite 8909 instruments.

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Anhydrous Wash			
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	40-4050-531	300mL	40.00
	40-4050-57 <sup>2</sup>	450mL	50.00
Cap Mix A			
THF/Ac <sub>2</sub> 0 (9:1)	40-4012-66 <sup>1</sup>	60mL	15.00
	40-4012-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	30.00
	40-4012-57 <sup>2</sup>	450mL	72.00
Cap Mix B			
10% Melm in THF/Pyridine (8:1)	40-4122-66 <sup>1</sup>	60mL	20.00
	40-4122-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	40.00
	40-4122-57 <sup>2</sup>	450mL	96.00
Oxidizing Solution			
0.02M I <sub>2</sub> in THF/Pyridine/H <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4132-66 <sup>1</sup>	60mL	20.00
	40-4132-52 <sup>2</sup>	200mL	40.00
	40-4132-57 <sup>2</sup>	450mL	96.00
Deblocking Mix			
3% TCA/DCM	40-4140-68 <sup>1</sup>	180mL	18.00
	40-4140-712	1000mL	80.00

### **STERLING SUPPORTS**

All Glen Research supports use the standard long chain alkylamino (lcaa) linker but differ in the glass pore size, 500Å, 1000Å or 2000Å. The 500Å support is appropriate for shorter sequences, while the 1000Å supports perform better in the synthesis of longer (>30-mer) DNA sequences. The 2000Å support is best for very long (>150-mer) oligonucleotides. We have instituted an additional QC test for supports to show the length of oligo that can be prepared before a drop-off in coupling due to steric effects begins to occur. The drop-off point is recorded in the Certificate of Analysis. All Glen Research supports are fully end-capped to ensure that the CPG surface is totally inert, thereby avoiding the introduction of impurity sequences containing deletions at the 3'-terminus.

Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)				
dA	dC	dG	dT	dA,dC,dG,dT	Ac-dC	dmf-dG		
				(1 column of				
				each base)				
500Å Column	IS							
20-2200-42	20-2210-42	20-2220-42	20-2230-42	20-2240-42	20-2213-42		4X0.2μm	40.00
20-2200-41	20-2210-41	20-2220-41	20-2230-41	20-2240-41	20-2213-41		4X1µm	60.00
20-2200-14	20-2210-14	20-2220-14	20-2230-14		20-2213-14		1X15μm	150.00
1000Å Colum	ns							
20-2201-45	20-2211-45	20-2221-45	20-2231-45	20-2241-45	20-2215-45	20-2229-45	4X40nm	40.00
20-2201-42	20-2211-42	20-2221-42	20-2231-42	20-2241-42	20-2215-42	20-2229-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
20-2201-41	20-2211-41	20-2221-41	20-2231-41	20-2241-41	20-2215-41	20-2229-41	4X1μm	60.00
20-2201-14	20-2211-14	20-2221-14	20-2231-14		20-2215-14	20-2229-14	1X15μm	150.00

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

Ac<sub>2</sub>O = Acetic Anhydride CE = Cyanoethyl CPG = Controlled Pore Glass DCM = Dichloromethane dnf = dimethylformamidine l<sub>2</sub> = Iodine lcaa = long chain alkylamino Melm = 1-Methylimidazole µm = micromole(s)

nm = nanomole(s)
TCA = Trichloroacetic Acid
THF = Tetrahydrofuran

SEE ALSO

Alternative Solvents

p28

# BULK CPG LOADING

500Å supports 35-50µmoles/g 1000Å supports 25-40µmoles/g

# **EXPEDITE™ INSTRUMENTS**

# **STERLING SUPPORTS (CONT.)**

Catalog No.	dC	dG	Catalog No.	Catalog No. dA,dC,dG,dT (1 column of each base)	Catalog No. Ac-dC	Catalog No. dmf-dG	Pack	Price(\$)
2000Å Colum	ins							
20-2202-42	20-2212-42	20-2222-42	20-2232-42	20-2242-42			4X0.2μm	40.00
500Å Bulk CF	PG .							
20-2000-02	20-2010-01 20-2010-02 20-2010-10	20-2020-02	20-2030-01 20-2030-02 20-2030-10		20-2013-01 20-2013-02 20-2013-10		0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	9.00 20.00 75.00
1000Å Bulk C	`PG							
20-2001-01 20-2001-02 20-2001-10	20-2011-01 20-2011-02 20-2011-10	20-2021-02	20-2031-01 20-2031-02 20-2031-10			20-2029-01 20-2029-02 20-2029-10	0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	9.00 20.00 75.00
2000Å Bulk C	CPG							
20-2002-02	20-2012-01 20-2012-02 20-2012-10	20-2022-02	20-2032-01 20-2032-02 20-2032-10				0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	15.00 30.00 105.00
Item				-		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Empty Synthe	esis Columns ( esis Columns ( Filters (40nm					20-0021-02 20-0021-01 20-0021-0F	10 10 20	48.00 48.00 20.00
Empty Synthe Replacement		15μm) (TWIST <sup>1</sup>	<sup>™</sup> Style)			20-0040-00 20-0040-0F	10 20	300.00 30.00

Product structures are shown on Page 5. TWIST is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation. Expedite is a trademark of Applied Biosystems.

# SEE ALSO

Universal Supports p22 Q-Supports p25 High Load Supports p27

### **HT DNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

We offer a high quality designation of DNA phosphoramidites destined for high throughput and large-scale synthesis customers. These customers normally require high quality materials produced under the guidelines of a validated quality management system while still being priced aggressively. These products include the usual Glen Research certification and guarantees but they are only available in larger packs or in bulk. As the market evolves, we would expect to expand this line to encompass other bases, modifiers and supports. HT monomers are not subject to regular discounts and a separate HT discount schedule will be set up for our customers. For these products, please request a quote.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
HT DNA Phosphoramidites			
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-5HT	5.0g	
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-5HT	5.0g	
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-5HT	5.0g	
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-5HT	5.0g	
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-5HT	5.0g	
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-5HT	5.0g	

# HT DNA

Minimum order: 400g total Packaged as 5g bottles (or greater) or in bulk. Products may be combined to 400g

otal.

Please request a quote

## **STERLING CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

MerMade synthesizers belong to a family of synthesizers, including the column-based MerMade 4, MerMade 6 and 12 instruments and the parallel array synthesizers, MerMade 192 and MerMade 192E, manufactured by BioAutomation Corporation in Plano, TX. Their web site can be found at: http://www.BioAutomation.com. Phosphoramidite monomers are packaged in 30mL and 240mL amber bottles for dissolving at a concentration of 1g/20mL and are connected directly to the instrument. Some instruments may also be configured to accept Applied Biosystems serum vials, as shown on page 6.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1000-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1000-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1000-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1000-1S	10.0g	500.00
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1010-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1010-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1010-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1010-1S	10.0g	500.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1015-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1015-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1015-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1015-1S	10.0g	500.00
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1020-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1020-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1020-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1020-1S	10.0g	500.00
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1029-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1029-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1029-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1029-1S	10.0g	500.00
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1030-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1030-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1030-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1030-1S	10.0g	500.00

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS

All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest synthesis efficiency and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination. Parallel synthesizers typically use 5-ethylthio-1H-tetrazole (ETT) as activator to minimize the chance of crystallization. ETT is used at a concentration of 0.25M in acetonitrile, which is far below the level at which crystallization may occur.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Activator 0.25M ETT in Acetonitrile	30-3140-57 30-3140-61 30-3140-62	450mL 960mL 2L	200.00 365.00 760.00

# QUALITY ASSURANCE

Every batch of these CE Phosphoramidites is tested as follows:

#### 1. HPLC

 a) Identity is confirmed by comparison with a reference sample.

b) Purity is determined by HPLC to be ≥98.0%.

# 2. TLC

Purity is verified by TLC.

#### 3. 31P NMR

Purity is determined by <sup>31</sup>P NMR to be ≥98%.

### 4. Coupling Test

Coupling efficiency is determined to be ≥99%.

#### 5. Solution Test

A 0.1M solution is determined to be clear and free of particulate contamination.

#### 6. Loss on Drying

Volatile contaminants are determined to be ≤2%.

# SEE ALSO

Depurination Resistant dA

p20

SEE ALSO

Alternative Activators p28

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Diluent			
Acetonitrile, anhydrous Cap Mix A	40-4050-50	100mL	16.00
THF/Lutidine/Ac <sub>2</sub> O	40-4010-57	450mL	72.00
7	40-4010-61	960mL	154.00
	40-4010-62	2L	325.00
Cap Mix B			
16% Melm in THF	40-4220-57	450mL	96.00
	40-4220-61	960mL	204.00
	40-4220-62	2L	425.00
Oxidizing Solution			
0.02M I <sub>2</sub> in THF/Pyridine/H <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4330-57	450mL	72.00
2	40-4330-61	960mL	154.00
	40-4330-62	2L	325.00
Deblocking Mix			
3% DCA/DCM	40-4040-57	450mL	36.00
	40-4040-61	960mL	75.00
	40-4040-62	2L	144.00
3% TCA/DCM	40-4140-57	450mL	36.00
	40-4140-61	960mL	75.00
	40-4140-62	2L	144.00

## **STERLING SUPPORTS**

Columns containing 1000Å CPG are available in packs of 200 to fit MerMade plates. Regular 500Å or 1000Å supports, listed on page 8, may also be used to fill the wells of regular 96 well plates. However, this requires each plate to be prepared with each nucleoside accurately in all wells. A universal support clearly removes the need for four specific supports and makes preparing plates straightforward. Glen UnySupport™ 40 nmole frits, as described on page 22, can also be used.

Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No. Ac-dC	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
MerMade 100 20-2001-65 20-2001-62 20-2001-61	00Å CPG Colui	20-2021-65 20-2021-62 20-2021-61	20-2031-65 20-2031-62 20-2031-61	20-2015-65 20-2015-62 20-2015-61	20-2029-65 20-2029-62 20-2029-61	200X50nm 200X200nm 48X1µm	750.00 750.00 300.00
Universal Sup 1 µmole co 200 nmole 40 nmole	olumns columns			20-5110-91 20-5110-92 20-5110-95		Pack of 96 Pack of 96 Pack of 96	375.00 250.00 250.00
Glen UnySup 1 µmole co 200 nmole 40 nmole	olumns columns			20-5141-91 20-5141-92 20-5141-95		Pack of 96 Pack of 96 Pack of 96	375.00 250.00 250.00
	ade Columns I	(50 nmole) (200 nmole/1 p	umole)	20-0050-05 20-0050-02		Pack of 48 Pack of 48	200.00 200.00

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

Ac<sub>2</sub>O = Acetic Anhydride CE = Cyanoethyl CPG = Controlled Pore Glass DCM = Dichloromethane dmf = dimethylformamidine I<sub>2</sub> = Iodine Melm = 1-Methylimidazole TCA = Trichloroacetic Acid THF = Tetrahydrofuran

# SEE ALSO

Universal Supports p22 Q-Supports p25 High Load Supports p27

# **GE HEALTHCARE LIFE SCIENCES INSTRUMENTS**

# STERLING CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Glen Research CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites are produced and packaged to ensure the highest performance on DNA synthesizers. Every Glen Research product is accompanied by a Certificate of Analysis and HPLC trace, showing the results of our QC testing. Every Glen Research monomer vial is specially cleaned to eliminate particulate contamination.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Äkta oligopilot			
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1000-50	5.0g	250.00
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1010-50	5.0g	250.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1015-50	5.0g	250.00
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1020-50	5.0g	250.00
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1029-50	5.0g	250.00
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1030-50	5.0g	250.00

# **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Every batch of these CE Phosphoramidites is tested as follows:

#### 1. HPLC

 a) Identity is confirmed by comparison with a reference sample.

b) Purity is determined by HPLC to be ≥98.0%.

# 2. TLC

Purity is verified by TLC.

### 3. <sup>31</sup>P NMR

Purity is determined by <sup>31</sup>P NMR to be ≥98%.

## 4. Coupling Test

Coupling rest

Coupling efficiency is determined to be ≥99%.

#### 5. Solution Test

A 0.1M solution is determined to be clear and free of particulate contamination.

#### 6. Loss on Drying

Volatile contaminants are determined to be ≤2%.

SEE ALSO

HT DNA Phosphoramidites p13 Depurination Resistant dA p20

p28

# **GE HEALTHCARE LIFE SCIENCES INSTRUMENTS**

# **STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS**

All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest synthesis efficiency and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Diluent			
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	40-4050-45 40-4050-50	60mL 100mL	12.00 16.00
Äkta oligopilot	10 1000 00		
Activator			
0.40M Tetrazole in Acetonitrile	30-3105-71	1L	380.00
Cap Mix A	40 4045 74	41	4.45.00
Acetonitrile/Melm	40-4015-71	1L	145.00
Cap Mix B*			
Acetonitrile/Ac <sub>2</sub> O/Lutidine	40-4028-71*	1L	160.00
O idiates Salation			
Oxidizing Solution  0.05M I, in Pyridine/H,0	40-4035-71	1L	225.00
0.03W 1 <sub>2</sub> III 1 yriumcy 11 <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4033-71	16	223.00
Deblocking Mix			
3% DCA/DCM	40-4040-71	1L	80.00
3% TCA/DCM	40-4140-71	1L	80.00
3% DCA/toluene	40-4240-71	1L	145.00

## **ABBREVIATIONS**

Ac<sub>2</sub>O = Acetic Anhydride CE = Cyanoethyl CPG = Controlled Pore Glass DCA = Dichloroacetic Acid DCM = Dichloromethane I<sub>2</sub> = Iodine Melm = 1-Methylimidazole μm = micromole(s)

# SEE ALSO

Alternative Activators

\* Cap Mix B is a two part formulation that is combined immediately before shipment.

## STERLING CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES

**D**r. Oligo synthesizers belong to a family of synthesizers, including the parallel array synthesizers, Dr. Oligo 96, Dr. Oligo 192, Dr. Oligo 384 and Dr. Oligo 768, manufactured by Biolytic® Lab Performance, Inc. in Fremont, CA. Their web site can be found at: http://www.biolytic.com. Phosphoramidite monomers are packaged in 30mL and 240mL amber bottles for dissolving at a concentration of 1g/20mL and are connected directly to the instrument. Some instruments may also be configured to accept Applied Biosystems serum vials, as shown on page 6.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1000-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1000-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1000-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1000-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1000-1S	10.0g	500.00
dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1010-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1010-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1010-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1010-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1010-1S	10.0g	500.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1015-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1015-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1015-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1015-1S	10.0g	500.00
dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1020-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1020-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1020-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1020-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1020-1S	10.0g	500.00
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1029-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1029-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1029-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1029-1S	10.0g	500.00
dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1030-02M	0.25g	12.50
	10-1030-05M	0.5g	25.00
	10-1030-10M	1.0g	50.00
	10-1030-5S	5.0g	250.00
	10-1030-1S	10.0g	500.00

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS

All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest synthesis efficiency and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination. Parallel synthesizers typically use 5-ethylthio-1H-tetrazole (ETT) as activator to minimize the chance of crystallization. ETT is used at a concentration of 0.25M in acetonitrile, which is far below the level at which crystallization may occur.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Activator 0.25M ETT in Acetonitrile	30-3140-57	450mL	200.00
	30-3140-62	2L	760.00

# QUALITY ASSURANCE

Every batch of these CE Phosphoramidites is tested as follows:

#### 1. HPLC

 a) Identity is confirmed by comparison with a reference sample.

b) Purity is determined by HPLC to be ≥98.0%.

# 2. TLC

Purity is verified by TLC.

#### 3. 31P NMR

Purity is determined by <sup>31</sup>P NMR to be ≥98%.

#### 4. Coupling Test

Coupling efficiency is determined to be ≥99%.

#### 5. Solution Test

A 0.1M solution is determined to be clear and free of particulate contamination.

#### 6. Loss on Drying

Volatile contaminants are determined to be ≤2%.

# SEE ALSO

Depurination Resistant dA

p20

p28

Alternative Activators

SEE ALSO

# STERLING SOLVENTS/REAGENTS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Diluent			
Acetonitrile, anhydrous	40-4050-50	100mL	16.00
Cap Mix A			
THF/Lutidine/Ac,0	40-4010-57	450mL	72.00
2	40-4010-62	2L	325.00
Cap Mix B			
16% Melm in THF	40-4220-57	450mL	96.00
	40-4220-62	2L	425.00
Oxidizing Solution	10 1220 02		.20.00
0.02M I <sub>2</sub> in THF/Pyridine/H <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4330-57	450mL	72.00
0.021VI 1 <sub>2</sub> III IIII ji yilaliicji 1 <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4330-62	2L	325.00
Dahladina Min	40-4330-62	ZL	323.00
Deblocking Mix	40, 40,40, 57	450 1	20.00
3% DCA/DCM	40-4040-57	450mL	36.00
	40-4040-62	2L	144.00
3% TCA/DCM	40-4140-57	450mL	36.00
	40-4140-62	2L	144.00

# **STERLING SUPPORTS**

Dr. Oligo instruments are designed for flexibity in the use of supports and columns. They can use fritted plates with loose CPG (page 8) and AB 3900 style polystyrene and CPG columns. Glen UnySupport™ 40 nmole frits can also be used.

Cata	log No. Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
d	A dC	dG	dT	Ac-dC	dmf-dG		
AD 20	900 Polystyrene Colun	nnc					
AD 33	100 Folystylelle Coluli	11115					
26-2	600-65 26-2610-65		26-2630-65		26-2629-65	200X40nm	825.00
26-2	600-62 26-2610-62		26-2630-62		26-2629-62	200X200nm	825.00
AD 20	900 1000Å CPG Colum						
AD 33	100 TOUGH CPG COTUIT	IIIS					
20-2	01-65		20-2131-65	20-2115-65	20-2129-65	200X40nm	600.00
20-2	01-62		20-2131-62	20-2115-62	20-2129-62	200X200nm	650.00
20-2	01-61		20-2131-61	20-2115-61	20-2129-61	200X1μm	875.00

# **OLIGONUCLEOTIDE PURIFICATION**

Biolytic Labs. also offers the innovative Dr. Oligo Processor for high throughput purification of oligonucleotides using Glen-Pak™ DNA Purification Cartridges: https://www.biolytic.com/p-6814-dr-oligo-processor-fully-automated.aspx.

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Ac}_2\text{O} = \text{Acetic Anhydride} \\ \text{CE} = \text{Cyanoethyl} \\ \text{CPG} = \text{Controlled Pore Glass} \\ \text{DCM} = \text{Dichloromethane} \\ \text{dmf} = \text{dimethylformamidine} \\ \text{l}_2 = \text{lodine} \\ \text{Melm} = 1\text{-Methylimidazole} \\ \text{TCA} = \text{Trichloroacetic Acid} \end{array}$ 

THF = Tetrahydrofuran

# SEE ALSO

p22
p25
p27
p144

## **DEPURINATION RESISTANT CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

Depurination is defined as the cleavage of the glycosidic bond attaching a purine base to the sugar moiety. Electron withdrawing acyl protecting groups like benzoyl and isobutyryl on the purine amino group(s) destabilize the glycosidic bond, whereas electron donating formamidine protecting groups stabilize the glycosidic bond. The consequence of depurination during oligonucleotide synthesis is the loss of the purine base to form an internucleotide linkage containing the abasic sugar at that position. This site is stable during further synthesis cycles but, upon deprotection with basic reagents, the oligonucleotide is cleaved at that position leading to two shorter fragments. The fragment towards the 5' terminus still contains the DMT group. If DMT-ON purification is being used, the depurinated fragments are co-purified along with the full length product as truncated oligonucleotides.

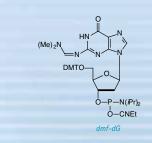
The most commonly used dA–CE Phosphoramidite containing benzoyl protecting groups suffers substantial degradation by depurination after excessive exposure to TCA. At the same time, two depurination resistant dA monomers, protected with diethylformamidine (def) and dimethylacetamidine (dma), are essentially stable to depurination during the same exposure to TCA.

Both new depurination resistant dA monomers (def and dma protected), were rapidly deprotected in ammonium hydroxide and are fully compatible with regular deprotection strategies. Def-protected-dA was rapidly deprotected with AMA at 65° in 20 minutes, which makes it fully compatible with regular AMA deprotection. In contrast, the dma-protected-dA required 80 minutes with AMA at 65° for complete deprotection.

Dmf-dG is also a depurination resistant CE Phosphoramidite with the isobutyryl group of the original monomer replaced with dimethylformamidine (dmf).

Although depurination does occur in regular oligonucleotide synthesis, the degradation is at an extremely low level. However in certain other circumstances, depurination may become more significant, such as synthesis of long oligos, chip-based synthesis, and large-scale synthesis

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
def-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1504-02	0.25g	15.00
	10-1504-05	0.5g	30.00
	10-1504-10	1.0g	60.00
dma-dA-CE Phosphoramidite  *Please inquire.**	10-1505		
dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1029-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1029-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1029-10	1.0g	50.00
	10-1029-20	2.0g	100.00
	10-1029-40	4.0g	200.00



# OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

20

def-dA

DMTO

## **ULTRAMILD CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

An alternative protecting scheme for the normal CE phosphoramidites should allow UltraMILD deprotection and should not react with a wider variety of tags and labels. A set of monomers using phenoxyacetyl (Pac) protected dA and 4-isopropyl-phenoxyacetyl (iPr-Pac) protected dG, along with acetyl protected dC, met the desired criteria for UltraMILD deprotection.

We recommend the use of phenoxyacetic anhydride ( $Pac_2O$ ) in Cap A. This modification removes the possibility of exchange of the iPr-Pac protecting group on the dG with acetate from the acetic anhydride capping mix. Cleavage and deprotection can be carried out in 2 hours at room temperature with ammonium hydroxide or 4 hours with 0.05M potassium carbonate in methanol.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Pac-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1601-02	0.25g	15.00
	10-1601-05	0.5g	30.00
	10-1601-10	1.0g	60.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1015-05	0.5q	25.00
	10-1015-10	1.0g	50.00
iPr-Pac-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1621-02	0.25g	15.00
III-lac-uo-ce i nospiloramidice	10-1621-05	0.23g	30.00
	10-1621-05	,	60.00
	10-1621-10	1.0g	60.00

## **ULTRAMILD SUPPORTS**

Item	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
	Pac-dA	Ac-dC	iPr-Pac-dG		
UltraMild CPG (Bulk)	20-2601-01	Listed	20-2621-01	0.1g	18.00
	20-2601-02	on	20-2621-02	0.25g	40.00
	20-2601-10	Page 8	20-2621-10	1.0g	150.00
ABI Columns	20-2701-45	20-2115-45	20-2721-45	4X40nm	40.00
	20-2701-42	20-2115-42	20-2721-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
	20-2701-41	20-2115-41	20-2721-41	4X1μm	60.00
	20-2701-13	20-2115-13	20-2721-13	10μm	100.00
Expedite Columns	20-2801-45	20-2215-45	20-2821-45	4X40nm	40.00
	20-2801-42	20-2215-42	20-2821-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
	20-2801-41	20-2215-41	20-2821-41	4X1μm	60.00
	20-2801-14	20-2215-14	20-2821-14	15μm	150.00

# **ULTRAMILD SOLVENTS/REAGENTS**

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A THF/Pyridine/Pac <sub>2</sub> O (Applied Biosystems)	40-4210-52	200mL	140.00
	40-4210-57	450mL	300.00
THF/Pac <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4212-52	200mL	140.00
(Expedite)	40-4212-57	450mL	300.00
Deprotection Solution 0.05M Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	60-4600-30	30mL	30.00

# SEE ALSO

Universal Support III

p24

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers		
For Instrument	type	Add

Expedite E MerMade M

# For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

# REFERENCES

- (1) A.P. Guzaev, and M. Manoharan, J Am Chem Soc, 2003, 125, 2380-2381
- (2) R.K. Kumar, A.P. Guzaev, C. Rentel, and V.T. Ravikumar, *Tetrahedron*, 2006, **62**, 4528.

### **ELIMINATION CONDITIONS**

Reagent	Conditions
Ammonium hydroxide	80°C/2h 55°C/8h
Ammonium hydroxide/ 40% Methylamine (AMA)	80°C/0.5h 65°C/1h 55°C/8h
Methylamine Gas	65°C/0.5h/30p
Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	RT/17h

t-Butylamine/Water (1:3 v/v) 60°C/4h

# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This product is covered by US Patent 7,202,264 owned by Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc..

Glen UnySupport

### **GLEN UNYSUPPORT**

Our original Universal Support (20–5000) has been discontinued since complete dephosphorylation using ammonium hydroxide, AMA or anhydrous methylamine gas takes longer than most companies wish to allocate. A recent development has been the use of a support based on a molecule which is "conformationally preorganized" to accelerate the dephosphorylation reaction.¹² By using a rigid bicyclic molecule on the support, the rate of elimination is markedly faster than the original Universal Support. The structure of Glen UnySupport™ is shown below. The N-phenyl version, developed at Isis Pharmaceuticals as UnyLinker™, is available from several companies for large scale oligo synthesis. Glen UnySupport is the N-methyl version, which is preferred for high throughput oligonucleotide synthesis since methylamine rather than aniline is formed on deprotection. We are happy to offer Glen UnySupport in a variety of popular formats under license from Isis Pharmaceuticals.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Bulk Supports			
Glen UnySupport	20-5040-01	0.1g	11.00
(500Å CPG)	20-5040-02	0.25g	25.00
(300) ( 21 0)	20-5040-10	1.0g	95.00
Glen UnySupport	20-5041-01	0.1q	11.00
(1000Å CPG)	20-5041-02	0.25g	25.00
	20-5041-10	1.0g	95.00
High Load Glen UnySupport	25-5040-01	0.1g	15.00
	25-5040-02	0.25g	30.00
	25-5040-10	1.0g	115.00
Glen UnySupport PS	26-5040-01	0.1g	16.00
	26-5040-02	0.25g	35.00
	26-5040-10	1.0g	125.00
Columns			
The 1000Å columns and frits below are routinely stock	ced.		
ABI Format (not LV)			
1 μmole columns	20-5141-41	Pack of 4	60.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5141-42	Pack of 4	40.00
40 nmole columns	20-5141-45	Pack of 4	40.00
10 μmole column (TWIST Format)	20-5141-13	Pack of 1	100.00
40 nmole frits	20-5441-95	Pack of 96	150.00
Female-Female Luer Adapter for 40 nmole frits	20-0060-00	Pack of 10	20.00
AB 3900 Format			
Glen UnySupport PS			
200 nmole columns	26-5140-52	Pack of 10	100.00
40 nmole columns	26-5140-55	Pack of 10	100.00
	20 01.10 00	Tuck of To	.00.00
Expedite Format			
1 μmole columns	20-5241-41	Pack of 4	60.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5241-42	Pack of 4	40.00
40 nmole columns	20-5241-45	Pack of 4	40.00
15 μmole column (TWIST Format)	20-5241-14	Pack of 1	150.00
96 Well Format (MerMade, etc.)			
1 μmole columns	20-5141-91	Pack of 96	375.00
200 nmole columns	20-5141-92	Pack of 96	250.00
40 nmole columns	20-5141-95	Pack of 96	250.00

#### **GLEN UNYSUPPORT FC**

The extended time required to cleave the succinate linkage of the original Glen UnySupport can be problematical, especially in high-throughput production of oligos, due to the outgassing of ammonia and/or methylamine. This reduction in concentration of gas can necessitate the evaporation of the cleavage solution and addition of fresh Ammonium Hydroxide:MethylAmine 1:1 (AMA) or ammonium hydroxide (NH<sub>4</sub>OH) to ensure complete deprotection and dephosphorylation of the product oligos. Using a diglycolate linkage in Glen UnySupport FC instead of the succinate in Glen UnySupport, a significant increase in the rate of cleavage has been achieved. The minimum cleavage times for both versions are as follows:

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & \text{AMA} & \text{NH}_4\text{OH} \\ \text{Glen UnySupport} & \text{10 min.} & \text{40 min.} \\ \text{Glen UnySupport FC} & \text{2 min.} & \text{5 min.} \\ \end{array}$ 

With the cleavage time of Glen UnySupport FC reduced to less than 5 minutes, there is minimal loss of volatile gas and, therefore, no need to evaporate the cleavage solution and replenish with fresh AMA or ammonium hydroxide solutions.

We offer Glen UnySupport FC attached to 1000Å CPG in a variety of formats suited to high throughput synthesis, as well as in bulk for more routine use.

<u>Item</u>	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Bulk Support			
Glen UnySupport FC	22-5041-01	0.1q	11.00
(1000Å CPG)	22-5041-02	0.25q	25.00
(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	22-5041-10	1.0g	95.00
ABI Format (not LV)			
1 μmole columns	22-5141-41	Pack of 4	60.00
0.2 μmole columns	22-5141-42	Pack of 4	40.00
40 nmole columns	22-5141-45	Pack of 4	40.00
10 μmole column (TWIST Format)	22-5141-13	Pack of 1	100.00
AB 3900 Format			
Glen UnySupport CPG			
200 nmole columns	22-5141-52	Pack of 10	100.00
40 nmole columns	22-5141-55	Pack of 10	100.00
Expedite Format			
1 μmole columns	22-5241-41	Pack of 4	60.00
0.2 μmole columns	22-5241-42	Pack of 4	40.00
40 nmole columns	22-5241-45	Pack of 4	40.00
15 μmole column (TWIST Format)	22-5241-14	Pack of 1	150.00
96 Well Format (MerMade, etc.)			
1 μmole columns	22-5141-91	Pack of 96	375.00
200 nmole columns	22-5141-92	Pack of 96	250.00
40 nmole columns	22-5141-95	Pack of 96	250.00

### **ELIMINATION CONDITIONS**

Reagent	Conditions
Ammonium hydroxide	80°C/2h 55°C/8h
Ammonium hydroxide/ 40% Methylamine (AMA)	80°C/0.5h 65°C/1h 55°C/8h
Methylamine Gas	65°C/0.5h/30p
Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	RT/17h
t-Butylamine/Water (1:3 v/	v) 60°C/4h

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This product is covered by US Patent 7,202,264 owned by Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc..

Glen UnySupport FC

# REFERENCES

- (1) A.V. Azhayev, *Tetrahedron*, 1999, **55**, 787-800
- (2) A.V. Azhayev and M. Antopolsky, Tetrahedron, 2001, **57**, 4977-4986.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This product is covered by US Patent No.: 6,770,754 and European Patent No.: 1404695.

#### CLEAVAGE AND DEPROTECTION

#### 1. Cleavage

For standard and UltraFast deprotection protocols, cleave the oligo from the support using 2M ammonia in methanol at room temperature for 30 minutes. (Only for oligonucleotides greater than 50 nucleotides in length, rinse the support with a further volume of water. Combine the two washes and evaporate to dryness.)

#### 2. Deprotection

### Standard

Add 1 volume of 30% ammonium hydroxide, seal and deprotect using the conditions appropriate for removal of the protecting groups on the nucleobases.

#### UltraFast

Add 1 volume of AMA (ammonium h y d r o x i d e / 40 % a q u e o u s methylamine 1:1) seal and deprotect at 65°C for 10 minutes.

UltraMild Using Ammonium Hydroxide Add 1 volume of ammonium hydroxide, seal and leave at room temperature for 8 hours.

#### **UltraMild Cleavage and**

### Deprotection

Using Potassium Carbonate in Methanol

Cleave the oligo from the support using 50 mM potassium carbonate in methanol at room temperature for 30 minutes. Seal and leave overnight at room temperature.

Universal Support (1)

### **UNIVERSAL SUPPORT III**

The key step in the use of any universal support in oligonucleotide synthesis is the dephosphorylation of the 3'-phosphate group to form the desired 3'-hydroxyl group. Azhayev¹² has excelled in the investigation of neighboring group assistance in the dephosphorylation reaction. Amide groups may be considered to be weak N-H acids and can display basic properties in ammonium hydroxide or aqueous methylamine. In the original work¹², (±)-3-amino-1,2-propanediol was used to form a novel universal support (1). A succinate linker attaches the 3-amino group to the support and the 2-OH is protected with a base-labile group to set up an amide assisted elimination in mildly basic conditions. In this way, the dephosphorylation reaction would eliminate the desired 3'-OH oligonucleotide into solution and the product of any β-elimination competing side reaction would remain bound to the support. A further improvement has been achieved by using a carbamate group to connect the universal linker to the support, as in our product Universal Support III (2). Using Universal Support III, an oligo yield of >80% can be achieved on polymeric supports, with purity equivalent to the same oligo prepared normally.

Conditions for Cleavage and Deprotection are outlined in the table opposite. Universal Support III has been shown to generate oligonucleotides with the same efficacy in polymerase extension reactions as regular oligos. Despite the mild elimination reaction, oligonucleotides up to 75mer in length can be prepared routinely without loss of oligo during the synthesis cycles. This support is also used for the production of siRNA oligos.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Bulk Support Universal Support III CPG (Discontinued. Replacement is the PS version be	20-5010 low.)		
Universal Support III PS	26-5010-01 26-5010-02 26-5010-10	0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	16.00 35.00 125.00
ABI Format (not LV) Universal Support III PS 1 µmole columns 0.2 µmole columns	26-5110-41 26-5110-42	Pack of 4 Pack of 4	60.00 40.00
40 nmole columns	26-5110-45	Pack of 4	40.00
10 μmole column (TWIST Format)	26-5110-13	Pack of 1	100.00
Expedite Format  1 µmole columns  0.2 µmole columns  40 nmole columns	26-5210-41 26-5210-42 26-5210-45	Pack of 4 Pack of 4 Pack of 4	60.00 40.00 40.00
15 μmole column (TWIST Format)	26-5210-14	Pack of 1	150.00
96 Well Format (MerMade, etc.) Universal Support III PS			
1 µmole columns 200 nmole columns 40 nmole columns	26-5110-91 26-5110-92 26-5110-95	Pack of 96 Pack of 96 Pack of 96	375.00 250.00 250.00
AB 3900 Format Universal Support III PS 200 nmole columns 40 nmole columns	26-5110-52 26-5110-55	Pack of 10 Pack of 10	100.00 100.00

Universal Support III (2)

# **UNIVERSAL HybridCPG™ SOLID SUPPORTS**

HybridCPG™ consists of CPG particles conformally coated with a very thin crosslinked polymer film based on polystyrene. The molecular structure of the polymer coating is designed to have a very high density of evenly distributed attachment points for optimum oligo synthesis. In this way, the pore size to loading density trade-off is minimized and the chemical resistance to glass-aggressive reagents is greatly improved. Although the nano-scale coating is subject to swelling, the rigid pore structure of the CPG substrate accommodates this and, at the same time, maintains a uniform pore space for the oligo synthesis. Thus, HybridCPG exhibits no bulk swelling in the synthesis solvents and allows much higher ligand loadings for a given pore size compared to conventional CPG. Glen Research is partnering with Prime Synthesis, developers of HybridCPG, to introduce our two popular Universal Supports, Glen UnySupport™ and Universal Support III, on HybridCPG.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Bulk Support			
US III HybridCPG	28-5010-01	0.1g	16.00
	28-5010-02	0.25g	35.00
	28-5010-10	1.0g	125.00
Glen UnySupport HybridCPG	28-5040-01	0.1g	16.00
	28-5040-02	0.25g	35.00
	28-5040-10	1.0g	125.00

### **Q-SUPPORTS**

Oligonucleotides are routinely prepared on supports to which the first nucleoside is attached via a succinate linkage. Over the years, the succinate linkage has demonstrated stability during the synthesis process but has sufficient lability to be cleaved quickly in the deprotection step. However, if the cleavage step is carried out with ammonium hydroxide manually or on the synthesizer, it consumes one hour of precious time while releasing only about 80% of the oligonucleotide. This step is, therefore, a bottleneck in the productivity of many synthesis groups.

Is it possible to find a replacement to the succinate group which offers good stability to the synthesis reagents while offering a much faster cleavage step? The oxalate group has been shown to be very labile during cleavage but its stability to the normal synthesis reagents is not good, requiring changes for successful use. In a practical but elegant study¹ of various bifunctional carboxylic acids, Richard Pon's group identified hydroquinone-0,0¹-diacetic acid as the most satisfactory alternative to the succinate group. Nucleosides with this linker arm (Q-linker) are attached to supports with the same ease as the succinyl linker arm.

The cleavage time in ammonium hydroxide at room temperature was found to be 2 minutes, but what about the stability during synthesis? How significant was premature cleavage of oligonucleotide on the synthesizer because of the basic reagents in the capping mixes and oxidizer? Pon showed that the Q-linker is stable to the capping reagents but very slightly labile to the oxidizer (8% cleavage in overnight exposure which would correspond to about 2,000 normal synthesis cycles).

We tested the significance of premature cleavage by preparing sixteen 20mer oligonucleotides on a 0.2 µmole scale, eight with succinate and eight with Q-linkers. The succinate supported oligos were cleaved for 1 hour at room temperature, while those on the Q-support were cleaved for 2 minutes. Both sets were then deprotected normally with ammonium hydroxide. The Q-supports actually gave 5% better yields of product than the succinate supports. Oligo purities were equivalent in both sets.

The Q-linker is absolutely compatible with all hydrolytic cleavage procedures, but especially mild procedures like potassium carbonate in methanol. Pon also showed that it is preferable for RNA supports, improving the cleavage time for 2'-silyl protected nucleoside supports from 2 hours (60–65% cleavage) to 5 minutes (95% cleavage).

We are offering Q-linkers of the four regular nucleosides on 500Å CPG in 0.2 and 1µmole scales.

#### **TRADEMARKS**

HybridCPG<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Prime Synthesis, Inc. Glen UnySupport<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation.

# REFERENCE

 R.T. Pon and S.Y. Yu, Tetrahedron Lett, 1997, 38, 3327-3330.

# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

O-Supports are supplied under license from University Technologies International LP (UTI LP).

#### Q/SUCCINATE COMPARISON

Q-Support	Succinate
(2 minutes cleavage)	(60 minutes cleavage)
132 ODU*	125 ODU*

'Average crude yield from eight 1µmole columns deprotected normally.

# OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
MerMade	Μ

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	Μ

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

# Q-SUPPORTS (CONT.)

Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
dA	dC	Ac-dC	dmf-dG	dT		
500Å Bulk Su	pport					
21-2000-01	21-2010-01	21-2013-01	21-2029-01	21-2030-01	0.1g	11.00
21-2000-02	21-2010-02	21-2013-02	21-2029-02	21-2030-02	0.25g	25.00
21-2000-10	21-2010-10	21-2013-10	21-2029-10	21-2030-10	1.0g	95.00
ABI Format (n	not LV)					
21-2100-41	21-2110-41	21-2113-41	21-2129-41	21-2130-41	4X1μm	60.00
21-2100-42	21-2110-42	21-2113-42	21-2129-42	21-2130-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
Expedite Forn	nat					
21-2200-41	21-2210-41	21-2213-41	21-2229-41	21-2230-41	4X1μm	60.00
21-2200-42	21-2210-42	21-2213-42	21-2229-42	21-2230-42	4X0.2µm	40.00

### **HIGH LOAD CPG**

Our high loading support is based on controlled pore silica and it retains the usual 500Å pores. The spacer is also conventional. The only significant difference is the loading which is in the range 80 - 130µmoles/g or about 2.5 times the loading of normal 500Å CPG. Typical loadings for our high load CPG are in the 100 - 120µmoles/g range. As a consequence of the high loading, this support should not be used for sequences longer than 40mers. This high loading support is available in columns for most synthesizers. The 2.5µmole column is identical to our standard 1µmole column (with the exception of the loading). It should be used on occasions when greater than 1µmole is desired but when a 10 or 15µmole synthesis is too high. It should be run using the 1µmole cycle. The 25µmole column is identical to the 10µmole column used on Applied Biosystems synthesizers. It is run using the 10μmole cycle. The 35μmole column is used as an alternative to the 15μmole Expedite column. Again no changes to the standard cycle are recommended. The support is of course available in bulk for use on large-scale synthesizers. A word of caution is in order. When using a column with a higher load than recommended by the instrument manufacturer, there is a much smaller margin for error. All reagents must be fresh and anhydrous diluent and activator must be used. Should you decide to prepare higher-loading columns, ensure that the molar excess of monomer to support nucleoside is at least 5X and preferably 10X.

Item	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.		Pack	Price(\$)
	dA	dC	dG	dT			
Columns							
(ABI)	25-2100-46	25-2110-46	25-2120-46	25-2130-46	4X2	.5µm	75.00
	25-2100-17	25-2110-17	25-2120-17	25-2130-17	1X2	!5μm	125.00
(Expedite)	25-2200-46	25-2210-46	25-2220-46	25-2230-46	4X2	.5μm	75.00
	25-2200-18	25-2210-18	25-2220-18	25-2230-18	1X3	5μт	185.00
Bulk							
	25-2000-02	25-2010-02	25-2020-02	25-2030-02	(	).25g	25.00
	25-2000-10	25-2010-10	25-2020-10	25-2030-10		1.0g	90.00

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

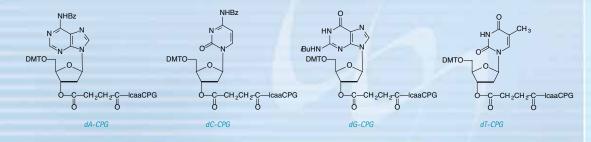
All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septumcapped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

MOHOHEIS	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M
(Please inquire for availability and columns for other in	,

types.)

SEE ALSO

Glen UnySupport p22



# ABBREVIATIONS

Ac<sub>2</sub>O = Acetic Anhydride DCA = Dichloroacetic Acid DCM = Dichloromethane DMAP = Dimethylaminopyridine I<sub>2</sub> = Iodine MeIm = 1-Methylimidazole TCA = Trichloroacetic Acid THF = Tetrahydrofuran

5-Ethylthio-1H-tetrazole

5-Benzylthio-1H-tetrazole

Saccharin 1-Methylimidazole

# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

SMI is sold under license from Avecia Biotechnology Inc.

# **ALTERNATIVE SOLVENTS/REAGENTS**

**G**len Research offers alternative solvents and reagents in suitable bottles and formulations for use on various DNA synthesizers. All solvents and reagents are prepared to our exacting specifications to ensure the highest coupling efficiencies and are passed through a 0.2 micron filter during packaging to eliminate particulate contamination. Glen Research offers the activators below in powder form for later dissolution in anhydrous acetonitrile or as a prepared solution.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Activator			
5-Ethylthio-1H-tetrazole (ETT)	30-3040-10	1g	35.00
(Dissolve 1g in 31mL anhydrous	30-3040-20	2g	60.00
acetonitrile for a 0.25M solution)	30-3040-25	25q	500.00
0.25M 5-Ethylthio-1H-tetrazole in Acetonitrile	30-3140-45	45mL	40.00
(Applied Biosystems)	30-3140-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3140-57	450mL	200.00
	30-3140-62	2L	760.00
(Expedite)	30-3142-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3140-57	450mL	200.00
4,5-Dicyanoimidazole (DCI), crystalline	30-3050-10	1q	35.00
(Dissolve 1g in 34mL anhydrous	30-3050-25	25q	500.00
acetonitrile for a 0.25M solution)	00 0000 20	209	555.55
,			
0.25M DCI in Acetonitrile	30-3150-45	45mL	40.00
(Applied Biosystems)	30-3150-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3150-57	450mL	200.00
	30-3150-62	2L	760.00
(Expedite)	30-3152-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3150-57	450mL	200.00
E. Donne Jahrie, All. Antonnalia (DTT)	20 2070 10		25.00
5-Benzylthio-1H-tetrazole (BTT)	30-3070-10	1g	35.00
(Dissolve 1g in 21.3mL anhydrous acetonitrile for a 0.25M solution)	30-3070-20	2g	60.00 500.00
acetonitrile for a 0.25M Solution)	30-3070-25	25g	500.00
0.25M 5-Benzylthio-1H-tetrazole in Acetonitrile	30-3170-45	45mL	40.00
(Applied Biosystems)	30-3170-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3170-57	450mL	200.00
	30-3170-62	2L	760.00
(Expedite)	30-3172-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3170-57	450mL	200.00
C     (C14)			
Saccharin 1-Methylimidazole (SMI)	30-3080-10	1g	35.00
(Dissolve 1g in 31mL anhydrous	30-3080-20	2g	60.00
acetonitrile for a 0.2M solution)	30-3080-25	25g	500.00
0.2M Saccharin 1-Methylimidazole (SMI) in Acetonitrile	30-3180-45	45mL	40.00
(Applied Biosystems)	30-3180-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3180-57	450mL	200.00
	30-3180-62	2L	760.00
(Expedite)	30-3182-52	200mL	100.00
	30-3180-57	450mL	200.00

# **ALTERNATIVE SOLVENTS/REAGENTS (CONT.)**

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A			
THF/Lutidine/Ac <sub>2</sub> O	40-4010-52	200mL	30.00
	40-4010-57	450mL	72.00
	40-4010-62	2L	325.00
THF/Ac <sub>2</sub> 0 (9:1)	40-4012-62	2L	275.00
Cap Mix B			
6.5% DMAP in THF (Cap B solutions containing DMAP are preferred by some researchers	40-4020-52	200mL	42.00
for preparing long oligos.)			
10% Melm in THF	40-4120-52	200mL	30.00
	40-4120-57	450mL	72.00
	40-4120-62	2L	325.00
10% Melm in THF/Pyridine (8:1)	40-4122-62	2L	325.00
Oxidizing Solution			
0.02M I <sub>2</sub> in THF/Pyridine/H <sub>2</sub> O	40-4132-62	2L	325.00
0.5M CSO in Anhydrous Acetonitrile (ABI)	40-4632-52	200mL	250.00
0.5M CSO in Anhydrous Acetonitrile (Expedite)	40-4632-52E	200mL	250.00
(CSO is an alternative anhydrous Oxidizer. A minim	um oxidation time of 3 minut	tes is required on small s	cales.)
Deblocking Mix 3% DCA/DCM	40-4040-57	450mL	36.00
(DCA solutions are more mildly acidic than	40-4040-62	2L	144.00
the TCA equivalents, possibly causing less			
depurination of dA sites.)			
2.5% DCA/DCM	40-4042-57	450mL	36.00
	40-4042-62	2L	144.00
DCA (Add to 4L of DCM to make a 3% solution.)	40-4044-54	120mL	60.00

### Alternative Capping Reagent

The phosphoramidite of diethylene glycol monoethyl ether, UniCap, is the basis for an alternative capping reagent. To use UniCap as a capping amidite on the Expedite 8909 or AB synthesizers, dilute it to the standard amidite concentration and place the vial in position 5 on the instrument. Cycles can be modified by adding coupling steps for amidite reservoir 5 after the last column coupling step. The standard capping steps can be left out of the cycle. UniCap Phosphoramidite was originally developed for oligo synthesis on the surface of chips and is the capping reagent of choice for this application.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
UniCap Phosphoramidite	10-4410-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-4410-05	0.5g	100.00
	10-4410-10	1.0g	200.00
	10-4410-20	2.0g	400.00

0.1M CSO in PACE Chemistry p33

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This capping reagent is supplied under license.

UniCap Phosphoramidite

# 5'-CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Glen Research 5'-CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites are designed for the production of 5'-5' or 3'-3' linkages, useful in antisense studies, or to synthesize oligonucleotide segments in the opposite sense from normal synthesis, for structural studies. These monomers are packaged in ABI-style vials (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	10-0001-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-0001-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-0001-10	1.0g	300.00
dC-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	10-0101-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-0101-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-0101-10	1.0g	300.00
dmf-dG-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	10-9201-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-9201-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-9201-10	1.0g	300.00
dT-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	10-0301-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-0301-05	0.5q	150.00
	10-0301-10	1.0g	300.00

# OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add

Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

Dmf-dG-5'-CE Phosphoramidite

dT-5'-CE Phosphoramidite

# 5'-SUPPORTS

The following supports are used to produce oligonucleotides with nuclease resistant 3'-3' linkages at the 3' terminus (by attaching regular 3'-CE phosphoramidites) or to produce oligonucleotide sections in the opposite sense (by attaching 5'-CE phosphoramidites). ABI-style columns are supplied unless otherwise requested (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-5'-CPG	20-0002-01	0.1g	50.00
	20-0002-10	1.0g	375.00
1 μmole columns	20-0012-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-0012-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-0012-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-0012-14	Pack of 1	300.00
dC-5'-CPG	20-0102-01	0.1g	50.00
uc-5-cru	20-0102-01	0.1g	375.00
1 μmole columns	20-0102-10	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-0112-41	Pack of 4	75.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-0112-42	Pack of 1	225.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-0112-13	Pack of 1	300.00
13 µmore corumni (Expedite)	20-0112-14	Tack UT T	300.00
dG-5'-CPG	20-0202-01	0.1q	50.00
	20-0202-10	1.0g	375.00
1 μmole columns	20-0212-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-0212-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-0212-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-0212-14	Pack of 1	300.00
dT-5'-CPG	20-0302-01	0.1g	50.00
	20-0302-10	1.0g	375.00
1 μmole columns	20-0312-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-0312-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-0312-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-0312-14	Pack of 1	300.00

# REFERENCE

 M.P. Reddy, F. Farooqui, and N.B. Hanna, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1996, 37, 8691-8694.

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite MerMade	E M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

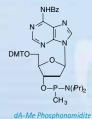
Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

# **METHYL PHOSPHONAMIDITES**

Methyl Phosphonamidites may be used in DNA synthesizers following conventional CE Phosphoramidite protocols to produce oligonucleotides containing one or more methyl phosphonate linkages. However, deprotection and purification techniques differ and a description of the procedures is included in the Technical Bulletin. We also offer the dC monomer with acetyl base protection.¹ This protecting group is removed with ammonium hydroxide during the cleavage step, eliminating modification at the dC sites during the deprotection step using ethylenediamine in ethanol.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
dA-Me Phosphonamidite	10-1100-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-1100-05	0.5g	100.00
Ac-dC-Me Phosphonamidite	10-1115-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-1115-05	0.5g	100.00
dG-Me Phosphonamidite	10-1120-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-1120-05	0.5g	100.00
dT-Me Phosphonamidite	10-1130-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-1130-05	0.5g	100.00



$$O-P-N(Pr)_2$$
  $O-P-N(Pr)_2$   $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 

DMTO-

Ac-dC-Me Phosphonamidite

#### **PACE PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

Phosphonoacetate (PACE) modified oligonucleotides show great potential as biological modifiers in a wide variety of research applications. PACE monomers are part of a family of Phosphonocarboxylate monomers. The monomers can be easily incorporated into complex oligonucleotides and are compatible with a wide variety of other sugar or heterobase modifications. PACE DNA can be conjugated through the carboxylic acid functional group. They have been shown to be active in siRNA duplexes and accelerate the initial rate of cleavage by RNase H-1 when incorporated with phosphorothioates. However, the most interesting observation to date is that they exhibit an unprecedented enhancement in penetration of cultured cells.

The phosphonoacetates are fully soluble in acetonitrile at a recommended concentration of 0.1M and are compatible with standard DNA synthesizers. A recommended coupling time of 33.3 minutes with 1H-Tetrazole is necessary when using the standard protocol. A modified LV cycle for AB instruments that reduces coupling time to 15 minutes with 1H-Tetrazole is available on our website. Oxidation must precede capping in the synthesis cycle. Reagents for oxidation depend on the type of synthesis. For fully modified oligos, we recommend the non-aqueous oxidizer camphorsulfonyloxaziridine (CSO) as a 0.1M solution. For mixed phosphodiester and phosphonoacetate modified oligos, a 0.5M CSO solution is recommended. Low water oxidizer, 40-4032, is an alternative oxidizing reagent although it has been reported that this can result in conversion of a small percentage of the phosphonoacetate to the phosphodiester. We also recommend the use of the Cap Mix B with DMAP (40-4020) instead of the standard Cap Mix B containing 1-Methylimidazole.

The standard protocol for cleavage and deprotection requires a two step method with pretreatment using 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0] undec-7-ene (DBU) and subsequent cleavage using methylamine. The DBU is used to deprotect the dimethylcyanoethyl (DMCE) protecting groups and to prevent alkylation of the bases during deprotection. Cleavage with 40% methylamine in water is recommended and we have also had good results when using AMA deprotection.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
dA-PACE Phosphoramidite	10-1140-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-1140-05	0.5q	200.00
	10-1140-10	1.0g	400.00
Ac-dC-PACE Phosphoramidite	10-1150-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-1150-05	0.5g	200.00
	10-1150-10	1.0g	400.00
dG-PACE Phosphoramidite	10-1160-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-1160-05	0.5g	200.00
	10-1160-10	1.0g	400.00
dT-PACE Phosphoramidite	10-1170-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-1170-05	0.5g	200.00
	10-1170-10	1.0g	400.00
0.1M CSO in Anhydrous Acetonitrile (ABI)	40-4631-52	200mL	85.00
0.1M CSO in Anhydrous Acetonitrile (Expedite)	40-4631-52E	200mL	85.00
DMTO  OP-N(iPr)2  OCN  NHAC  NHAC  NHAC  ON  ON  ON  ON  OCN  OCN	IBUHN N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	DTMO O P N(iP	CH <sub>3</sub>
dA-PACE Phosphoramidite Ac-dC-PACE Phosphoramidite	O '  dG-PACE Phosphoramidite	O dT-PACE Phospho	ramidite

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

For Instrument type	Add
xpedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
xpedite	E
pplied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

These products are covered by patents, US 6,693,187 and 7,067,641, and patents pending owned by Metasense Technologies. Purchase of all or any of these products includes a limited license to use the products solely for the manufacture of oligonucleotides for research use only. This license specifically excludes the use of the product or oligonucleotides containing the product for: (a) therapeutic or diagnostic applications (including kits, pools, libraries and other products or services that incorporate oligonucleotides containing the product), (b) any in vivo toxicity/safety study in support of an investigational new drug application (or foreign counterpart), or (c) resale (including sale of kits. pools, libraries and other products or services that incorporate the product or oligonucleotides containing the product). If such activities have commercial application, a separate license is required from Metasense Technologies. Neither the product nor any product created through its use may be used in human clinical

A simple agreement must be signed before end-users and custom oligo services may purchase these products for use as defined above. http://www.glenresearch.com/ Reference/PACE.pdf

SEE ALSO

0.5M CSO

p29

## **METHYL PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

**ULTR**/

For many years, Glen Research has supplied methyl phosphoramidites in addition to ß-cyanoethyl (CE) phosphoramidites for the few situations where the more labile cyanoethyl group is not an advantage. Some of our customers, probably remembering that the methyl group was removed specifically with thiophenol, have tried to use these monomers to prepare the interesting, uncharged, and nuclease-resistant methyl phosphotriester linkage. Unfortunately, this linkage is labile to ammonium hydroxide and the regular phosphodiester linkage is formed (along with a small amount of chain scission). We offer UltraMild methyl phosphoramidites for this application. Oligos produced from these monomers can be deprotected with potassium carbonate in methanol to produce methyl phosphotriester linkages. Since these linkages are diastereomeric and uncharged, the oligos may be hard to handle. Consequently, it is likely that chimeras will be produced using these monomers along with the regular UltraMild CE phosphoramidites. If many dG residues are included in the oligonucleotide, we recommend the use of phenoxyacetic anhydride (Pac<sub>2</sub>O) in Cap A. This modification removes the possibility of exchange of the isopropyl-phenoxyacetate (iPr-Pac) protecting group on the dG with acetate from the acetic anhydride capping mix.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Pac-dA-Me Phosphoramidite	10-1301-02	0.25g	25.00
	10-1301-05	0.5g	50.00
	10-1301-10	1.0g	100.00
Ac-dC-Me Phosphoramidite	10-1315-02	0.25g	25.00
	10-1315-05	0.5g	50.00
	10-1315-10	1.0g	100.00
iPr-Pac-dG-Me Phosphoramidite	10-1321-02	0.25g	25.00
	10-1321-05	0.5g	50.00
	10-1321-10	1.0g	100.00
dT-Me Phosphoramidite	10-1330-02	0.25g	25.00
	10-1330-05	0.5g	50.00
	10-1330-10	1.0g	100.00
AMILD SOLVENTS/REAGENTS			
Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A THF/Pyridine/Pac <sub>2</sub> O (Applied Biosystems)	40-4210-52	200mL	140.00
	40-4210-57	450mL	300.00
THF/Pac <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4212-52	200mL	140.00
(Expedite)	40-4212-57	450mL	300.00
Deprotection Solution 0.05M Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	60-4600-30	30mL	30.00
DMTO O DMTO	Pr-PhOAcHN DMTO	DMTC	
$ \begin{array}{ccc} \dot{O}-P-N(Pr)_2 & \dot{O}-P-N \\ \dot{O}-CH_3 & \dot{O}-CH_3 \end{array} $		Ó—P—N(IPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CH <sub>3</sub>	Ö−P−N( <i>I</i> Pr) <sub>2</sub> Ö−CH <sub>3</sub>

Ac-dC-Me Phosphoramidite

iPr-Pac-dG-Me Phosphoramidite

dT-Me Phosphoramidite

Pac-dA-Me Phosphoramidite

## **H-PHOSPHONATE MONOMERS**

Gen Research H-Phosphonates are analyzed by HPLC and are synthesis-tested. H-Phosphonates are especially useful for the preparation of modified internucleotide linkages which are unattainable by phosphoramidite chemistry. The most popular application is the preparation of radiolabelled phosphorothioates, since the sulfurization reaction is carried out off the synthesizer. These monomers are packaged in ABI-style vials (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
dA-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	10-1200-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-1200-05	0.5g	80.00
dC-H-Phosphonate, DBU Salt	10-1210-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-1210-05	0.5g	80.00
dG-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	10-1220-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-1220-05	0.5g	80.00
dT-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	10-1230-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-1230-05	0.5g	80.00

### **H-PHOSPHONATE REAGENTS**

Our H-Phosphonate solvents and reagents have been discontinued. H-Phosphonate reagents are easily prepared using high purity products and the formulations shown below.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
------	-------------	------	------------

1-Adamantanecarbonyl chloride is available from Aldrich, Catalog No. 117722. Dilute to 0.1M. (Activator for monomers and capping reagent)

Acetonitrile/Pyridine (50:50), anhydrous (Monomer Diluent)

Acetonitrile/Pyridine (95:5), anhydrous (Activator Diluent)

1% Isopropyl Phosphite in Acetonitrile/Pyridine (50:50) (Capping Reagent)

Acetonitrile/Pyridine (50:50)
(Neutralizer and Wash Solvent)

4% I<sub>2</sub> in Pyridine/H<sub>2</sub>O/THF (10:10:80) THF/H<sub>2</sub>O/TEA (80:10:10)

(Both reagents are required for oxidation of H-phosphonate linkages)

#### dT-H-Phosphonate

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
MerMade	M
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	М

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

I<sub>2</sub> = Iodine TEA = Triethylamine THF = Tetrahydrofuran

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

# REFERENCES

- J. Nielsen, W.K.D. Brill, and M.H. Caruthers, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1988. 29, 2911-2914.
- (2) L. Cummins, D. Graff, G. Beaton, W.S. Marshall, and M.H. Caruthers, *Biochemistry*, 1996, 35, 8734-41.
- (3) X. Yang, and D.G. Gorenstein, *Curr Drug Targets*, 2004, **5**, 705-15.
- (4) W.S. Marshall, and M.H. Caruthers, Science, 1993, 259, 1564-70.
- (5) J.L. Tonkinson, et al., Antisense Research and Development, 1994, 4, 269-278.
- (6) X. Yang, et al., *Bioorg Med Chem Lett*, 1999, **9**, 3357-62.
- (7) X. Yang, et al., *Ann N Y Acad Sci*, 2006, **1082**, 116-9.
- (8) X. Yang, et al., *Nucleic Acids Res*, 2002, **30**, e132.

# SEE ALSO

# 2'-OMe-RNA

Thiophosphoramidites p135

#### **THIOPHOSPHORAMIDITES**

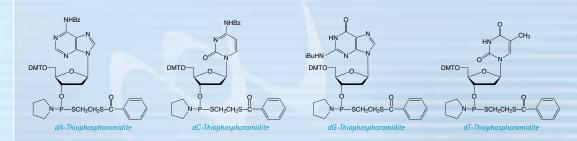
Replacing two non-bridging oxygen atoms with sulfur atoms in a DNA phosphodiester linkage creates a phosphorodithioate (PS2) linkage.¹ Like natural DNA, the phosphorodithioate linkage is achiral at phosphorus. This analog is completely resistant to nuclease degradation and forms complexes with DNA and RNA with somewhat reduced stabilities.² Moreover, it has been found that PS2-ODNs bind proteins with a higher affinity than their phosphodiester analogues²-6 suggesting that PS2-ODNs may have additional utility in the form of sulfur-modified phosphate ester aptamers (thioaptamers)³.6-8 for therapeutic and diagnostic applications. Thiophosphoramidites are now commercially available after recent work at AM Biotechnologies (www.thioaptamer.com).

- 1) Thiophosphoramidites (ThioPAs) are not soluble in anhydrous acetonitrile diluent. Rather, 10% DCM (v/v) in acetonitrile is an ideal diluent for all four of the thioPAs for a final amidite concentration of 0.15 M.
- 2) ThioPAs are somewhat less stable than normal DNA phosphoramidites in anhydrous acetonitrile containing 10% DCM; however, the coupling efficiency of all four thioPAs is not reduced after two days in solution at room temperature.
- 3) After synthesis, the thioPA bottle on the synthesizer should be replaced with one containing acetonitrile diluent and the synthesizer line flushed with acetonitrile.

A typical cycle for the solid-phase synthesis of a PS2 linkage is different from a standard cycle for the synthesis of normal phosphate linkages. After coupling, the resulting thiophosphite triester is then sulfurized with DDTT. Capping is carried out AFTER sulfurization.

Upon completion of the automated synthesis, deprotection is carried out using a concentrated ammonia:ethanol (3:1, v:v) mix containing 20 mM DTT at 55 °C for 15-16 h.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
dA-Thiophosphoramidite	10-1700-90 10-1700-02	100 μmole 0.25g	150.00 360.00
10.71			
dC-Thiophosphoramidite	10-1710-90 10-1710-02	100 μmole 0.25g	150.00 360.00
dG-Thiophosphoramidite	10-1720-90	100 μmole	150.00
	10-1720- <mark>0</mark> 2	0.25g	360.00
dT-Thiophosphoramidite	10-1730-90 10-1730-02	100 μmole	150.00 360.00
	10-1/30-02	0.25g	360.00



#### **SULFURIZING REAGENTS**

**G**len Research's Sulfurizing Reagents are used to prepare phosphorothioate linkages using CE phosphoramidite chemistry. Each reagent exhibits the following attributes:

- 1) Reliably soluble, making them safe to use on automated synthesizers.
- 2) Reaction is fast (30 seconds), making the process convenient on small scales and readily amenable to scale-up.
- 3) Process is efficient, with better than 96% of the linkages being phosphorothioate and the remainder being phosphodiester. When ordering Sulfurizing Reagent (Beaucage Reagent), please also order the silanized bottle appropriate for your instrument. There will be no charge for one bottle when supplied with a reagent order. The silanized bottle can be reused after rinsing with acetonitrile and drying. Additional silanized bottles are priced as shown below. Dissolve the reagent in acetonitrile at a concentration of 1g/100mL.

Sulfurizing Reagent II (3-((Dimethylamino-methylidene)amino)-3H-1,2,4-dithiazole-3-thione, DDTT) exhibits all the properties of Beaucage Reagent while adding stability in solution on the synthesizer AND offering strong ability to sulfurize RNA linkages. Sulfurizing Reagent II is available in powder form and as a stable solution.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Sulfurizing Reagent (Beaucage Reagent)	40-4036-10 40-4036-20	1g 2g	50.00 100.00
Silanized Bottle (one bottle at no charge when ordered	I with Sulfurizing Reagent)		
ABI (240mL capacity)	40-4036-A1	each	10.00
ABI (450mL capacity)	40-4036-A2	each	10.00
Expedite 8905 (150mL capacity)	40-4036-C3	each	10.00
Expedite 8909 and MerMade (240mL capacity)	40-4036-C4	each	10.00
Sulfurizing Reagent II (DDTT)	40-4037-10	1g	50.00
(Dissolve at a concentration of 1g/100mL to form an approximate 0.05M solution)	40-4037-20	2g	100.00
to form an approximate 0.03 w solution)			
0.05M Sulfurizing Reagent II in pyridine/acetonitrile	40-4137-51	100mL	100.00
	40-4137-52	200mL	200.00
	40-4137-57	450mL	450.00

Sulfurizing Reagent

Sulfurizing Reagent II

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General Structure of Trimer Phosphoramidites, where  $B=A^{bz}$ ,  $C^{bz}$ ,  $G^{ibu}$ , T

#### TRIMER PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Trimer phosphoramidites<sup>1-4</sup> have proven to be extremely valuable because they allow codon-based mutagenesis, which circumvents the common problems of codon-bias, frame-shift mutations, and the introduction of nonsense or stop codons.<sup>5</sup> This is accomplished by introducing a mixture of all 20 amino acid codons (or subset thereof) at any location within the sequenced to be mutated. This leads to the production of clonal libraries of exceptional diversity with order-of-magnitude increases in amino acid sequence variance while either maintaining a uniform amino acid distribution<sup>6</sup> or one that is biased toward a desired set of amino acids.<sup>7</sup>

However, difficulties arise when trying to introduce mutations in multiple distal regions of a gene simultaneously. The synthesis of long oligonucleotides is required, which inevitably leads to lower sequence fidelity due to deletion mutants, depurination events and, to a lesser extent, mutations arising from deamination of cytidine, for example.

An elegant solution to this problem is the use of Antisense Trimer Phosphoramidites. These trimers are the reverse complement of the cannonical 'sense' codons. When these antisense codons are put into the noncoding strand of a template DNA and amplified by PCR, they will code for the sense codon in the opposite strand of DNA. This allows the powerful technique of PCR Assembly8 to generate not only kilobase-sized genes from short 50mer oligonucleotides, but to simultaneously mutate multiple distal regions of that gene, as shown in Figure 1.

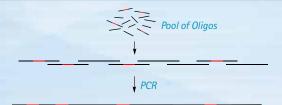
The sense and their corresponding antisense codons are listed in Table 1. Conveniently, many of our existing sense trimers can act as antisense codons. For example, AAC, which codes for asparagine, has the anticodon GTT, which is the sense codon for valine. However, some of the existing trimers, while they can act as an antisense codon, are not good choices for use. For example, TGG, which codes for tryptophan, could be used as an antisense codon for proline because CCA is one of proline's synonymous codons. However, CCA has a relatively low Codon Adaptation Index (CAI) value<sup>9</sup> in E. coli, which could limit protein expression in that commonly used organism. For this reason, the anticodon CGG was chosen for optimal expression in E. coli, as were the other new antisense codons shown in bold in Table 1.

Included in Table 1 are the reaction factors (RFs) for each of the sense and antisense trimers. The reaction factor is critical since the trimers will likely be mixed and they exhibit different rates of reaction when coupling during oligonucleotide synthesis. An example where the RF is used to compensate for differing rates of coupling follows. The RF for AAC is 1.0 and for TAC is 1.6. Therefore, 1.6 equivalents of TAC are needed for every 1.0 equivalent of AAC for equal coupling rates. So to obtain 25 umoles of trimer mix that yields, on average, a 1:1 ratio of AAC/TAC at the mutation site, 9.6 umoles of AAC would be added to 15.4 umoles of TAC.

All of the trimers are available individually so the researchers can prepare custom trimer mixes. Two pre-made catalog trimer mixes are available: 13-1991-xx, for incorporating all 20 amino acid codons equally into a sequence and 13-1992-xx, for incorporating 19 amino acid codons (-Cys). For a custom trimer mix of a particular subset of codons or a trimer mix that represents a set of trimers that is biased toward a particular codon or codons, please contact support@glenresearch.com for a quotation and projected delivery date.

There is a concern that the sequence of the trimers has to be verified. For example, CAT coding for histidine, has to be differentiated from TAC, coding for tyrosine. These two trimers have virtually identical lipophilicity and their identity cannot be clearly confirmed by HPLC. This problem has been solved using HPLC electrospray mass spectrometric analysis of the trimers, which provides data confirming molecular weight and sequence.

#### FIGURE 1: SIMULTANEOUS MUTATION OF MULTIPLE DISTAL REGIONS OF GENE



#### TABLE 1: RF OF TRIMER PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Sense codons (5'->3')	Reaction Factor (RF)	Antisense codons (5'->3')	Reaction Factor (RF
AAA (Lys)	1.10	TTT	1.70
AAC (Asn)	1.00	GTT	1.90
ACT (Thr)	1.60	GGT	1.10
ATC (IIe)	1.50	GAT	1.40
ATG (Met)	1.30	CAT	1.30
CAG (GIn)	2.00	CTG	1.20
CAT (His)	1.30	ATG	1.30
CCG (Pro)	1.80	CGG	0.80
CGT (Arg)	1.40	GCG	0.60
CTG (Leu)	1.20	CAG	2.00
GAA (Glu)	1.40	TTC	1.30
GAC (Asp)	1.60	ATC	1.50
GCT (Ala)	1.50	TGC	1.50
GGT (Gly)	1.10	ACC	0.90
GTT (Val)	1.90	AAC	1.00
TAC (Tyr)	1.60	GTA	1.50
TCT (Ser)	1.30	AGA	1.40
TGC (Cys)	1.50	GCA	1.00
TGG (Trp)	1.10	CCA	1.10
TTC (Phe)	1.30	GAA	1.40

# **OLIGONUCLEOTIDE-DIRECTED MUTAGENESIS**

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Sense Trimers AAA Trimer Phosphoramidite (Lys)	13-1000-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1000-90	100 μm	770.00
AAC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Asn)	13-1001-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1001-90	100 μm	770.00
ACT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Thr)	13-1013-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1013-90	100 μm	770.00
ATC Trimer Phosphoramidite (IIe)	13-1031-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1031-90	100 μm	770.00
ATG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Met)	13-1032-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1032-90	100 μm	770.00
CAG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Gln)	13-1102-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1102-90	100 μm	770.00
CAT Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1103-95	50 μm	385.00
( <i>His</i> )	13-1103-90	100 μm	770.00
CCG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Pro)	13-1112-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1112-90	100 μm	770.00
CGT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Arg)	13-1123-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1123-90	100 μm	770.00
CTG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Leu)	13-1132-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1132-90	100 μm	770.00
GAA Trimer Phosphoramidite (Glu)	13-1200-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1200-90	100 μm	770.00
GAC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Asp)	13-1201-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1201-90	100 μm	770.00
GCT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Ala)	13-1213-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1213-90	100 μm	770.00
GGT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Gly)	13-1223-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1223-90	100 μm	770.00
GTT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Val)	13-1233-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1233-90	100 μm	770.00
TAC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Tyr)	13-1301-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1301-90	100 μm	770.00
TCT Trimer Phosphoramidite (Ser)	13-1313-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1313-90	100 μm	770.00
TGC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Cys)	13-1321-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1321-90	100 μm	770.00
TGG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Trp)	13-1322-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1322-90	100 μm	770.00
TTC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Phe)	13-1331-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1331-90	100 μm	770.00
Trimer Phosphoramidite Mix 1	13-1991-95	50 μm	570.00
(Mix of above 20 trimers)	13-1991-90	100 μm	1140.00
Trimer Phosphoramidite Mix 2	13-1992-95	50 μm	570.00
(Mix of above 20 trimers less TGC-Cys)	13-1992-90	100 μm	1140.00

# MINOR BASES

# **OLIGONUCLEOTIDE-DIRECTED MUTAGENESIS**

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Antisense Trimers  AAC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Anti Val)	13-1001-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1001-90	100 μm	770.00
ACC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Anti Gly)	13-1011-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1011-90	100 μm	770.00
AGA Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1020-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Ser)	13-1020-90	100 μm	770.00
ATC Trimer Phosphoramidite (Anti Asp)	13-1031-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1031-90	100 μm	770.00
ATG Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1032-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti His)	13-1032-90	100 μm	770.00
CAG Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1102-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Leu)	13-1102-90	100 μm	770.00
CAT Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1103-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Met)	13-1103-90	100 μm	770.00
CCA Trimer Phosphoramidite (Anti Trp)	13-1110-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1110-90	100 μm	770.00
CGG Trimer Phosphoramidite (Anti Pro)	13-1122-95	50 μm	385.00
	13-1122-90	100 μm	770.00
GAA Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1200-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Phe)	13-1200-90	100 μm	770.00
GAT Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1203-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Ile)	13-1203-90	100 μm	770.00
GCA Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1210-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Cys)	13-1210-90	100 μm	770.00
GCG Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1212-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Arg)	13-1212-90	100 μm	770.00
GGT Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1223-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Thr)	13-1223-90	100 μm	770.00
GTA Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1230-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Tyr)	13-1230-90	100 μm	770.00
TGC Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1321-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Ala)	13-1321-90	100 μm	770.00
TTC Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1331-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Glu)	13-1331-90	100 μm	770.00
TTT Trimer Phosphoramidite	13-1333-95	50 μm	385.00
(Anti Lys)	13-1333-90	100 μm	770.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
VerMade	М
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	М
(Please inquire for availah	ility of vials

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

#### AP-dC Phosphoramidites

This product is covered by patents or patents pending owned by Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Isis"). Purchase of this product includes a limited license to use this product solely for internal research. This license specifically excludes (and you have no right to use this product for): (a) therapeutic or diagnostic applications (including products or services that incorporate this product), (b) any in vivo toxicity/ safety study in support of an investigational new drug application (or foreign counterpart), (c) resale (including sale of any products or services that incorporate this product) or (d) gene functionalization activities (including products or services that incorporate data derived from gene functionalization activities) if such activities have commercial application, any and all of which require a separate license from Isis. Neither this product nor any product created through its use may be used in human clinical trials.

A simple agreement must be signed before end-users and custom oligo services may purchase these products for use as defined above. http://www.glenresearch.com/Reference/AP-dCEmail.pdf

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

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#### Monomers

Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns	

For Instrument type

# For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### C-5 PROPYNE DERIVATIVES AND G-CLAMP

Substitution of C-5 propynyl-dC (pdC) for dC and C-5 propynyl-dU (pdU) for dT are effective strategies to enhance base pairing. Using these base substitutions, duplex stability and melting temperatures are raised by the following amounts: C-5 propynyl-C 2.8° per substitution; C-5 propynyl-U 1.7° per substitution. AP-dC (G-clamp) substitutes for dC and is another very important modified nucleoside that enhances hybridization by 7-21° per substitution depending upon the sequence and location of the AP-dC. The ability of these modified bases to enhance binding while maintaining specificity has proven useful in antisense research and in the synthesis of high affinity probes. AP-dC is also a fluorescent nucleoside and should find uses in DNA structural research.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
pdC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1014-90	100 μmole	85.00
	10-1014-02	0.25g	245.00
	10-1014-05	0.5g	490.00
pdU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1054-90	100 μmole	65.00
	10-1054-02	0.25g	195.00
	10-1054-05	0.5g	390.00
AP-dC-CE Phosphoramidite (G-Clamp)	10-1097-95 10-1097-90 10-1097-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	230.00 460.00 1175.00

#### BASES AFFECTING DUPLEX STABILITY

**C**-5 methyl pyrimidine nucleosides are known to stabilize duplexes relative to the non-methylated bases. Therefore, enhanced binding can be achieved using 5-methyl-dC in place of dC, duplex melting temperature being increased by 1.3°. Ac-5-Me-dC-CE Phosphoramidite is fully compatible with AMA deprotection and none of the N4-Me transamination mutant is observed on deprotection.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5-Me-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1060-90	100 μmole	50.00
	10-1060-02	0.25g	120.00
5-Me-dC-CPG	20-2060-01	0.1g	50.00
1 μmole columns	20-2160-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2160-42	Pack of 4	120.00
Ac-5-Me-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1560-90	100 μmole	50.00
	10-1560-02	0.25g	120.00

#### **BASES AFFECTING DUPLEX STABILITY (CONT.)**

The simplest approach to the design of high affinity primers and probes is to substitute A sites with 2-amino-A, since the 2-amino-A-T base pair is equivalent in strength to the G-T base pair. 2-Amino-A also destabilizes A-G wobble mismatches, thus increasing specificity. In 1998, we introduced a 2-amino-dA monomer which exhibits fast and effective deprotection in ammonium hydroxide and it is stabilized to depurination during synthesis. We now recommend the use of 0.5 M CSO in anhydrous acetonitrile (40-4632-xx) for best results with multiple additions of 2-amino-dA. This is because the bis formamidine protected 2-amino-dA leads to significant strand scission when standard iodine oxidation is used during synthesis. For this reason, we have also added Pac-2-Amino-dA, a monomer with optimized protection to meet the following criteria: stable during oligonucleotide synthesis, oxidation, and detritylation; labile towards common deprotection conditions (NH<sub>3</sub>, AMA, MeNH<sub>3</sub>); and the nucleobase protecting groups are cleaved under fairly mild conditions.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2-Amino-dA-CE Phosphoramidite (2,6-diaminopurine)	10-1085-95 10-1085-90 10-1085-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	70.00 125.00 250.00
Pac-2-Amino-dA-CE Phosphoramidite (2,6-diaminopurine)	10-1585-95 10-1585-90 10-1585-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	70.00 125.00 250.00

Sequences with high GC content may contain mismatches and still hybridize because of the high stability of the G-C base pair. The N4-ethyl analogue of dC (N4-Et-dC) hybridizes specifically to natural dG but the stability of the base pair is reduced to about the level of an AT base pair.

Coupling N6-Me-dA (10-1003) and N4-Et-dC (10-1068) with 1H-tetrazole leads to a trace of branching at the secondary amine positions, while DCI leads to around 15% branching. In collaboration with Berry and Associates, the acetyl protected monomers were prepared. Acetyl protection was chosen since it would block branching reactions. Oligonucleotides synthesized using these monomers proved to be compatible with all popular deprotection strategies from UltraMild to UltraFast. When the acetyl protected monomers were compared with the unprotected monomers using DCI as activator, branching was reduced from 15% to zero.

	Item	4		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
	N4-Et-dC-CE Phosp	horamidite		10-1068-95 10-1068-90 10-1068-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	125.00 225.00 675.00
	N4-Ac-N4-Et-dC-Cl	E Phosphoramidite		10-1513-95 10-1513-90 10-1513-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	125.00 225.00 675.00
	N6-Me-dA-CE Phos	phoramidite		10-1003-90 10-1003-02	100 μmole 0.25g	162.50 495.00
	N6-Ac-N6-Me-dA-0	CE Phosphoramidite		10-1503-90 10-1503-02	100 μmole 0.25g	162.50 495.00
(Æu) <sub>2</sub> Nੑ	50	OACHN N DMTC	NHEt	DMTO O N (IPr)2 O C NEt	DMTO O O O O CNEt	DMTO O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
	2-Amino-dA	Pac-2-Amino-dA	N4-Et-dC	N4-Ac-N4-Et-dC	N6-Me-dA	N6-Ac-N6-Me-dA

#### SEE ALSO

0.5M CSO	p29
N6-Me-dA	p63

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### ZIP NUCLEIC ACIDS (ZNA®)

Spermine phosphoramidite is used to produce oligospermine-oligonucleotide conjugates - Zip Nucleic Acids (ZNA®) Oligos. The name reflects the presumed mode of action. The conjugates are believed to use the oligospermine to seek out and move along (scan) oligonucleotide strands until the probe complementary sequence is located. The oligospermine then performs the function of stabilizing the formed duplex by reducing electrostatic repulsion, thereby leading to significantly increased binding affinities. ZNA® Oligos have found use in the following applications: Multiplex PCR; PCR of AT-rich Regions; RT qPCR; Detection of MicroRNA; Improved SNP Discrimination; and Antisense and Antigene Effects. Spermine phosphoramidite is simple to use in oligonucleotide synthesis and can be added multiple times at the 3' or 5' terminus. Deprotection and isolation are also straightforward. HPLC analysis of the conjugates requires high pH to suppress the ionization of the spermine residues.

<i>Item</i>	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Spermine Phosphoramidite	10-1939-95	50 μmole	145.00
	10-1939-90	100 μmole	270.00
	10-1939-02	0.25q	525.00

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

"Spermine phosphoramidite" synthon is the subject matter of U.S. Divisional Patent Application No. 14/745,871, European Patent No. 1973927 and foreign equivalents for which Polyplus-transfection is the coowner. Product is sold for research purposes only. Product shall not be used to manufacture oligospermineoligonucleotide conjugates for use in diagnostics, clinical or commercial applications including use in humans. There is no implied license to manufacture oligospermineoligonucleotide conjugates for diagnostic, clinical, or commercial applications, including but not limited to contract research. Please contact Polyplus-transfection at licensing@ polyplus-transfection.com to obtain a license for such use.

ZNA® is a registered trademark of Polyplus-transfection SA.

#### **DUPLEX STABILIZATION**

#### CAPS FOR INCREASED DUPLEX STABILITY AND BASE-PAIRING FIDELITY AT TERMINI

**N**ew cap structures allow for the preparation of hybridization probes with increased affinity for complementary sequences. The monomers used to prepare capped oligonucleotides are phosphoramidites that can be readily introduced via automated DNA synthesis at the end of solid phase syntheses. The caps favor the formation of stable Watson-Crick duplexes by stacking on the terminal base pair (Figures 1 and 2).



FIGURE 1: STACKING OF CAP ON 5' TERMINAL BASE PAIR

FIGURE 2: STACKING OF Uag CAP ON 3' TERMINAL BASE PAIR

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Melting point increases of over 10 °C per modification can be realized for short duplexes.<sup>1,2</sup> The caps fit canonical Watson-Crick base pairs and do not stack well on mismatched base pairs. This leads to increased base pairing selectivity at the terminal and the penultimate position of oligonucleotides featuring the caps. Base pairing fidelity is usually low at the termini, where fraying occurs frequently in the absence of caps. The beneficial effects of the caps are also realized when longer target strands are bound, so there is no need for blunt ends for the duplexes formed.<sup>1,2</sup> The caps, when attached to the 5' terminus of an oligonucleotide, also facilitate purification as their lipophilicity leads to prolonged retention on reversed phase columns or cartridges. Finally, capping of termini may discourage the degradation of oligonucleotides by exonucleases.

3'-Uaq Cap CPG, a Uridine support modified with a 2'- anthraquinone residue, is the most effective oligonucleotide cap known to date.<sup>3,4</sup> For short hybrid duplexes between DNA probes and RNA target strands, the increase in Tm is up to 18 °C and the modification is effective in increasing the Tm of DNA:DNA, RNA:RNA, and DNA:RNA hybrid duplexes. 3'-Uaq Cap also increases probe specificity by depressing the melting point of terminal mismatches.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5'-Trimethoxystilbene Cap Phosphoramidite	10-1986-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1986-02	0.25g	495.00
5'-Pyrene Cap Phosphoramidite	10-1987-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1987-02	0.25g	495.00
3'-Uag Cap CPG	20-2980-01	0.1g	180.00
o out cup ci o	20-2980-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-2980-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2980-42	Pack of 4	150.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-2980-13	Pack of 1	750.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-2980-14	Pack of 1	1125.00

#### **DNA METHYLATION**

One of the fastest growing fields in biology and cancer research is epigenetics. While the underlying genetic code defines which proteins and gene products are synthesized, it is epigenetic control that defines when and where they are expressed. This dynamic control of gene expression is essential for X chromosome inactivation, embryogenesis, cellular differentiation and appears integral to memory formation and synaptic plasticity.

In 2009, two reports  $^{1,2}$  described the discovery of 5-hydroxymethyl-2'-deoxyCytidine (hmdC), a novel dC modification in Purkinje neurons and embryonic stem cells. Later, a third report found this modification to be strongly enriched in brain tissues associated with higher cognitive functions. This dC modification is generated by the action of  $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate dependent ten eleven translocation (TET) enzymes, which oxidizes 5-Me-dC to hmdC. This finding stimulated discussion about active demethylation pathways that could occur, e.g., via base excision repair (BER), with the help of specialized DNA glycosylases. Alternatively, one could envision a process in which the hydroxymethyl group of hmdC is further oxidized to 5-formyl-dC (fdC) or 5-carboxy-dC (cadC) followed by elimination of either formic acid or carbon dioxide $^{4.5}$ .

Glen Research has supported this research since its inception by providing the building blocks for the synthesis of oligonucleotides containing all the new dC derivatives – hmdC, fdC and cadC. The first generation hmdC phosphoramidite was fairly very well accepted but requires fairly harsh deprotection conditions. Therefore, a second generation building block (5-Hydroxymethyl-dC II) developed by Carell and co-workers that is compatible with UltraMild deprotection was introduced.<sup>6</sup> 5-Formyl-dC III has been designed to meet all of the requirements to prepare an oligo containing all of the methylated variants.<sup>7</sup>

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5-Hydroxymethyl-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1062-95	50 μmole	335.00
	10-1062-90	100 μmole	650.00
	10-1062-02	0.25g	1675.00
5-Carboxy-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1066-95	50 μmole	230.00
	10-1066-90	100 μmole	450.00
	10-1066-02	0.25g	1200.00
5-Formyl-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1514-95	50 μmole	610.00
	10-1514-90	100 µmole	1200.00
	10-1514-02	0.25g	3225.00
5 11 1 41 10 11 05 81 1 1 11	10 1510 05	50	0.45.00
5-Hydroxymethyl-dC II-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1510-95	50 μmole	345.00
	10-1510-90	100 μmole	670.00
	10-1510-02	0.25g	2100.00
5-Formyl-dC III-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1564-95	50 μmole	360.00
	10-1564-90	100 μmole	700.00
	10-1564-02	0.25g	1800.00

#### SEE ALSO

5-Me-dC p42 5-hmdU p58

#### REFERENCES

 S. Kriaucionis, and N. Heintz, Science, 2009, 324, 929-30.

D : (A)

- (2) M. Tahiliani, et al., *Science*, 2009, **324**, 930-935.
- (3) M. Münzel, et al., Angewandte Chemie-International Edition, 2010, 49, 5375-5377.
- D. Globisch, et al., PLoS One, 2010, 5, e15367.
- (5) S.C. Wu, and Y. Zhang, Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol, 2010, 11, 607-20.
- (6) M. Münzel, D. Globisch, C. Trindler, and T. Carell, *Org Lett*, 2010, **12**, 5671-3.
- (7) A.S. Schroder, et al., Angewandte Chemie-International Edition, 2014, 53, 315-318

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

# PCR/SEQUENCING UTILITIES

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900	E A

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### **DUPLEX EFFECTS**

The design of primers is frequently complicated by the degeneracy of the genetic code. Three strategies are now available to confront this problem. In the first, a mixed base addition (N) is used to form the degenerate site. This approach is best if the number of degenerate sites is small. A second option is the use of 2'-deoxylnosine or 2'-deoxyNebularine which exhibit low, but unequal, hydrogen bonding to the other four bases. The third option is the use of a universal nucleoside. In this strategy, the base analog does not hybridize significantly to the other four bases and makes up some of the duplex destabilization by acting as an intercalating agent. 3-Nitropyrrole 2'-deoxynucleoside (M) is the first example of a set of universal bases. Subsequently, 5-nitroindole was determined to be an effective universal base and to be superior to 3-nitropyrrole, based on duplex melting experiments.

The modified bases designated P and K show considerable promise as degenerate bases. The pyrimidine derivative P, when introduced into oligonucleotides, base pairs with either A or G, while the purine derivative K base pairs with either C or T. A dP+dK mix also can serve as a mixed base with much less degeneracy than dA+dC+dG+dT (N).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
dA+dG-CE Phosphoramidites	10-1002-02	0.25g	40.00
dC+dT-CE Phosphoramidites	10-1013-02	0.25g	40.00
dA+dC+dG+dT-CE Phosphoramidites	10-1023-02	0.25g	40.00

Other pack sizes, mixed base combinations and custom doping of individual monomers are available on request. Also, mixed base columns are available in 0.2 and 1.0 µmole sizes on request.

dI-CE Phosphoramidite		10-1040-90 10-1040-02	100 μmole 0.25g	50.00 120.00
dl-CPG 500		20-2040-01	0.1g	30.00
1 μmole columns		20-2190-41	Pack of 4	120.00
0.2 μmole columns		20-2190-42	Pack of 4	72.00
dl-CPG 1000		20-2041-01	0.1g	30.00
1 μmole columns		20-2191-41	Pack of 4	120.00
0.2 μmole columns		20-2191-42	Pack of 4	72.00
dU-CE Phosphoramidite		10-1050-90 10-1050-02	100 μmole 0.25g	35.00 100.00
dU-CPG 500		20-2050-01	0.1g	30.00
1 μmole columns		20-2150-41	Pack of 4	120.00
0.2 μmole columns		20-2150-42	Pack of 4	72.00
dU-CPG 1000		20-2051-01	0.1g	50.00
1 μmole columns		20-2151-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns		20-2151-42	Pack of 4	120.00
	HN N N N	рмтс	HN	
	0-P-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub>		0-P-N(IPr) <sub>2</sub>	

O-CNEt

2'-deoxyUridine

O-CNEt

2'-deoxylnosine

# **DUPLEX EFFECTS (CONT.)**

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-DeoxyNebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1041-90	100 μmole	105.00
(Purine)	10-1041-02	0.25g	255.00
5-Nitroindole-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1044-90	100 μmole	125.00
	10-1044-02	0.25g	325.00
dP-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1047-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1047-02	0.25g	595.00
dK-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1048-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1048-02	0.25g	595.00
dP+dK-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1049-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1049-02	0.25g	595.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	М

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Product containing Ds, s or Pa bases is covered by patents or patents pending owned by TagCyx Biotechnologies. Purchase of this product includes a limited license to use this product solely for research. This license specifically excludes: (a) therapeutic or diagnostic applications (including products or services that incorporate this product), (b) any in vivo toxicity/safety study in support of an investigational new drug application (or foreign counterpart), (c) resale, or (d) gene functionalization activities (including products or services that incorporate data derived from gene functionalization activities) if such activities have commercial application. All of the above require a separate license from TagCyx Biotechnologies. Neither this product nor any product created through its use may be used in human clinical trials.

#### **DUPLEX EFFECTS (CONT.)**

Item

Unnatural base pairs display unique abilities in duplex DNA and in nucleic acid and protein biosyntheses. A standard Watson and Crick base pair is formed between iso-C and iso-G, but the hydrogen bonding pattern is quite different from the natural base pairs A-T and C-G. (The 5-methyl analogue was chosen as the synthetic target due to the reported instability of 2'-deoxyisocytidine caused by deamination during oligonucleotide synthesis or deprotection.)

The unnatural base pair between 7-(2-thienyl)-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (Ds) and pyrrole-2-carbaldehyde (Pa) is formed by specific hydrophobic shape complementation. The shape of the Ds-Pa pair is different from those of the natural A-T and G-C pairs, but the Ds-Pa pair works together with the natural pairs in in vitro replication and transcription. Pa also functions as a template base for incorporating another unnatural base, 2-amino-6-(2-thienyl)purine (s), into RNA. The s base also acts as a unique fluorescent base analog in DNA and RNA fragments. dDss is strongly fluorescent and is useful as a fluorescent tag for DNA detection. dDss also forms a base pair with dPa. Biotin PaTP can be site-specifically incorporated into RNA, opposite dDs at a desired position in DNA templates, by T7 transcription. Similarly, the fluorescent s base can be site-specifically incorporated into RNA opposite dPa in DNA templates.

Catalog No.

Price(\$)

	item			Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
	dmf-5-Me-isodC-C	E Phosphoramidite		10-1065-90 10-1065-02	100 μmole 0.25g	100.00 255.00
	dmf-isodG-CE Phos	sphoramidite		10-1078-90 10-1078-02	100 μmole 0.25g	165.00 355.00
	dDs-CE Phosphorar	nidite		10-1521-90 10-1521-02	100 μmole 0.25g	145.00 420.00
	Pac-ds-CE Phospho	ramidite		10-1522-90 10-1522-02	100 μmole 0.25g	170.00 420.00
	dDss-CE Phosphora	midite		10-1524-95 10-1524-90 10-1524-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	130.00 250.00 675.00
	dPa-CE Phosphorar	nidite		10-1523-90 10-1523-02	100 μmole 0.25g	130.00 420.00
	sTP 10mM			81-3522-02	25 μL	350.00
	Biotin PaTP 10mM			81-3525-02	25 μL	450.00
(Me) <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> DMTO−	CH <sub>3</sub>	DPCO N N DMTO	DMTO	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	PhOACHN N N DMTO	S S N N
dı	O-P-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O-CNEt  mf-5-Me-isodC	O—P—N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt dmf-isodG		P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt dDs H—N	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt dDss
DMT	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt	HO—P—O—P—O	OH OH	Д <mark>у</mark> н	O. O. O.	<b>"</b>
	dPa		sTP		Biotin PaTP	

**MINOR BASES** 

#### **CLEANAMP™ MONOMERS**

CleanAmp™ Primers offer an alternative to other Hot Start technologies and allow greater control of primer hybridization and extension during PCR. It has been demonstrated that CleanAmp™ Primers outperform other technologies in multiple applications. Indeed, over a broad range of applications, CleanAmp™ Primers reduce or eliminate off-target amplification. Greater amplicon yield is also achieved, due to improvement in specificity and sensitivity. By using either the slow-releasing Precision primers with two CleanAmp™ phosphotriester linkages or the faster-releasing Turbo Primers with a single CleanAmp™ phosphotriester linkage, the rate of formation of unmodified primer can be controlled to suit reaction needs. A table to aid in the selection of Turbo and Precision Primers for specific applications is shown below.

SEE ALSO

UltraMild DNA Synthesis

p20

#### Turbo Primers

#### **Precision Primers**

Fast cycling
Multiplex PCR
Improves amplicon yield
Reduces mis-priming/ primer dimer formation

Standard cycling
One-step reverse-transcription PCR
Improved specificity and limit of detection
Greatest reduction in mis-priming/primer dimer formation

Synthesis of CleanAmp™ Primers requires the use of UltraMild Chemistry.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
CleanAmp™-Pac-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1440-90	100 μmole	100.00
	10-1440-02	0.25g	240.00
	10-1440-05	0.5g	480.00
CleanAmp™-Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1450-90	100 μmole	100.00
	10-1450-02	0.25g	240.00
	10-1450-05	0.5g	480.00
CleanAmp™-Pac-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1460-90	100 μmole	100.00
	10-1460-02	0.25g	240.00
	10-1460-05	0.5g	480.00
CleanAmp <sup>™</sup> -dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1470-90	100 μmole	100.00
	10-1470-02	0.25g	240.00
	10-1470-05	0.5g	480.00

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

CleanAmp™ is a trademark of TriLink BioTechnologies, Inc. CleanAmp™ products or portions thereof are covered by TriLink pending Patent Applications, US 2007281308 and WO2007139723, US Provisional Patent Application Serial # 61/056,324 and US Patent 6762298 licensed from the Department of Health and Human Services. CleanAmp™ products are sold exclusively for R & D use by the purchaser. They may not be resold, distributed or re-packaged. No license is granted or implied with the purchase of this product. Amplification methods used in connection with Polymerase Chain Reaction ("PCR") Process are covered by many patents. It may be necessary to obtain a separate license for certain patented applications in which the product is used. CleanAmp™ Licenses are available directly from TriLink BioTechnologies. www.trilinkbiotech.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{DMTO} \\ \text{O} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{(CH}_2)_9 \text{CH} \\ \end{array}$$

CleanAmp™-Ac-dC

CleanAmp™-Pac-dG

50

Phone: (703) 437-6191, (800) 327-4536, Fax: (703) 435-9774

# PCR/SEQUENCING UTILITIES

# SEE ALSO

5'-Phosphoramidites	p30
5'-Supports	p31
3'-Spacer C3 CPG	p81

#### REFERENCE

(1) P.Y. Chen, et al., RNA, 2008, **14**, 263-

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### **CHAIN TERMINATORS**

In situations where ligation must be blocked at the 5' terminus, 5'-OMe-dT may be used. 5'-OMe modification of a strand of siRNA using 5'-OMe-T can control guide strand selection and targeting specificity.\(^1\) 5'-Amino-dT terminates an oligonucleotide with a 5'-amino group which may be used for attaching a peptide or a PNA sequence. To avoid polymerase extension at the 3' terminus, 2',3'-dideoxynucleoside and 3'-deoxynucleoside CPGs have proved to be effective. 2',3'- Phosphoramidites are designed to be used with the 5'-phosphoramidites and supports. Since these phosphoramidites have no DMT group, they are not compatible with purification by the DMT-on technique. Ion exchange HPLC or PAGE should be used to purify these dideoxy terminated oligos to ensure that shorter sequences (containing 3'-OH) groups are removed. (3'-Termination can also be effected using a 3'-3' linkage formed using 5'-supports, or 3'-spacer C3 CPG.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5'-OMe-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1031-90 10-1031-02	100 μmole 0.25g	135.00 355.00
	10 1001 02	0.209	000.00
5'-Amino-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1932-90 10-1932-02	100 μmole 0.25g	150.00 400.00
3'-dA-CPG 1 µmole columns	20-2004-01 20-2104-41	0.1g Pack of 4	400.00 675.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2104-42	Pack of 4	225.00
3'-dC-CPG	20-2064-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2164-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2164-42	Pack of 4	200.00
3'-dG-CPG	20-2074-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2174-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2174-42	Pack of 4	200.00
3'-dT-CPG	20-2084-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2184-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2184-42	Pack of 4	200.00

# **CHAIN TERMINATORS (CONT.)**

Item		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2',3'-ddC-	-CPG	20-2017-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmol	le columns	20-2117-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μm	ole columns	20-2117-42	Pack of 4	200.00
2',3'-ddA-	-CE Phosphoramidite	10-7001-90	100 μmole	130.00
		10-7001-02	0.25g	545.00
2',3'-ddC-	-CE Phosphoramidite	10-7101-90	100 μmole	130.00
		10-7101-02	0.25g	545.00
2',3'-ddG-	-CE Phosphoramidite	10-7201-90	100 μmole	145.00
		10-7201-02	0.25g	675.00
2',3'-ddT-	CE Phosphoramidite	10-7301-90	100 μmole	130.00
		10-7301-02	0.25g	545.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### STABILITY NOTES

7-Deaza-dG is unstable to iodine oxidation. Add a maximum of 2 times when using iodine oxidation or use 0.5M (10-camphorsulfonyl)oxaziridine (CSO) in anhydrous acetonitrile and 3 min. oxidation time. (See Glen Report-Vol.9, No.1, 1996,page 8.)

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

The use of PPG is subject to proprietary rights of Epoch Biosciences. Inc. and it is sold under license from Epoch Biosciences, Inc.

(1) I.V. Kutyavin, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2002, 30, 4952-4959.

#### STRUCTURE/ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP

The following products are used to investigate the effect on the activity of an oligonucleotide when key structural elements are changed. The 7-deaza purine monomers lack groups critical for hydrogen bonding. 7-Deaza-8-aza-A and 7-deaza-8-aza-G (PPG) monomers are isomers of A and G and have similar electron density. Their presence in oligos is slightly stabilizing relative to A and G. Unlike G, PPG does not lead to aggregation and G-rich oligos can be easily prepared and isolated. 5'-Fluorescein oligos with PPG at the 5'-terminus are much less quenched than the equivalent G oligos. As a purine analogue of Thymidine, 7-deaza-2'-deoxyXanthosine (7-deaza-dX) promises to have interesting effects on DNA structure of triplexes. 7-Deaza-dX also forms a non-standard base pair with a 2,4-diaminopyrimidine nucleoside analogue. Standard nucleobases have an unshared pair of electrons that project into the minor groove of duplex DNA. Enzymes that interact with DNA, polymerases, reverse transcriptases, restriction enzymes, etc., may use a hydrogen bond donating group to contact the hydrogen bond acceptor in the minor groove. 3-Deaza-2'-deoxyadenosine is very interesting in that it maintains the ability for regular Watson-Crick hydrogen bonding to T but is lacking the electron pair at the 3-position normally provided by N3.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
7-Deaza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1001-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1001-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1001-02	0.25g	975.00
7-Deaza-8-aza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1083-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1083-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1083-02	0.25g	975.00
7-Deaza-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1021-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1021-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1021-02	0.25g	975.00
7-Deaza-8-aza-dG-CE Phosphoramidite (PPG)	10-1073-95 10-1073-90 10-1073-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	207.50 395.00 1150.00
7-deaza-dX-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1076-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1076-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1076-02	0.25g	975.00
3-Deaza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1088-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1088-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1088-02	0.25g	975.00

7-Deaza-2'-deoxyGuanosine

7-Deaza-8-Aza-2'-deoxyGuanosine

7-deaza-dX

3-Deaza-dA

#### STRUCTURE/ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP (CONT.)

The C-nucleoside 2'-deoxypseudouridine, in contrast to dU, forms stable C:pseudoU-A triplets. 2-Aminopurine lacks groups critical for hydrogen bonding and is a mildly fluorescent base.

Demand for sulfur modified bases continues to expand for investigations of oligonucleotide structure, but primarily for cross-linking purposes. 6-Thio-dG, 4-Thio-dT and 4-thio-dU are very useful modifications for photo cross-linking and photoaffinity labelling experiments. Oligos containing 2-thio-dT are useful in examining protein-DNA interaction by acting as photosensitizing probes. The thiocarbonyl group in 2-thio-dT is especially interesting in that it is available to react with compounds associating with the minor groove of DNA. 2-Amino-A forms a very stable base pair with T containing three hydrogen bonds but the stability of the base pair with 2-thio-T is greatly diminished. Due to steric interactions between the 2-thio group of thymidine and the 2-amino group of 2-amino-A, the base pair contains only a single hydrogen bond. Oligos containing 2-amino-dA and 2-thio-dT exhibit high affinity for natural oligonucleotides but show little affinity for other similar oligos even of a complementary sequence.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-deoxypseudoU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1055-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1055-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1055-02	0.25g	975.00
2-Aminopurine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1046-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-1046-02	0.25g	355.00
6-Thio-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1072-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1072-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1072-02	0.25g	975.00
4-Thio-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1034-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1034-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1034-02	0.25g	675.00
4-Thio-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1052-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1052-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1052-02	0.25g	675.00
2-Thio-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1036-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1036-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1036-02	0.25g	675.00

#### TEAHN DMTO-DMTO-DMTO-DMTO-DMTO P-N(IPr) -P-N(IPr)2 **Ó**—CNEt O-CNE O-CNEt O-CNEt O-CNEt 2'-dpseudoU 2-Aminopurin 6-Thio-dG 4-Thio-dU

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
MerMade	М
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### STABILITY NOTES

6-Thio-dG, 4-Thio-dT and 4-thio-dU are protected as the S-cyanoethyl ether which is stable during synthesis and readily removed by ammonium hydroxide. It is critical to add 50mM sodium hydrosulfide (NaSH) to the ammonium hydroxide used for deprotection. Especially if room temperature deprotection is carried out, this technique radically reduces the level of ammonolysis which would lead to undesired aminated bases. Moreover, it is also desirable to remove the cyanoethyl protecting group (1M DBU in acetonitrile, 2-5 h/RT) prior to the ammonium hydroxide cleavage and deprotection.

2-Thio-dT

#### STABILITY NOTE

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 8-amino-dG must be cleaved and deprotected with ammonium hydroxide containing 0.25M 2-mercaptoethanol to avoid oxidative degradation of 8-amino-dG sites.

# STRUCTURE/ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIP (CONT.)

8-Amino-dA and 8-amino-dG are useful in triplex formation due to the presence of the additional amino groups.

2'-DeoxyXanthosine (dX) is a naturally occurring nucleoside that may be derived from oxidative deamination of 2'-deoxyGuanosine (dG). dX has a similar bonding pattern to thymidine and it may base pair with dA, with such purine-purine interactions causing duplex distortion. dX also featured in attempts to extend the genetic alphabet with a new base pair of dX and pyrimidine-2,4-diamine nucleoside. dX has also interested researchers in the field of DNA damage and repair since it is a product of nitric oxide-induced mutagenesis.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-Amino-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1086-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1086-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1086-02	0.25g	975.00
8-Amino-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1079-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1079-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1079-02	0.25g	975.00
2'-dX-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1537-95	50 μmole	105.00
	10-1537-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-1537-02	0.25g	420.00

#### **HALOGENATED NUCLEOSIDES**

**B**rominated and iodinated nucleosides are used in crystallography studies of oligonucleotide structure. They are also photolabile and are used for cross-linking studies to probe the structure of protein-DNA complexes. Antibodies exist to Br-dU and oligonucleotides containing Br-dU can be used as probes.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-Br-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1007-90	100 μmole	115.00
	10-1007-02	0.25g	295.00
8-Br-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1027-90	100 μmole	105.00
	10-1027-02	0.25g	255.00
5-Br-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1080-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1080-02	0.25g	160.00
5-I-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1081-90	100 μmole	135.00
5-1-uC-CL Phosphoramidite	10-1081-90	0.25g	355.00
5-Br-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1090-90 10-1090-02	100 μmole 0.25g	60.00 160.00
	10-1090-02	0.23g	100.00
5-I-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1091-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1091-02	0.25g	160.00
5-F-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1092-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-1092-02	0.25g	355.00
5-Br-dU-CPG	20-2090-01	0.1g	50.00
1 μmole columns	20-2090-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2090-42	Pack of 4	120.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### STABILITY NOTE

Oligonucleotides containing a bromo or iodo group are prepared conventionally with the exception that deprotection is carried out in ammonium hydroxide at room temperature for 24 hours. Under these conditions, degradation of the halogen group was less than 2%.

#### STRUCTURAL STUDIES

#### **DEUTERATED NUCLEOSIDES**

Perdeuteration and selective deuteration have been useful approaches for simplification of NMR spectra and for other structural studies of large biomolecules. Driven by the progress in multinuclear multidimensional NMR spectroscopy, deuteration of nucleic acids has especially found wide applications in the NMR studies of these complex molecules in solution. 8-Deutero-2'-deoxyGuanosine phosphoramidite will be of interest to our customers involved in NMR spectroscopy.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-D-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1520-90	100 μmole	90.00
	10-1520-02	0.25g	240.00

#### STABILITY NOTES

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 8-D-dG must be cleaved and deprotected with 25% deuterated ammonium hydroxide for 40 hours at room temperature to minimize deuterium exchange.

8-Deutero-2'-deoxyGuanosine

#### DNA DAMAGE/REPAIR

NHBz

Cellular DNA is constantly being damaged by oxidation and alkylation, by free radicals, and by ultraviolet and ionizing radiation. The body has therefore evolved a number of repair enzyme systems to excise and repair these lesions. The 8-oxo purine monomers allow investigation of the structure and activity of oligonucleotides containing an 8-oxo mutation which is formed naturally when DNA is subjected to oxidative conditions or ionizing radiation. 5,6-Dihydro pyrimidines are naturally occurring compounds that are structural components of alanine transfer RNA. Dihydrouracil and the hydroxy pyrimidines are major base damage products formed by exposure of DNA to ionizing radiation.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-Oxo-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1008-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-1008-02	0.25g	355.00
8-Oxo-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1028-95	50 μmole	177.50
o one de ez mospheramate	10-1028-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1028-02	0.25g	975.00
5,6-Dihydro-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1530-90	100 μmole	195.00
5,6 Billyaro al CE mosphoramate	10-1530-02	0.25g	595.00
5,6-Dihydro-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1550-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1550-02	0.25g	595.00
5-OH-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1063-90	100 μmole	275.00
	10-1063-02	0.25g	775.00
5-OH-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1053-90	100 μmole	225.00
3-011-u0-ce i nospiloramure	10-1053-02	0.25g	675.00
5-Hydroxymethyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1093-90	100 μmole	225.00
	10-1093-02	0.25g	675.00

#### STABILITY NOTES

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 8-oxo-dG must be cleaved and deprotected with ammonium hydroxide containing 0.25M 2-mercaptoethanol to avoid oxidative degradation of 8-oxo-dG sites

Oligonucleotides synthesized using 5,6-dihydro-dT or 5,6-dihydro-dT and UltraMILD monomers can be cleaved using either concentrated ammonium hydroxide or 50 mM potassium carbonate in anhydrous methanol. Complete cleavage and deprotection can be accomplished at room temperature in 2-4 hours without damaging either the dihydro-dU or dihydro-dT bases.

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Tot mottament type	7100
Expedite	Е
MerMade	M
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### SEE ALSO

5-Hydroxymethyl-dC p46 dX p55

#### STABILITY NOTES

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 8-amino-dG must be cleaved and deprotected with ammonium hydroxide containing 0.25M 2-mercaptoethanol to avoid oxidative degradation of 8-amino-dG sites

Oligonucleotides synthesized using Thymidine Glycol and UltraMILD monomers can be cleaved using either concentrated ammonium hydroxide or 50 mM potassium carbonate in anhydrous methanol. Complete cleavage and deprotection can be accomplished at room temperature in 2-4 hours without damaging Thymidine Glycol base. The best method to remove the TBDMS groups was achieved using TEA.3HF at 40°C overnight.

#### REFERENCE

 K. Groebke, and C.J. Leumann, Helv Chim Acta, 1990, 73, 608-617.

#### SEE ALSO

dSpacer p81 Pyrrolidine p60

#### DNA DAMAGE/REPAIR (CONT.)

8-Amino-G is formed along with 8-oxo-G as the major mutagenic lesions formed in DNA damage caused by 2-nitropropane. 2-Nitropropane is an industrial solvent and a component of paints, dyes and varnishes, and is also present in cigarette smoke. Thymine glycol (5,6-dihydroxy-5,6-dihydrothymine) is formed when thymine is subjected to oxidative stress, including ionizing radiation. Oxidation of the 5,6 double bond of Thymidine generates two chiral centers at C5 and C6. The cis-5R,6S form is generated as the predominant product along with the other diastereomer, the cis-5S,6R form. The presence of thymidine glycol in DNA has significant biological consequences and many organisms possess specific repair enzymes for the excision of this lesion.

Hydrolysis of nucleoside residues in DNA occurs to generate abasic sites. Most commonly, dA sites are hydrolyzed causing depurination and leading to abasic residues. For researchers trying to determine if their source of depurination in chemical synthesis of DNA is reagent, fluidics or protocol-based, we offer a depurination-resistant dA monomer. A new chemical method allows the generation of abasic sites in double and single stranded oligonucleotides using very mild specific conditions and with very low probability of side reactions. The original Abasic Phosphoramidite (10–1924) has been discontinued since it exhibits low coupling efficiency and the post-synthesis chemistry is fairly challenging. Abasic II Phosphoramidite¹ is the replacement for the preparation of a true abasic site. This product has the advantage of simplicity in that the silyl group is removed post-synthesis using aqueous acetic acid. dSpacer has also been used successfully as a mimic of the highly base-labile abasic site.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-Amino-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1079-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1079-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1079-02	0.25g	975.00
Thymidine Glycol CE Phosphoramidite	10-1096-95	50 μmole	180.00
	10-1096-90	100 μmole	360.00
	10-1096-02	0.25g	975.00
Abasic II Phosphoramidite	10-1927-95	50 μmole	80.00
(dR Precursor)	10-1927-90	100 μmole	150.00
	10-1927-02	0.25g	475.00
dbf-dA-CE Phosphoramidite (Discontinued)	10-1500		

#### DNA DAMAGE/REPAIR (CONT.)

One of the major sources of DNA damage in all organisms is the UV component of sunlight. The predominant reaction induced by UV light on DNA is dimerization of adjacent pyrimidine bases leading to cyclobutane dimers (CPDs). The dimers formed in the most significant quantity are the cis-syn cyclobutane dimer of two thymine bases. Although formed routinely, these dimer products are efficiently excised and repaired enzymatically by nucleotide excision repair (NER) or the dimerization is reversed by photolase enzymes. A further mode of oxidative damage is radiation-induced damage of DNA, which has been shown to lead to bridged cyclonucleosides. The purines, cyclo-dA and cyclo-dG, are predominantly formed, although the cyclo pyrimidines have also been detected. Cyclo-dA is doubly intriguing since it contains both damaged base and damaged sugar residues and, as such, should have a considerable biological impact. In a manner analogous to thymine dimer, cyclo purines cause significant distortion of the regular DNA helix and these lesions are repaired not by base excision repair (BER) but by NER.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Cis-syn Thymine Dimer Phosphoramidite	11-1330-95	50 μmole	2100.00
	11-1330-90	100 μmole	4200.00
	11-1330-02	0.25g	10200.00
5',8-Cyclo-dA CE Phosphoramidite	10-1098-95	50 μmole	950.00
	10-1098-90	100 μmole	1850.00
	10-1098-02	0.25g	5350.00
5',8-Cyclo-dG CE Phosphoramidite	10-1598-95	50 μmole	1250.00
	10-1598-90	100 μmole	2450.00
		·	

Base excision repair (BER) is one of the most studied repair mechanisms. In this pathway, DNA glycosylases recognize the damaged bases and catalyze their excision through hydrolysis of the N-glycosidic bond. Attempts to understand the structural basis for DNA damage recognition by DNA glycosylases have been hampered by the short-lived association of these enzymes with their DNA substrates. To overcome this problem, the Verdine group at Harvard synthesized a pyrrolidine analog that mimics the charged transition state of the enzyme-substrate complex. When incorporated into double-stranded DNA, they found the pyrrolidine analog (PYR), introduced as the Pyrrolidine-CE Phosphoramidite, forms an extremely stable complex with the DNA glycosylase AlkA, exhibiting a dissociation constant in the pM range and potently inhibited the reaction catalyzed by the enzyme.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Pyrrolidine-CE Phosphoramidite (PYR)	10-1915-95 10-1915-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	190.00 380.00
	10-1915-02	0.25g	1085.00

#### INSTRUMENT TYPES

For these very expensive phosphoramidites, an ABI septum vial is the standard vial. Add E to the catalog no. for an Expedite vial or V to the catalog no. for an Expedite V vial

#### BIOCOMPATIBLE TRIAZOLE LINKAGE

#### SEE ALSO

5'-I-dT in Click Chemistry p86 Click Chemistry p85

#### REFERENCES - CLICK LIGATION

- (1) A.H. El-Sagheer, A.P. Sanzone, R. Gao, A. Tavassoli, and T. Brown, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2011, 108, 11338-43.
- (2) A.H. el-Sagheer, and T. Brown, *Chem Commun (Camb)*, 2011, **47**, 12057-8.
- (3) A.P. Sanzone, A.H. El-Sagheer, T. Brown, and A. Tavassoli, *Nucleic Acids Res*, 2012.
- (4) A. Dallmann, et al., *Chemistry*, 2011, **17**, 14714-7.
- (5) A.H. El-Sagheer, and T. Brown, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*, 2010, **107**, 15329-34.

#### REFERENCES - MicroRNA LABELLING

- (1) H. Vogel, and C. Richert, ChemBioChem, 2012, **13**, 1474-82.
- (2) R. Eisenhuth, and C. Richert, *Journal of Organic Chemistry*, 2008, **74**, 26-37.
- (3) E. Kervio, A. Hochgesand, U.E. Steiner, and C. Richert, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2010, 107, 12074-9.

#### **CLICK DNA AND RNA LIGATION**

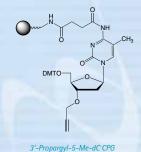
Ligation of an oligo containing a 5'-azide with an oligo containing a 3'-propargyl group using Click Chemistry leads to a triazole linkage that has been shown to have *in vivo* biocompatibility. This technique has been used to synthesize DNA constructs up to 300 bases in length. When the resultant triazole linkage was placed in a PCR template, various polymerases were able to copy the sequence correctly. The linkage has also been shown to be compatible with transcription and rolling circle amplification, as well as gene expression in *E. coli*. In the RNA world, a hammerhead ribozyme containing the triazole linkage at the substrate cleavage site has been shown to retain its activity. A large variety of applications is envisaged for this biocompatible chemical ligation. Support for this technology is offered with the help of Tom Brown's group at the University of Southampton.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-Propargyl-5-Me-dC CPG	20-2982-01	0.1g	180.00
	20-2982-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-2982-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2982-42	Pack of 4	150.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2982-13	Pack of 1	750.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2982-14	Pack of 1	1125.00

#### 5'-LABELLING OF MicroRNAs

Several methods have been developed for the detection of miRNAs, however, few allow the simultaneous detection of multiple miRNAs. To overcome this analytical deficiency, the Richert group at the University of Stuttgart has recently developed an ingenious method to selectively detect miRNAs on microarrays without interference from endogenous pre-mRNAs, mRNAs and other RNA species. In this method, a short oligonucleotide containing 3'-amino-dT and a 5' reporter molecule is chemically ligated to the microRNA in a one-step procedure by *in situ* activation of the microRNA. This is specifically achieved by taking advantage of the fact that miRNAs, unlike other RNAs, are 5'-phosphorylated. The reaction is template-directed (and thus sequence specific) and can be performed together with enzymatic 3'-extension/labelling, either in solution or on a support. The short DNA labelling strand may feature one of a variety of different labels, such as a biotin group or a fluorophore.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-Amino-dT CPG	20-2981-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2981-10	1.0g	995.00
1 μmole columns	20-2981-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2981-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2981-13	Pack of 1	500.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2981-14	Pack of 1	750.00



3'-Amino-dT CPG

#### 2'-5' LINKED OLIGONUCLEOTIDES

Cellular DNA and RNA are made up of ribo- and 2'-deoxyribonucleic acids linked together via 3'-5' phosphodiester linkages and by far comprise the bulk of polynucleic acids found in cells. Much less common are oligonucleotides which have 2'-5' linkages. However, a unique feature of 2'-5' linked oligonucleotides is their ability to bind selectively to complementary RNA. These features suggest a number of interesting uses for 2'-5' linked oligos such as their use as RNA specific probes or in antisense oligos. Recently, oligos have been synthesized using 3'-deoxy-2'-phosphoramidites and 2'-deoxy-3'-phosphoramidites to produce chimeras with 2'-5' linked ends and 3'-5' linked central regions. It was found that 2'-5' phosphorothioate oligos:

1) bind selectively to complementary RNA with the same affinity as phosphodiester oligos; 2) exhibit much less nonspecific binding to cellular proteins; 3) do not activate RNase H. A 3'-deoxynucleoside at the 3'-terminus of an otherwise normal oligonucleotide effectively blocks polymerase extension.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1004-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1004-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1004-02	0.25g	975.00
3'-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1064-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1064-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1064-02	0.25g	975.00
3'-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1074-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1074-90	100 µmole	355.00
	10-1074-02	0.25g	975.00
3'-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1084-95	50 μmole	177.50
	10-1084-90	100 μmole	355.00
	10-1084-02	0.25g	975.00
3'-dA-CPG	20-2004-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2104-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2104-42	Pack of 4	200.00
3'-dC-CPG	20-2064-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2164-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2164-42	Pack of 4	200.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M
(Please inquire for availability and columns for other in	

types.)

SEE ALSO

3'-deoxynucleoside CPG p51

# 2'-5' LINKED OLIGONUCLEOTIDES (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-dG-CPG	20-2074-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns 0.2 μmole columns	20-2174-41 20-2174-42	Pack of 4 Pack of 4	600.00 200.00
3'-dT-CPG	20-2084-01	0.1g	300.00
1 μmole columns	20-2184-41	Pack of 4	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2184-42	Pack of 4	200.00

#### **MUTAGENESIS**

SEE ALSO

N6-Me-dA p43

Cellular polynucleotides are alkylated by endogenous components, such as S-adenosylmethionine, or after reacting with two general classes of environmental and laboratory chemicals. SN1 chemical agents include alkylnitrosourea and N-alkyl-N-nitro-N-nitrosoguanidine that react with the N7 position of guanine, N3 of adenine, O6 of guanine, O2 or O4 of pyrimidines, and the non-phosphodiester oxygen atoms of the phosphate backbone. In contrast, SN2 chemical agents such as methyl methanesulfonate and dimethyl sulfate react primarily with the N1 position of adenine (1-Methyl-2'-deoxyadenosine) and N3 of cytosine. To avoid chain branching during synthesis when using DCl as activator, N6-Me-dA is offered with acetyl protection.

Item		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
O6-Me-dG-CE Phos	phoramidite	10-1070-90 10-1070-02	100 µmole 0.25g	105.00 255.00
N6-Me-dA-CE Phos	phoramidite	10-1003-90 10-1003-02	100 μmole 0.25g	162.50 495.00
N6-Ac-N6-Me-dA-0	CE Phosphoramidite	10-1503-90 10-1503-02	100 μmole 0.25g	162.50 495.00
O4-Me-dT-CE Phosp	phoramidite	10-1032-90 10-1032-02	100 μmole 0.25g	135.00 355.00
1-Me-dA-CE Phospl	horamidite	10-1501-95 10-1501-90 10-1501-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	125.00 250.00 750.00
	Me <sub>2</sub> N N N DMTO	DMTO	CH <sub>3</sub>	
			cinylCPG	0
BuHN N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	DMTO  O  P  N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O  CNEt	3'-dT-CPG  Me NAC  NAC  NAC  NAC  NAC  NAC  NAC  NAC	OMe  CH <sub>3</sub> TO  OP-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O-CNEt	MMTO O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt
06-Me-2'-deoxyGuanosine	N6-Methyl-2'-deoxyAdenosine	N6-Ac-N6-Me-dA	O4-Me-Thymidine	1-Methyl-2'-deoxyAdenosine

#### **CONVERTIBLE NUCLEOSIDES**

The convertible nucleoside strategy is one of the most versatile methods for producing modifications in bases to examine their effects on DNA structure and activity. In some cases, with versatility comes difficulty in that the convertible base is modified after oligonucleotide synthesis. The chemistry is sometimes complex and base composition analysis of the final oligonucleotide is required to verify structure. The convertible dU monomer can be used to introduce a variety of modifications at the convertible position, including N, O and S modifications. Convertible F-dC is by far the simplest approach to the preparation of oligonucleotides containing F-dC – normal ammonium hydroxide treatment effects the conversion to F-dC. Convertible dA has been used to prepare oligonucleotides containing multiple points for attachment to solid supports. In this way, high capacity affinity supports for the purification of DNA binding proteins have been prepared. 2-F-dl is a convertible nucleoside for the preparation of 2'-dG derivatives following the displacement of the 2-fluorine by primary amines.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
TMP-F-dU-CE Phosphoramidite (Convertible F-dC)	10-1016-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1016-02	0.25g	495.00
O6-Phenyl-dI-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1042-90	100 μmole	135.00
(Convertible dA)	10-1042-02	0.25g	355.00
O4-Triazolyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1051-90	100 μmole	135.00
(Convertible dU)	10-1051-02	0.25g	355.00
2-F-dI-CE Phosphoramidite (Convertible dG)	10-1082-95 10-1082-90 10-1082-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	180.00 360.00 975.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

**ABBREVIATION** 

TMP = 2,4,6-trimethylphenyl

#### SEE ALSO

 2-Aminopurine
 p54

 AP-dC (G-Clamp)
 p42

 UltraMild Chemistry
 p69

 Pyrrolo-C
 p125

 Pyrrolo-CTP
 p128

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Pyrrolo-dC is a joint development project of Berry & Associates, Inc. and Glen Research Corporation. Pyrrolo-dC is covered by US Patent No.: 7,144,995.

#### SPECTRAL PROPERTIES

The spectral properties of pyrrolodC, coupled with its unique base-pairing ability, make this fluorescent analog extremely valuable in probing DNA structure. When the pyrrolo-dC is base-paired, its fluorescence is significantly quenched through what is most likely base stacking or dG interactions. The quantum yield of fluorescence for pyrrolo-dC is quite sensitive to its hybridization state, making it ideally suited for probing the dynamic structure of DNA.

**QY** λ ε (L/mol.cm)

single-stranded 0.07 260nm 4000 347nm 3700

double-stranded 0.02

(QY determined relative to quinine sulfate in 0.5M H2SO4)

#### **REFERENCES**

- D.A. Berry, et al., Tetrahedron Lett, 2004. 45, 2457-2461.
- 2. The Glen Report, 2007, 19, 8-9.
- P. Sandin, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2008, 36, 157-167.
- P. Sandin, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2005, 33, 5019-5025.
- K.C. Engman, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2004, 32, 5087-5095.

#### **FLUORESCENT NUCLEOSIDES**

Etheno-dA is a fluorescent nucleoside which is especially useful in observing the transition between DNA structural types. It is quite base labile and should be deprotected with ammonium hydroxide at room temperature for 24 hours. Alternatively, UltraMild chemistry can be used. 2-Aminopurine and AP-dC (G-Clamp) are also useful fluorescent nucleosides.

Pyrrolo-dC is a fluorescent deoxycytidine analog that is an ideal probe of DNA structure and dynamics. It base-pairs as a normal dC nucleotide. An oligo fully substituted with pyrrolo-dC has the same  $T_m$  as the control dC oligo with the same specificity for dG. Its small size does not perturb the structure of the DNA helix and it is well tolerated by a number of DNA and RNA polymerases. It is highly fluorescent and its excitation and emission are well to the red of most fluorescent nucleotide analogs, which eliminates or reduces background fluorescence from proteins. Pyrrolo-dCTP has potential uses in biological assay development.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Etheno-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1006-90	100 μmole	105.00
	10-1006-02	0.25g	255.00
Pyrrolo-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1017-95	50 μmole	110.00
	10-1017-90	100 μmole	220.00
	10-1017-02	0.25g	675.00
Pyrrolo-dCTP (10 mM)	81-1017-01	100 μL	150.00

Pyrrolo-dCTP

#### **FLUORESCENT NUCLEOSIDES (CONT.)**

When a benzylcarbamoyl analogue of AP-dC (G-Clamp) was synthesized, it was found that, when incorporated into an oligo, it exhibited similar fluorescence to AP-dC. However, when base-paired against the 8-oxo-dG, its fluorescence was severely quenched. Rather remarkably, however, when base paired with dG or any of the other bases, A, C or T, there was no change in fluorescence – making it a specific probe for 8-oxo-dG.

By attaching pyrene or perylene to the 5 position of deoxyuridine through a triple bond, the fluorophore is electronically coupled to the deoxyuridine base. This electronic coupling of the base and the fluorophore makes the fluorescence sensitive to the base pairing of the dU portion of the molecule, allowing the discrimination between perfect and one base mismatched targets.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
8-Oxo-G Clamp-CE Phosphoramidite (Discontinued)	10-1515		
Pyrene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1590-95	50 μmole	105.00
	10-1590-90	100 μmole	210.00
	10-1590-02	0.25g	550.00
Perylene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1591-95	50 μmole	150.00
	10-1591-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-1591-02	0.25g	720.00

SEE ALSO

8-0xo-dG p58 AP-dC (G-Clamp) p42

#### SPECTRAL PROPERTIES

Absorbance Emission Maximum Maximum

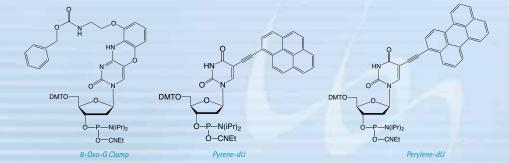
Pyrene-dU 402nm 472nm Perylene-dU 473nm 490nm

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)



#### **FLUORESCENT NUCLEOSIDES (CONT.)**

The tricyclic fluorescent nucleoside analogues, 1,3-diaza-2-oxophenothiazine, tC, and 1,3-diaza-2-oxophenoxazine, tC°, are deoxycytidine analogs that have been shown to base pair faithfully with dG with virtually no disruption of the normal duplex structure.<sup>3-5</sup> This means that the stability of the DNA duplex is not compromised as compared to the control regardless of DNA sequence. The fluorescence quantum yield of tC is essentially unchanged between single stranded and double stranded DNA – 0.21 for single stranded DNA and 0.19 for duplex DNA. Also, the fluorescence characteristics of tC are not sensitive to neighboring base combinations. tC° has been shown to be the brightest fluorescent nucleoside analogue in duplex context reported so far and even retains the majority of its fluorescence when surrounded by guanine residues. Indeed, tC° has been reported to be 25-50 times brighter than 2-aminopurine.

The base analogue  $tC_{nitro}$  is a FRET-acceptor together with  $tC^0$  (or tC) as the donor molecule. This constitutes the first ever description of a nucleobase FRET-pair. This novel FRET-pair provides a unique tool for investigations of nucleic acid containing systems.  $tC_{nitro}$  is virtually non-fluorescent under normal conditions.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
tC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1516-95	50 μmole	250.00
	10-1516-90	100 μmole	490.00
	10-1516-02	0.25g	1460.00
tC°-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1517-95	50 μmole	250.00
	10-1517-90	100 μmole	490.00
	10-1517-02	0.25g	1460.00
tC <sub>site</sub> -CE Phosphoramidite	10-1518-95	50 μmole	265.00
nitro	10-1518-90	100 μmole	520.00
	10-1518-02	0.25g	1460.00

#### **CAGED NUCLEOSIDES**

NPO

DMTO

Gen Research's interest lies in the preparation of caged oligonucleotides whose function is restored after uncaging by UV light at a wavelength that causes no DNA damage. The Deiters group at North Carolina State University has described NPOM-Caged-dT, where the nucleobase is caged with the photolabile group, 6-nitropiperonyloxymethyl (NPOM), which can be removed using UV light at 365nm. Oligonucleotides containing NPOM-Caged-dT every five or six bases do not hybridize to their complementary strand. Photo-uncaging of the caged oligonucleotide is then easily carried out with UV light at 365 nm for seconds to minutes to restore the activity of the oligonucleotide.

m		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
POM-Caged-dT-CE Pho	sphoramidite	10-1534-95	50 μmole	185.00
		10-1534-90	100 μmole	355.00
		10-1534-02	0.25g	895.00
			NO <sub>2</sub>	
HN	HN	HN	0	ÇH₃ ŅO₂
N S	N	N S	H₃C N	
	j J	j J	Ĭ	
ON	O_N	0 N	N	
_0_	DMTO	DMTO	DMTO—O_	6_
0—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>	0—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>	0—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>	0—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>	
O—CNEt	O—CNEt	O—CNEt	O—CNEt	
tC	t℃	$tC_{nitro}$	NPOM-Caged-dT	
		nitro	ow cagea ar	

#### SPECTRAL PROPERTIES

Absorption and emisssion data for tC and tC° are collected below:

tC	QY	λ (L	E /mol.cm	'n
single-stranded	0.21	385nm	4000	
double-stranded	0.19			
tC°	QY	λ (L	€ /mol.cm	1)
single-stranded	0.30	360nm	9000	

(QY determined relative to quinine sulfate in 0.5M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>)

double-stranded 0.21

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

These products are offered under license from Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and in collaboration with ModyBase HB.

#### THERAPEUTIC NUCLEOSIDES

Cytosine Arabanoside (Ara-C) is an anti-viral drug which has achieved limited use. Its effect on DNA structure and activity can be investigated by incorporating it into synthetic oligonucleotides.

Zebularine (pyrimidin-2-one ribonucleoside) is a cytidine analogue that acts as a DNA demethylase inhibitor, as well as a cytidine deaminase inhibitor. This structure is very active biologically and Zebularine is now used as a potent anti-cancer drug. A 2'-deoxynucleoside analogue of Zebularine, 5-methyl-pyrimidin-2-one, 2'-deoxynucleoside, has been used to probe the initiation of the cellular DNA repair process by making use of its mildly fluorescent properties. This combination of biological activity and fluorescence properties would make 5-Me-2'-deoxyZebularine a strong addition to our array of nucleoside analogues.

Cytosine–5-methyltransferases are found in everything from archaebacteria to mammals and when the regulation of cytosine–5-methyltransferases goes awry, cancer can result. The mechanism of action for this family of enzymes involves attack of a cysteine thiol group on the C6 position of cytosine, leading to a transient dihydrocytosine intermediate, which then facilitates the nucleophilic attack by C5 on the activated methyl group of the S-adenosyl-L-methionine cofactor. As with many enzymes, the intermediate can be trapped using a suicide substrate and 5-fluoro-cytosine has been used extensively in this role. An alternate strategy is to use a transition-state mimic that binds to the active site with high affinity. An excellent candidate was found in 5-aza-5,6-dihydrocytosine. Despite not being covalently bound to the enzyme, it was found<sup>1,2</sup> to be a more potent inhibitor of cytosine–5-methyltransferases than 5-fluoro-cytosine. 5-Aza-5,6-dihydro-dC is compatible with standard oligonucleotide synthesis and deprotection conditions and is an excellent tool for use in methyltransferase research.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Ara-C-CE Phosphoramidite (Discontinued)	10-4010		
5-Me-2'-deoxyZebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1061-95	50 μmole	200.00
	10-1061-90	100 μmole	400.00
	10-1061-02	0.25g	975.00
5-Aza-5,6-dihydro-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1511-95	50 μmole	180.00
	10-1511-90	100 μmole	360.00
	10-1511-02	0.25g	1120.00

#### LARGE SCALE SYNTHESIS

The most common side reaction during deprotection of oligonucleotides on a large scale is the alkylation of dT residues by acrylonitrile, formed by β-elimination of the cyanoethyl phosphate protecting groups, to generate N3-cyanoethyl-dT.

Item		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
N3-Cyanoethyl-dT		10-1531-90 10-1531-02	100 μmole 0.25g	200.00 600.00
NHAC NHAC DMTO	DMTO	N NH NH DMTO	H <sub>2</sub> C	O CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CN
O_OAc O_P_N(Pr)2 O_CNEt	O_P_N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O_CNEt  5-Me-2'-deoxyZebularine	O—P—N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt 5-Azo-5,6-Dihydro-dC	O P N3-Cyan	· · · <del>-</del>

#### REFERENCES

- G. Sheikhnejad, et al., J Mol Biol, 1999, 285, 2021-2034.
- (2) V.E. Marquez, et al., *Antisense* Nucleic Acid Drug D, 1999, **9**, 415-421

#### SEE ALSO

Convertible F-dC

p64

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	3	
For Instrur	ment type	Add
Expedite		Е
MerMade		М
Columns		
For Instrur	ment type	Add
Expedite		Е
Applied Biosy	stems 3900	Α
MerMade		M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### **ULTRAMILD CE PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

The synthesis of labelled oligonucleotides has become a standard procedure in many laboratories and many labelling reagents, e.g., biotin and fluorescein, are now available as β-cyanoethyl (CE) phosphoramidites. Labels which are currently available as CE phosphoramidites have one common property – they must be stable to the strongly alkaline conditions required for removal of the base protecting groups. This property is lacking in several interesting dyes and labels. We sought an alternative protecting scheme for the normal CE phosphoramidites which would allow UltraMILD deprotection and would not react with a wider variety of tags and labels. A set of monomers using phenoxyacetyl (Pac) protected dA and 4-isopropyl-phenoxyacetyl (iPr-Pac) protected dG, along with acetyl protected dC, met the desired criteria for UltraMILD deprotection.

We recommend the use of phenoxyacetic anhydride (Pac<sub>2</sub>0) in Cap A. This modification removes the possibility of exchange of the iPr-Pac protecting group on the dG with acetate from the acetic anhydride capping mix. Cleavage and deprotection can be carried out in 2 hours at room temperature with ammonium hydroxide or 4 hours with 0.05M potassium carbonate in methanol.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Pac-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1601-02	0.25g	15.00
	10-1601-05	0.5g	30.00
	10-1601-10	1.0g	60.00
Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1015-02	0.25g	12.50
	10-1015-05	0.5g	25.00
	10-1015-10	1.0g	50.00
iPr-Pac-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1621-02	0.25g	15.00
	10-1621-05	0.5g	30.00
	10-1621-10	1.0g	60.00

# **ULTRAMILD DNA SYNTHESIS**

#### **ULTRAMILD SUPPORTS**

Item	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
	Pac-dA	Ac-dC	iPr-Pac-dG		
UltraMild CPG (Bulk)	20-2601-01	Listed	20-2621-01	0.1g	18.00
	20-2601-02	on	20-2621-02	0.25g	40.00
	20-2601-10	Page 8	20-2621-10	1.0g	150.00
ABI Columns	20-2701-45	20-2115-45	20-2721-45	4X40nm	40.00
	20-2701-42	20-2115-42	20-2721-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
	20-2701-41	20-2115-41	20-2721-41	4X1μm	60.00
	20-2701-13	20-2115-13	20-2721-13	10μm	100.00
Expedite Columns	20-2801-45	20-2215-45	20-2821-45	4X40nm	40.00
	20-2801-42	20-2215-42	20-2821-42	4X0.2μm	40.00
	20-2801-41	20-2215-41	20-2821-41	4X1μm	60.00
	20-2801-14	20-2215-14	20-2821-14	15µm	150.00

# **ULTRAMILD SOLVENTS/REAGENTS**

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A			
THF/Pyridine/Pac <sub>2</sub> O	40-4210-52	200mL	140.00
(Applied Biosystems)	40-4210-57	450mL	300.00
THF/Pac <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4212-52	200mL	140.00
(Expedite)	40-4212-57	450mL	300.00
Deprotection Solution			
0.05M Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	60-4600-30	30mL	30.00

SEE ALSO

Universal Support III

III p24

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add		
Expedite MerMade	E M		
Columns For Instrument type	Add		
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M		
(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument			

types.)

70

Phone: (703) 437-6191, (800) 327-4536, Fax: (703) 435-9774

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

5'-Carboxy-Modifier C10 is offered for sale under license from TriLink BioTechnologies, Inc. It is intended for research and development purposes only, and may not be used for commercial, clinical, diagnostic or any other use. It is covered under US Patent No. 6,320,041.

#### SEE ALSO

PC modifiers p83

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

CNEt = Cyanoethyl CPG = Controlled Pore Glass DMT = 4,4'-Dimethoxytrityl Fmoc = Fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl iPr = Isopropyl MMT = 4-Monomethoxytrityl T = TrityITFA = Trifluroacetyl

#### **TERMINUS MODIFIERS**

Glen Research 5'-Modifiers are designed for use in DNA synthesizers to functionalize the 5'-terminus of the target oligonucleotide. The 5'-Amino-Modifiers are available with a variety of chain lengths to fit exactly the desired application.

The DMS(0)MT-protected amino group is easier to deprotect compared to the MMT-protected one. The sulfoxy derivative survives conditions of oligonucleotide synthesis and can either be cleaved with standard deblock solution, or left intact for HPLC purification. At the same time, the DMS(0)MT group is fully compatible with cartridge purification. When detritylation on a cartridge is carried out, the DMS(0)MT+, which is more stable than MMT+, does not reattach itself to an amine. We now offer 5'-DMS(0)MT-Amino-Modifier C6 utilizing this new trityl based protecting group.

5'-Amino-Modifier TEG, a hydrophilic triethylene glycol ethylamine derivative, is 12 atoms in length and fully soluble in aqueous media.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Amino-Modifier C3-TFA	10-1923-90	100 μmole	50.00
	10-1923-02	0.25g	175.00
5'-Amino-Modifier C6	10-1906-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1906-02	0.25g	200.00
5'-Amino-Modifier C6-TFA	10-1916-90	100 μmole	30.00
	10-1916-02	0.25g	100.00
5'-Amino-Modifier C12	10-1912-90	100 μmole	90.00
	10-1912-02	0.25g	300.00
5'-Amino-Modifier 5	10-1905-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1905-02	0.25g	200.00
5'-DMS(0)MT-Amino-Modifier C6	10-1907-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1907-02	0.25g	200.00
5'-Amino-Modifier TEG	10-1917-90	100 μmole	115.00
	10-1917-02	0.25g	500.00

O-P-N(IPr)

-N(iPr)<sub>2</sub> O-CNEt

#### **TERMINUS MODIFIERS (CONT.)**

Our more recent 5'-amino modifiers, protected by a novel phthalic acid diamide (PDA) protecting group, are stable solids. In contrast to the TFA protected amino modifiers, which are viscous oils, the analogous PDA protected compounds are granular powders. This important property of these compounds allows straightforward handling, storage and aliquoting and leads to a significant increase in stability.

Deprotection with methylamine in gas phase or aqueous solution or AMA leads to fast and complete removal of the PDA protecting group. However, ammonium hydroxide will not drive the equilibrium reaction to completion and only partial deprotection occurs – overnight deprotection with ammonium hydroxide will yield around 80% active amine.

We are offering three PDA Amino-Modifiers:

- 5'-Amino-Modifier C6-PDA
- Hydrophobic 5'-Amino-Modifier C12-PDA
- Hydrophilic 5'-Amino-Modifier-TEG-PDA

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Amino-Modifier C6-PDA	10-1947-90	100 μmole	30.00
	10-1947-02	0.25g	100.00
5'-Amino-Modifier C12-PDA	10-1948-90	100 μmole	65.00
	10-1948-02	0.25g	240.00
5'-Amino-Modifier-TEG-PDA	10-1949-90	100 μmole	105.00
	10-1949-02	0.25g	420.00

0 H 0 O-P-N(iPr)<sub>2</sub>

5'-Amino-Modifier C6-PDA

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

PDA amino-modifiers were eveloped by Stefan Pitsch and ReseaChem GmbH (S. Berger), Patent pending.

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
MerMade	М
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	М

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	М

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

5'-Maleimide Modifier Phosphoramidite is protected by a patent application and is offered by Glen Research under a non-exclusive license agreement from the University of Barcelona.

### **TERMINUS MODIFIERS (CONT.)**

The disulfide thiol modifier may be used for introducing 3'- or 5'-thiol linkages. Dithiol Serinol, produced from lipoic acid and our patented serinol backbone, allows easy connection of multiply dithiol-labelled oligos to gold surfaces. 5'-Carboxy-Modifier C10 is a unique linker designed to be added at the terminus of an oligonucleotide synthesis. It generates an activated carboxylic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) ester suitable for immediate conjugation on the synthesis column with molecules containing a primary amine, resulting in a stable amide linkage. An alternative carboxylate protecting group is the 2-chlorotrityl group, which is simply removed using the standard deblock cycle to generate a free carboxyl group on an otherwise fully protected oligonucleotide. The 2-chlorotrityl group is also removed during oligo deprotection with ammonium hydroxide or AMA and is incompatible with RP purification techniques. PC Amino-Modifier is a photocleavable C6 amino-modifier, part of our line of photocleavable (PC) modifiers. 5'-AminoOxy-Modifier 11 is based on a tetraethylene glycol linkage for improved solubility and for reducing the potential negative impact on hybridization of the oligo. The oxime formed from the reaction of alkyloxyamines with aldehydes creates a stable covalent bond. In comparison, the imine formed by the conjugation of primary amines with aldehydes is not stable to acidic or basic conditions and requires subsequent reduction with borohydride to form stable amine conjugates. 5'-Maleimide Modifier Phosphoramidite, developed at the University of Barcelona, incorporates a maleimide cycloadduct that is stable to ammonium hydroxide at room temperature. This phosphoramidite can be incorporated into DNA and RNA with both phosphate and phosphorothioate linkages. A retro-Diels-Alder reaction deprotects the maleimide immediately prior to conjugation.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Thiol-Modifier C6	10-1926-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1926-02	0.25g	200.00
Thiol-Modifier C6 S-S	10-1936-90	100 μmole	150.00
	10-1936-02	0.25g	360.00
Dithiol Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1991-95	50 μmole	120.00
	10-1991-90	100 μmole	215.00
	10-1991-02	0.25g	585.00
PC Amino-Modifier Phosphoramidite	10-4906-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-4906-02	0.25g	395.00
5'-Carboxy-Modifier C10	10-1935-90	100 μmole	50.00
	10-1935-02	0.25g	200.00
5'-Carboxy-Modifier C5	10-1945- <mark>90</mark>	100 μmole	95.00
	10-1945-02	0.25g	330.00
5'-AminoOxy-Modifier 11	10-1919-95	50 μmole	140.00
	10-1919-90	100 μmole	265.00
	10-1919-02	0.25g	895.00
5'-Maleimide-Modifier Phosphoramidite	10-1938-90	100 μmole	70.00
	10-1938-02	0.25g	335.00
TSO_P_N(Pr)2 DMTOS_S_S_S_O_CNEt  5'-Thiol-Modifier CG Thiol-Modifier CG	O—P—N(IPI OCNEt	S Dithiol Serinol	O-P-N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>
TFAHN  NH  PC Amino-Modifier	O-F	P-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub>	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>
	5'-Carboxy-Modifier C10	D-CNEt	O—CNEt
DMT-N 0 0 0 0 -P-N(Pr)2 0 -CNEt	N—CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O—P—N(iPr H O—CNE	5'-Carboxy-	Modifier C5
5'-AminoOxy-Modifier 11	5'-Maleimide-Modifier		

### **SEQUENCE MODIFIERS**

Sequence Modifiers are designed for use in automated synthesis. The carboxy-dT is hydrolyzed during deprotection and can be coupled directly to a molecule containing a primary amino group by a standard peptide coupling or via the intermediate N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS) ester. Amino-Modifier dA, Amino-Modifier dC, N2-Amino-Modifier dG and both Amino-Modifier dT products can be added in place of a dA, dC, dG and dT residue, respectively, during oligonucleotide synthesis. Corresponding Amino-Modifier supports can replace their respective deoxynucleoside supports. After deprotection, the primary amine on the C6 analogues is separated from the oligonucleotide by a spacer arm with a total of 7 - 10 atoms and can be labelled or attached to an enzyme. The C2 analogue is more suitable for the attachment of molecules designed to react with the oligonucleotide.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Amino-Modifier C6 dA	10-1089-90	100 μmole	205.00
	10-1089-02	0.25g	455.00
Amino-Modifier C6 dC	10-1019-90	100 μmole	225.00
	10-1019-02	0.25g	450.00
N2-Amino-Modifier C6 dG	10-1529-95	50 μmole	240.00
	10-1529-90	100 μmole	480.00
	10-1529-02	0.25g	1100.00
Carboxy-dT	10-1035-90	100 μmole	180.00
	10-1035-02	0.25g	360.00
Amino-Modifier C2 dT	10-1037-90	100 μmole	180.00
	10-1037-02	0.25g	360.00
	10-1037-05	0.5g	720.00
Amino-Modifier C6 dT	10-1039-90	100 μmole	180.00
	10-1039-02	0.25g	360.00
	10-1039-05	0.5g	720.00

SEE ALSO

Amino-Modifier supports

p76

### SEE ALSO

Carboxy-Modifier C10 p73 Carboxy-Modifier C5 p73

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### **SEQUENCE MODIFIERS (CONT.)**

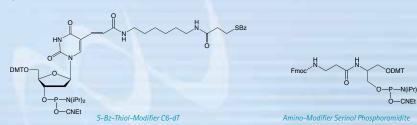
Our repertoire of NHS ester derivatives has been expanded to include the NHS-Carboxy-dT-CE Phosphoramidite. By making a dT analog of the Carboxy-Modifier C10, it is possible to label one or multiple sites within an oligonucleotide. This opens up the possibility to label any number of different dyes or molecules within an oligonucleotide when the phosphoramidite is unavailable. Doing so is straightforward and may be done manually off the synthesizer or even in a fully-automated manner on the DNA synthesizer.

We have never found conditions which allow the TFA group to be removed from an amino-modifier while the oligonucleotide remains attached to the support. We are able to solve this problem by using a 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) protecting group. The Fmoc group is removed using a two step procedure, the first to remove the cyanoethyl protection groups and flush the formed acrylonitrile from the synthesis column using 1% diisopropylamine in acetonitrile, and the second to remove the Fmoc group using 10% piperidine in DMF. The amino group so formed on the column can be reacted with a variety of activated esters. We offer Fmoc-Amino-Modifier C6 dT Phosphoramidite as a nucleosidic option and Amino-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite as a non-nucleosidic alternative. We also offer S-Bz-Thiol-Modifier C6-dT to join the ranks of thiol-modifiers for oligonucleotide synthesis. Thiol-Modifier C6-dT can be added as usual at the desired locations within a sequence.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
NHS-Carboxy-dT	10-1535-90	100 μmole	210.00
	10-1535-02	0.25g	550.00
Fmoc-Amino-Modifier C6 dT	10-1536-90	100 μmole	180.00
Thice Allino Woulder Co ut	10-1536-02	0.25g	360.00
6 D. TI. I M. 115 . 60 . IT			
S-Bz-Thiol-Modifier C6-dT	10-1538-95 10-1538-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	130.00 245.00
	10-1538-02	0.25g	550.00
Assistant Madiffers Control Dhannhamanidika	10 1007 05	50	105.00
Amino-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1997-95 10-1997-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	125.00 225.00
	10-1997-02	0.25a	595.00

NHS-Carboxy-dT

Fmoc-Amino-Modifier C6 dT



### 3'-MODIFIERS

**3**'-Amino-Modifier CPGs, containing amino groups protected with the base-labile Fmoc group, are designed to functionalize the 3'-terminus of the target oligonucleotide by the introduction of a primary amine. In an alternative approach, the nitrogen destined to become the 3'-amino group is included in a phthalimide (PT) group which is attached to the support through an amide group attached to the aromatic ring. This simple linkage is very stable to all conditions of oligonucleotide synthesis and contains no chiral center. Using an extended ammonium hydroxide treatment (55°C for 17 hours), the cleavage of the amine from the phthalimide is accomplished along with the deprotection of the oligonucleotide. ABI-style columns are supplied unless otherwise requested.

ltem	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-Amino-Modifier C7 CPG 500	20-2957-01		
(Discontinued. 20-2958 below is the replace	ement.)		
3'-Amino-Modifier C7 CPG 1000	20-2958-01	0.1g	95.00
	20-2958-10	1.0g	675.00
1 μmole columns	20-2958-41	Pack of 4	140.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2958-42	Pack of 4	85.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2958-13	Pack of 1	250.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2958-14	Pack of 1	375.00
3'-Amino-Modifier Serinol CPG	20-2997-01	0.1g	95.00
	20-2997-10	1.0g	675.00
0.2 µmole columns	20-2997-42	Pack of 4	85.00
1 μmole columns	20-2997-41	Pack of 4	140.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-2997-13	Pack of 1	250.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2997-14	Pack of 1	375.00
3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C3 CPG	20-2954-01	0.1g	95.00
	20-2954-10	1.0g	675.00
1 μmole columns	20-2954-41	Pack of 4	140.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2954-42	Pack of 4	85.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-2954-13	Pack of 1	250.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2954-14	Pack of 1	375.00
3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C6 CPG	20-2956-01	0.1g	95.00
	20-2956-10	1.0g	675.00
1 μmole columns	20-2956-41	Pack of 4	140.00
0.2 µmole columns	20-2956-42	Pack of 4	85.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-2956-13	Pack of 1	250.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2956-14	Pack of 1	375.00
3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C6 PS	26-2956-01	0.1g	125.00
	26-2956-10	1.0g	1025.00
200 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2956-52	Pack of 10	220.00
40 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2956-55	Pack of 10	220.00
לספני מען וווווסוני נטועוווווז (עס פפיטע)	20-2330-33	Tack Of TO	220.00

3'-Amino-Modifier Serinol CPG

### SEE ALSO

Dithiol Serinol

p73

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

## Monomers For Instrument type Ada

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### 3'-MODIFIERS (CONT.)

The 3'-Thiol-Modifier S-S CPG supports are used to introduce 3'-thiol linkages with three and six atom spacers into oligonucleotides. 3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG is used to introduce a dithiol group at the 3'-terminus. In conjunction with Dithiol Serinol Phosphoramidite, it is simple to produce oligonucleotides with multiple thiol groups at the 3' terminus, which is ideal for conjugation to gold surfaces. With Glyceryl CPG the 3'-terminus of an oligonucleotide is readily oxidized by sodium periodate to form a 3'-phosphoglycaldehyde. The aldehyde may be further oxidized to the corresponding carboxylic acid. Either the aldehyde or the carboxylate may be used for subsequent conjugation to amine-containing products.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-Thiol-Modifier C3 S-S CPG	20-2933-01	0.1g	85.00
	20-2933-10	1.0g	600.00
1 μmole columns	20-2933-41	Pack of 4	125.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2933-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2933-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2933-14	Pack of 1	350.00
3'-Thiol-Modifier 6 S-S CPG	20-2938-01	0.1g	85.00
	20-2938-10	1.0g	600.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2938-42	Pack of 4	75.00
1 μmole columns	20-2938-41	Pack of 4	125.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2938-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2938-14	Pack of 1	350.00
3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG	20-2991-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2991-10	1.0g	995.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2991-42	Pack of 4	120.00
1 μmole columns	20-2991-41	Pack of 4	200.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2991-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2991-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-Glyceryl CPG	20-2902-01	0.1g	85.00
	20-2902-10	1.0g	600.00
1 μmole columns	20-2902-41	Pack of 4	125.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2902-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2902-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2902-14	Pack of 1	350.00

3'-Thiol-Modifier C3 S-S CPG

3'-Thiol-Modifier 6 S-S CPG

3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG

3'-Glyceryl CPG

### 3'-MODIFIERS (CONT.)

3'-Amino-Modifier C6 dC CPG and 3'-Amino-Modifier C6 dT CPG replace a dC and T, respectively, at the 3'-terminus. These products allow convenient labelling at the 3' without blocking the terminus from desired enzymatic activity.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-Amino-Modifier C6 dC CPG	20-2019-01	0.1g	120.00
1 umala aalumna	20-2019-10 20-2019-41	1.0g Pack of 4	995.00 200.00
1 μmole columns 0.2 μmole columns	20-2019-41	Pack of 4	120.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-2019-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2019-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-Amino-Modifier C6 dT CPG	20-2039-01	0.1g	96.00
	20-2039-10	1.0g	800.00
1 μmole columns	20-2039-41	Pack of 4	160.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2039-42	Pack of 4	96.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2039-13	Pack of 1	240.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-2039-14	Pack of 1	360.00

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II is covered by US Patent No.: 5,959,090 and European Patent: EP0816368.

 A. Guzaev, <u>H.Salo</u>, A. Azhayev, and H. Lonnberg, *Tetrahedron*, 1995, **51**, 9375-9384.

### SEE ALSO

High load supports

p27

### CHEMICAL PHOSPHORYLATION

Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent is most commonly used to phosphorylate the 5'-terminus of an oligonucleotide. Although this product is also successful in 3'-phosphorylation, 3'-Phosphate CPG allows direct preparation of oligonucleotides with a 3'-phosphate group. Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II contains a DMT group on a side chain which is stable to base cleavage and can be left on the oligonucleotide for use in RP purification. The DMT group is later removed with aqueous acid and the side chain is eliminated after brief treatment with aqueous ammonium hydroxide to yield the 5'-phosphate.' Solid CPR II is similar in performance to CPR II but it is easier to prepare aliquots since it is a powder. Many researchers treat synthesis supports with a hindered base (e.g., diethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, or DBU) post-synthesis to eliminate and remove the cyanoethyl phosphate groups. In this way, the acrylonitrile formed in situ is removed from the support and is not available to alkylate dT residues at the N3 position in the oligos. Since the sulfonylethyl group in 3'-Phosphate CPG is also susceptible to B-elimination leading to oligo cleavage, this technique is not compatible with 3'-phosphate CPG. Using CPR II CPG, which is base labile but does not support B-elimination, the cyanoethyl groups can be removed from the oligo prior to cleavage and base deprotection. ABI-style vials and columns are supplied unless otherwise requested.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent	10-1900-90	100 μmole	50.00
	10-1900-02	0.25g	160.00
3'-Phosphate CPG	20-2900-01	0.1g	70.00
	20-2900-10	1.0g	480.00
1 μmole columns	20-2900-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2900-42	Pack of 4	60.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2900-13	Pack of 1	180.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2900-14	Pack of 1	280.00
3'-Phosphate PS	26-2900-01	0.1g	75.00
	26-2900-10	1.0q	510.00
200 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2900-52	Pack of 10	150.00
40 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2900-55	Pack of 10	150.00
3'-Phosphate CPG	25-2900-01	0.1g	85.00
(High Load)	25-2900-10	1.0g	600.00
2.5 µmole columns	25-2900-46	Pack of 4	120.00
Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II	10-1901-90	100 μmole	60.00
(CPR II)	10-1901-02	0.25g	200.00
Solid Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II	10-1902-90	100 μmole	60.00
(Solid CPR II)	10-1902-02	0.25g	200.00
3'-CPR II CPG	20-2903-01	0.1g	70.00
G. W. H. C. C	20-2903-10	1.0g	480.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2903-42	Pack of 4	60.00
1 μmole columns	20-2903-41	Pack of 4	100.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2903-13	Pack of 1	180.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2903-14	Pack of 1	280.00
To principle column (Expedite)	20 2000 14	Tuck of T	200.00
EtO <sub>2</sub> C CO <sub>2</sub> Et	MeHNOC CONHI	Me MeHNOC	CONHMe
TO O-succinyl-lcaa-CPG DMTO O-P-N(Pr)	омто О-	-P-N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> DMTO O-CNEt	O— succinyl-CPG
O GILL			

3'-CPR II CPG

Solid Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II

DMT

3'-Phosphate CPG

Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent

Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II

### ALDEHYDE MODIFICATION

Aldehyde modifiers would be attractive electrophilic substitutions in oligonucleotides since they are able to react with amino groups to form a Schiff's base, with hydrazino groups to form hydrazones, and with semicarbazides to form semi-carbazones. The Schiff's base is unstable and must be reduced with sodium borohydride to form a stable linkage but hydrazones and semicarbazides are very stable linkages.

Our collaboration with Epoch Biosciences, a subsidiary of Nanogen, Inc., has allowed us to offer 5'-Aldehyde-Modifier C2 Phosphoramidite. The acetal protecting group is sufficiently hydrophobic for use in RP HPLC and cartridge purification and is readily removed after oligonucleotide synthesis under standard oligonucleotide detritylation conditions with 80% acetic acid / 20% water or 2% aqueous trifluoroacetic acid during cartridge purification.

A formylindole nucleoside analogue has been used to introduce aldehyde groups within an oligonucleotide or at the 5' terminus. This product has no protecting group on the aldehyde, which means that deprotection of the modified oligonucleotide can be done without changing preferred conditions.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Aldehyde-Modifier C2 Phosphoramidite	10-1933-90	100 μmole	85.00
	10-1933-02	0.25g	325.00
Formylindole CE Phosphoramidite	10-1934-90	100 μmole	85.00
	10-1934-02	0.25g	325.00

# 

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

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A simple agreement must be signed before end-users and custom oligo services may purchase these products for use as defined above. http://www.glenresearch.com/ Reference/EpochProducts.pdf

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### SEE ALSO

PC Modifiers p83 Pyrrolidine p60

### **SPACER MODIFIERS**

The spacer phosphoramidites C3, 9, C12 and 18 are used to insert a spacer arm in an oligonucleotide. The compounds may be added in multiple additions when a longer spacer is required. 3'-Spacer C3 CPG may also act as a blocker of exonuclease and polymerase activity at the 3'-terminus. dSpacer is used to introduce a stable abasic site within an oligonucleotide. PC Spacer is a photocleavable C3 spacer modifier, part of our line of photocleavable (PC) modifiers.

ltem	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Spacer Phosphoramidite 9	10-1909-90	100 μmole	75.00
	10-1909-02	0.25g	240.00
Spacer Phosphoramidite C3	10-1913-90	100 μmole	75.00
	10-1913-02	0.25g	240.00
dSpacer CE Phosphoramidite	10-1914-90	100 μmole	85.00
	10-1914-02	0.25g	295.00
Spacer Phosphoramidite 18	10-1918-90	100 μmole	95.00
	10-1918-02	0.25g	240.00
Spacer C12 CE Phosphoramidite	10-1928-90	100 μmole	95.00
	10-1928-02	0.25g	240.00
3'-Spacer C3 CPG	20-2913-01	0.1g	70.00
	20-2913-10	1.0g	480.00
1 μmole columns	20-2913-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2913-42	Pack of 4	60.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2913-13	Pack of 1	180.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2913-14	Pack of 1	280.00
PC Spacer Phosphoramidite	10-4913-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-4913-02	0.25g	395.00

### **DENDRIMERS**

Dendrimers are discrete, highly branched, monodispersed polymers that possess patterns reminiscent of the branching of trees. Plain and mixed oligonucleotide dendrimers can be synthesized using novel doubling and trebling phosphoramidite synthons. Dendrimers offer the following advantages. Incorporation of label using  $\gamma^{-32}P$ -ATP and polynucleotide kinase increases in proportion to the number of 5'-ends. Fluorescent signal also increases in proportion to the number of 5'-ends, if spacers are incorporated between the labels and the ends of the branches. When using a dendrimeric oligonucleotide as a PCR primer, the strand bearing the dendrimer is resistant to degradation by T7 Gene 6 exonuclease making it easy to convert the double-stranded product of the PCR to a multiply labelled, single-stranded probe. Enhanced stability of DNA dendrimers makes them useful as building blocks for the 'bottom up' approach to nano-assembly. These features also suggest applications in DNA chip technology when higher temperatures are required, for example, to melt secondary structure in the target.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Symmetric Doubler Phosphoramidite	10-1920-90	100 μmole	150.00
	10-1920-02	0.25g	240.00
Trebler Phosphoramidite	10-1922-90	100 μmole	180.00
	10-1922-02	0.25g	300.00
Long Trebler Phosphoramidite	10-1925-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-1925-02	0.25g	300.00

### **BRANCHING PHOSPHORAMIDITE**

A branching monomer is required to construct comb-like oligonucleotide probes. The developers of the comb system from Chiron Corporation evaluated<sup>3</sup> several protecting groups for the branch point and chose levulinyl (LEV), which is specifically removed using a reagent containing hydrazine hydrate, acetic acid and pyridine.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5-Me-dC Brancher Phosphoramidite	10-1018-90	100 μmole	205.00
	10-1018-02	0.25g	505.00
NH O-P-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> O-CNEt DMTO O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	O-P-N(Pr) <sub>2</sub> DMTO		O-P-N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> I O-CNEt
DMTO DMTO	DM		
Symmetric Doubler  NH  CH  O  O  P  N(Pr)  O  CNEt  5-Me-dC Branche		Long Trebler	

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M
(Please inquire for availabili	ity of vials

and columns for other instrument

types.)

### REFERENCES

- M.S. Shchepinov, I.A. Udalova, A.J. Bridgman, and E.M. Southern, Nucleic Acids Res, 1997, 25, 4447-4454.
- (2) M.S. Shchepinov, K.U. Mir, J.K. Elder, M.D. Frank-Kamenetskii, and E.M. Southern, *Nucleic Acids Res*, 1999, **27**, 3035-41.
- (3) T. Horn, C.A. Chang, and M.S. Urdea, *Nucleic Acids Res*, 1997, 25, 4842-4849.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Doublers and Trebler are supplied under license from ISIS Innovation Limited.

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

## Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Glen Research offers PC Biotin, PC Amino-Modifier and PC Spacer products in association with AmberGen, Inc. and Link Technologies, Ltd. For a commercial application license, please contact AmberGen, Inc., +617-923-9990, (sales@ambergen.com), http://www. ambergen.com/.

PC Linker phosphoramidite is available from Glen Research in association with Link Technologies Ltd (Scotland).

### SEE ALSO

### 5'-Biotin Phosphoramidite p96

### REFERENCES

- P. Ordoukhanian and J-S. Taylor, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 117, 9570-9571, 1995
- (2a) F. Hausch and A. Jäschke, Nucleic Acids Research, 2000, **28**, e35.
- (2b) F. Hausch and A. Jäschke, Tetrahedron, 2001, **57**, 1261-1268.
- T. Wenzel, T. Elssner, K. Fahr, J. Bimmler, S. Richter, I. Thomas, and M. Kostrzewa, Nucleosides, Nucleotides & Nucleic Acids, 2003, 22, 1579-1581.

### **PHOTOCLEAVABLE MONOMERS**

PC Biotin Phosphoramidite can be used to prepare 5'-biotinylated oligonucleotides suitable for capture by streptavidin in a mode similar to our popular 5' Biotin Phosphoramidite. Amino- and thiol-modified oligonucleotides have proven to be very useful for the attachment of a variety of haptens and fluorophores, as well as for the tethering of the oligonucleotides to a diversity of beads and surfaces. PC Amino-Modifier Phosphoramidite is used to prepare 5'-amino-modified oligonucleotides suitable for subsequent photocleavage. PC Spacer Phosphoramidite can be used as an intermediary to attach any modification reagent, available as a phosphoramidite, to the terminus of oligonucleotides. After photocleavage, a 5'-phosphate is generated on the DNA, rendering it suitable for further biological transformations, such as gene construction and cloning after ligation.

A versatile photocleavable DNA building block has been described by researchers in Washington University, Missouri and used in phototriggered hybridization.¹ This reagent has also been used in the design of multifunctional DNA and RNA conjugates² for the in vitro selection of new molecules catalyzing biomolecular reactions. Researchers at Bruker Daltonik in Germany have also developed genoSNIP, a method for single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) genotyping by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry.³ This method uses size reduction of primer extension products by incorporation of the photocleavable linker for phototriggering strand breaks near to the 3' end of the extension primer. PC Linker can be incorporated into oligonucleotides at any position by standard automated DNA synthesis methodology. PC Linker Phosphoramidite has the added advantage in that photocleavage results in monophosphate fragments at both the 3'- and 5'-termini of the oligonucleotide fragments.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
PC Biotin Phosphoramidite	10-4950-95	50 μmole	145.00
	10-4950-90	100 μmole	280.00
	10-4950-02	0.25g	675.00
PC Amino-Modifier Phosphoramidite	10-4906-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-4906-02	0.25g	395.00
PC Spacer Phosphoramidite	10-4913-90	100 μmole	135.00
	10-4913-02	0.25g	395.00
PC Linker Phosphoramidite	10-4920-90	100 μmole	255.00
	10-4920-02	0.25g	795.00

PC Biotin

TFAHN

$$H_3C$$
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $O-CNET$ 

### CONJUGATION USING CLICK CHEMISTRY

The copper(I)-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAC) reaction between azides and alkynes to form 1,2,3-triazoles, as reported¹ by Sharpless, was found to be so exquisitely regioselective and efficient at even the most mild conditions that Sharpless coined the term 'Click Chemistry' to describe it. The use of this method for DNA modification has been somewhat delayed by the fact that copper ions damage DNA, typically yielding strand breaks.² As these problems have now been overcome by the use of copper(I)-stabilizing ligands (e.g., tris(benzyltriazolylmethyl)amine, TBTA³), Carell et al. and Seela et al. discovered that the CuAAC reaction can be used to functionalize alkyne-modified DNA nucleobases with extremely high efficiency.⁴

Oligonucleotides bearing a single nucleosidic alkyne group can be prepared using a C8-Alkyne-dC or dT-CE Phosphoramidite. Purified oligonucleotides are usually modified with 2-5 equivalents of the corresponding marker-azide (e.g., fluorescent-dye azides). After the addition of precomplexed Cu(I), complete conversion to the labelled oligo is observed in a time span between 30 min and 4 hours. After a simple precipitation step, labelled oligonucleotides can be recovered in near quantitative yields. Using a combination of C8-Alkyne, C8-TIPS-Alkyne and C8-TMS-Alkyne, it is possible to label oligonucleotides in up to three separate click reactions. The alkyne groups on the last two monomers are protected, respectively, with triisopropylsilyl (TIPS) and trimethylsilyl (TIMS) protecting groups.<sup>5,6</sup> The first click reaction on solid phase on a C8-Alkyne yields the singly modified oligonucleotide with full retention of the TIPS and/or TMS protecting group. For double click, a C8-TIPS-Alkyne is used as the second nucleoside and the TIPS protecting group is cleaved with tetrabutylammonium fluoride (TBAF) without causing any damage to the DNA. The second click reaction in solution yields the doubly modified oligonucleotide in excellent yield. For the introduction of three different labels, all three nucleosides are introduced into oligonucleotides. The first click reaction is performed directly on the resin. The singly modified oligonucleotide is subsequently cleaved from the support with concomitant cleavage of the TMS group and retention of the TIPS protecting group. The second click reaction is performed in solution. Precipitation of the doubly modified oligonucleotide, cleavage of the TIPS group with TBAF, and a subsequent third click reaction in solution furnishes the desired triply modified oligonucleotide in excellent overall yield.

5-Ethynyl-dU offers convenient click conjugation with an azide to generate a label rigidly attached to one of the oligonucleotide bases.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
C8-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1540-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1540-90	100 μmole	315.00
	10-1540-02	0.25g	900.00
C8-TIPS-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1541-95	50 μmole	295.00
eo in 5 / myne de el mosphoramate	10-1541-90	100 μmole	575.00
	10-1541-02	0.25g	1275.00
C8-TMS-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1542-95	50 μmole	270.00
	10-1542-90	100 μmole	525.00
	10-1542-02	0.25g	1275.00
CO Allege dO OF Discontinuosidite	10 1510 05	50	225.00
C8-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1543-95 10-1543-90	50 μmole	225.00
	10-1543-90	100 μmole 0.25g	435.00 1125.00
	10-13-3-02	0.239	1123.00

### REFERENCES

- C.W. Tornoe, C. Christensen, M. Meldal, J. Org. Chem. 2002, 67, 3057-3064; V. V. Rostovtsey, L. G. Green, V. V. Fokin, K. B. Sharpless, Angew. Chem. 2002, 114, 2708-2711; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2002, 41, 2596-2599.
- [2] C. J. Burrows, J. G. Muller, Chem. Rev. 1998, 98, 1109 – 1151.
- [3] T. R. Chan, R. Hilgraf, K. B. Sharpless, V. V. Fokin, *Org. Lett.* 2004, 6, 2853 – 2855.
- [4] J. Gierlich, G. A. Burley, P. M. E. Gramlich, D. M. Hammond, T. Carell, Org. Lett. 2006, 8, 3639-3642. F. Seela, V. R. Sirivolu, Chem. Biodiversity 2006, 3, 509-514.
- [5] P. M. E. Gramlich, S. Warncke, J. Gierlich, T. Carell, Angew. Chem. 2008, 120, 3491–3493; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2008, 47, 3442– 3444.
- [6] P. M. E. Gramlich, C. T. Wirges, A. Manetto, T. Carell, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2008, 47, 8350-8358.

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All products of baseclick are patent protected and available in collaboration with baseclick.

Baseclick GmbH has filed the following patent applications:

- WO2006/117161, New labelling strategies for the sensitive detection of analytes
- WO2008/952775, Click Chemistry for the production of reporter molecules

Baseclick GmbH holds a worldwide license for the research market of the "Click Chemistry" patent from "The Scripps Research Institute":

 WO03/101972, Copper-catalysed ligation of azides and acetylenes

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
C8-TIPS-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1544-95	50 μmole	220.00
	10-1544-90	100 µmole	425.00
	10-1544-02	0.25g	1020.00
C8-TMS-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1545-95	50 μmole	205.00
	10-1545-90	100 μmole	395.00
	10-1545-02	0.25g	1050.00
5-Ethynyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1554-95	50 μmole	130.00
	10-1554-90	100 μmole	245.00
	10-1554-02	0.25g	775.00
THPTA Ligand	50-1004-92	25 μmole	50.00
(Water soluble)	50-1004-90	100 µmole	180.00
Click-Solution (DMSO/t-BuOH)	50-1002-11	10 x 1.0mL	185.00

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

SEE ALSO

3'-Propargyl-5-Me-dC CPG

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

## Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

## Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### **OLIGO-CLICK KITS**

Oligo-Click Kits contain an air-stable, insoluble Cu(I) source in pellet form in a pre-loaded and ready-to-use vial. Within the kit, the TBTA ligand is replaced by an activator which is compatible with both aqueous and organic solvents. This innovative combination of catalyst and ligand/activator results in a much easier labelling work-flow of only three simple steps. The preparation of the oligonucleotide labelling via CuAAC now requires only a minimal hands-on time of a few minutes or even less and can be carried out in air without any additional precautions. Glen Research is offering the following kits in collaboration with baseclick GmbH.

- Oligo-Kit M Reload: This kit has sufficient reagents for conjugating up to nine alkyne-containing oligonucleotides on a 100 nmole scale or a single oligonucleotide on a 1 μmole scale. The user must supply the azide and a solvent such as DMSO for dissolving the azide.
- Oligo-Kit M Biotin, Oligo-Kit M Fluorescein and Oligo-Kit M TAMRA: Each kit has sufficient reagents for conjugating up to seven alkyne-containing oligonucleotides on a 100 nmole scale or a single oligonucleotide on a 1 µmole scale. Each kit contains all of the ingredients necessary, including the azide and DMSO solvent.

	Item		Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
	baseclick Oligo-	Click-M-Reload	50-2100-01	each	120.00
	baseclick Oligo-	Click-M-Biotin	50-2101-01	each	200.00
	baseclick Oligo-	Click-M-Fluorescein	50-2102-01	each	240.00
	baseclick Oligo-	Click-M-TAMRA	50-2103-01	each	270.00
рмто-	HN	TIPS 0 HN 0 N	TMS O HN DMTO O		
	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt	 O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub>   O—CNEt		
	C8-TIPS-Alkyne-dT	C8-TMS-Alkyne-dT	5-Fthynyl-dlJ		

Oligonucleotides prepared using 5'-Hexynyl Phosphoramidite are stable to standard deprotection conditions and exhibit a slightly increased retention time on RP HPLC. Azides are not compatible with oligonucleotide synthesis using phosphoramidites so a post-synthesis reaction is required. Azidobutyrate NHS Ester is used¹ for azido-modification of amines at either the 3'-end or the 5'-end of an oligo and it can even be used for internal modification on an Amino-Modifier-C6 dX residue within the sequence. Specific to the 5'-terminus, 5'-Bromohexyl Phosphoramidite is added in the last cycle. This modifier can then be easily transformed into a 5'-azido group by displacement of bromide using sodium azide.² Alkyne NHS ester allows the functionalization of an amino moiety in a variety of molecules, including DNA and RNA oligonucleotides as well as peptides or proteins. We also offer two products for use in Click Chemistry based upon our 1,3-diol product portfolio with the serinol backbone - a phosphoramidite for adding an alkyne group at the 5' terminus or within the sequence, and a synthesis support for labelling the 3' terminus of oligonucleotides with an alkyne group.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5'-Hexynyl Phosphoramidite	10-1908-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1908-02	0.25g	200.00
Azidobutyrate NHS Ester	50-1904-23	2.3mg	60.00
(Dissolve 2.3mg in 60μL of DMSO)	50-1904-24	23mg	300.00
5'-Bromohexyl Phosphoramidite	10-1946-90	100 μmole	60.00
	10-1946-02	0.25g	200.00
Alkyne-NHS Ester	50-1905-23	2.3mg	60.00
(Dissolve 2.3mg in 60μL of DMS0)	50-1905-24	23mg	300.00
Alkyne-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1992-95	50 μmole	100.00
	10-1992-90	100 μmole	185.00
	10-1992-02	0.25g	575.00
3'-Alkyne-Modifier Serinol CPG	20-2992-01	0.1g	105.00
	20-2992-10	1.0g	800.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2992-42	Pack of 4	100.00
1 μmole columns	20-2992-41	Pack of 4	175.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2992-13	Pack of 1	260.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2992-14	Pack of 1	390.00

### REFERENCES

- (1) R. Kumar, et al., Journal of the American Chemical Society, 2007, 129, 6859-6864.
- (2) J. Lietard, A. Meyer, J.J. Vasseur, and F. Morvan, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 2007, 48, 8795-8798.

SEE ALSO

Serinol Products

p91

**1** -Ethynyl-dSpacer CE Phosphoramidite can be used in any position within an oligonucleotide while still retaining the high efficiency of click chemistry. The modifier is efficiently incorporated into oligonucleotides using standard phosphoramidite chemistry, is stable to common deprotection conditions, and is compatible with Glen-Pak™ purification. 1-Ethynyl-dSpacer generates a substituted 1,2,3-triazole pseudo-nucleobase after click chemistry conjugation with an azide The 1-ethynyl-dSpacer modification exhibits similar duplex stability to the standard dSpacer (10-1914) and destabilizes the duplex when internally incorporated. Upon cycloaddition, the duplex stability is moderated by the resulting structure of the modification. Simple 1,2,3-triazoles were destabilizing, as were modifications that incorporated TEG linkers (6-FAM-TEG and Amino-TEG). Modifications that incorporated aromatic functional groups restored duplex stability to varying degrees with coumarin and psoralen significantly restoring stability.

A 5'-iodo-modified oligonucleotide (prepared using 5'-lodo-dT) can be quantitatively converted to the corresponding 5'-azide.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
1-Ethynyl-dSpacer CE Phosphoramidite	10-1910-95	50 μmole	180.00
	10-1910-90	100 μmole	340.00
	10-1910-02	0.25g	1250.00
5'-I-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1931-90	100 μmole	85.00
	10-1931-02	0.25g	295.00

SEE ALSO

dSpacer p81

### STABILITY NOTES

Oligonucleotides containing a 5'-iodo group are prepared conventionally with the exception that deprotection is carried out in ammonium hydroxide at room temperature for 24 hours. Under these conditions, degradation of the iodo group was less than 2%.

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	A M
111011111111111	

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

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### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

SEE ALSO

0.5M CSO p29

### **COPPER-FREE CLICK CHEMISTRY**

At Glen Research, our goal was to offer a copper-free click phosphoramidite reagent with the following properties:

- Simple to use
- Stable in solution on the synthesizer
- Stable to ammonium hydroxide and AMA
- Excellent click performance in 17 hours or less at room temperature

From the variety of cyclooctyne-based copper-free click reagents so far described, we have chosen to offer compounds based on a dibenzo-cyclooctyne (DBCO) structure. We are offering 5'-DBCO-TEG Phosphoramidite for preparing oligos with a 5'-DBCO modification and DBCO-dT-CE Phosphoramidite for inserting a DBCO group at any position within the oligonucleotide. DBCO-sulfo-NHS Ester is also offered for post-synthesis conjugation reactions. DBCO-modified oligos may be conjugated with azides in organic solvents, such as DMSO, or aqeous buffers. Depending on the azide used, the reaction will go to completion in 4-17 hours at room temperature. Simple desalting on a Glen Gel-Pak™ leads to a product with virtually quantitative conjugation efficiency.

Note: We now recommend that synthesis of oligos containing DBCO-dT be completed using 0.5 M CSO in anhydrous acetonitrile (40-4632-xx). Acceptable results can be achieved with iodine oxidation if DBCO-dT is subjected to no more than 8-10 cycles.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5'-DBCO-TEG Phosphoramidite	10-1941-95	50 μmole	125.00
	10-1941-90	100 μmole	230.00
	10-1941-02	0.25g	775.00
DBCO-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1539-95	50 μmole	250.00
	10-1539-90	100 μmole	485.00
	10-1539-02	0.25g	975.00
DBCO-sulfo-NHS Ester	50-1941-23	5.2mg	60.00
(Dissolve 5.2mg in 60μL water or DMSO)	50-1941-24	52mg	300.00

Dipivaloyl 6-FAM-TEG Azide

**G**len Research is offering first our most popular labels for general interest and, subsequently, we will add azide products that are not compatible with phosphoramidite chemistry.

Biotin is still our most commonly used label and biotinTEG, with its hydrophilic triethylene glycol spacer, is the most popular biotin product. Desthiobiotin is a biotin analogue that is well captured by streptavidin but the captured product can be easily released by applying a biotin solution to the streptavidin beads. 6-FAM is our most popular fluorescein derivative and we offer azides of both 6-FAM and pivaloyl-protected 6-FAM for situations where subsequent reactions require the 6-FAM to be protected. In both 6-FAM products, the hydrophilic TEG spacer is again used. The azides are offered in 25 and 100 µmole packs for convenient oligonucleotide labelling.

7-Hydroxycoumarin, also known as umbelliferone, is a highly fluorescent, pH-sensitive fluorophore that emits in the blue region of the spectrum. However, its fluorescence is strongly quenched if the hydroxyl is alkylated or phosphorylated, making it useful in high-throughput screening for phosphatases and lipases. Interestingly, it was found that the 3-azido derivative is also highly quenched but, upon reaction with an alkyne in the presence of copper to form the triazole, the fluorescence is restored. The clicked coumarin emits at a lambda max of 480 nm and absorbs at 358 nm.

HEX and TET are two of our most popular fluorescein-based dyes for labelling oligonucleotides. We are happy to offer 6-HEX and 6-TET Azides for use in click conjugations.

Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
50-2000-92	25 μmole	150.00
50-2000-90	100 µmole	450.00
50-2001-92	25 μmole	135.00
50-2001-90	100 μmole	400.00
50-2002-92	25 μmole	230.00
50-2002-90	100 μmole	690.00
50-2003-92	25 μmole	180.00
50-2003-90	100 µmole	540.00
50-2004-92	25 μmole	115.00
50-2004-90	100 µmole	350.00
50-2005-92	25 umole	150.00
50-2005-90	100 μmole	450.00
50-2006-92	25 umole	150.00
50-2006-90	100 µmole	450.00
	50-2000-92 50-2000-90 50-2001-92 50-2001-90 50-2002-92 50-2002-90 50-2003-92 50-2003-90 50-2004-92 50-2004-90 50-2005-92 50-2006-92	50-2000-92 25 μmole 50-2001-92 25 μmole 50-2001-92 25 μmole 50-2001-90 100 μmole  50-2002-92 25 μmole 50-2002-90 100 μmole  50-2003-92 25 μmole 50-2003-90 100 μmole  50-2004-92 25 μmole 50-2004-90 100 μmole  50-2005-92 25 μmole 50-2005-90 100 μmole

6-FAM-TEG Azide

### REFERENCE

(1) J. Gierlich, G.A. Burley, P.M. Gramlich, D.M. Hammond, and T. Carell, *Org Lett*, 2006, **8**, 3639-42.

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

6-HEX Azide

6-TET Azide

Two nitroxide spin labels, TEMPO Azide and TEMPO-TEG Azide, for site directed spin labelling (SDSL) are now offered.

Click Chemistry with psoralen azide and one of our many nucleosidic and non-nucleosidic alkyne derivatives has the potential to generate a variety of practical cross-linkers. The well known reversible cross-linking behavior of psoralen with an adjacent thymidine residue could be very useful.

To better address applications in near-infrared (NIR) imaging, Glen Research is offering a water soluble Disulfo-Cyanine 7 azide that can be easily conjugated to DNA and RNA through standard click chemistry. This long wavelength dye offers the benefits of improved solubility, reduced aggregation, and improved stability in the near-infrared spectrum along with the convenience of click chemistry.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
TEMPO Azide	50-2007-92	25 μmole	115.00
	50-2007-90	100 μmole	350.00
TEMPO-TEG Azide	50-2008-92	25 μmole	135.00
	50-2008-90	100 μmole	400.00
Psoralen Azide	50-2009-92	25 μmole	115.00
	50-2009-90	100 μmole	350.00
Disulfo-Cyanine 7 Azide	50-2010-92	25 μmole	325.00
	50-2010-90	100 μmole	975.00

### SERINOL REAGENTS FOR MODIFICATION AND LABELLING

Most popular non-nucleosidic phosphoramidites for modification and labelling are based on two structural types: 1,2-diols and 1,3-diols. Products based on a 1,2-diol backbone were first described to allow amino-modification and biotin labelling. Technically, the 1,2-diol backbone has some drawbacks relative to the 1,3-diol backbone. The 1,2-diol backbone can participate in a dephosphorylation reaction since the 1,2-diol can form a favored 5-membered cyclic phosphate intermediate. This reaction is competitive with simple hydrolysis of the protecting groups and leads to some loss of label. However, the degree of loss at the 3' terminus can be limited by the removal of the cyanoethyl protecting group using DBU or diethylamine prior to the cleavage and deprotection steps. Similarly, loss at the 5' terminus can be eliminated by retaining the DMT group until the oligo is fully deprotected. Fortunately, the elimination reaction is virtually non-existent in the 1,3-diol backbone since the cyclic intermediate would be a 6-membered ring which is not favored for a cyclic phosphate intermediate.

IVD customers have requested a new backbone based on a 1,3-diol that would overcome any technical or IP issues surrounding our current products. We now offer a line of products based on the serinol backbone, which have been developed in close collaboration between Glen Research and Nelson Biotechnologies. Protected Biotin Serinol Phosphoramidite and CPG are protected with a *t*-butylbenzoyl group on the biotin ring. This group is designed to stop any phosphoramidite reactions at this active position in biotin. This protection avoids branching when using nucleophilic activators like DCI. The protecting group is easily removed during oligonucleotide cleavage and deprotection. The BiotinLC versions are similarly protected and should be useful for the synthesis of highly sensitive biotinylated probes. 6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite and CPG are designed to prepare oligonucleotides containing one or several 6-Fluorescein (6-FAM) residues. Amino-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite and CPG are used to add amino groups into one or several positions in oligonucleotides. The amino group is protected with Fmoc, which may be removed on the synthesis column prior to solid-phase conjugation to the amino groups, or which may be removed during deprotection for subsequent solution phase conjugation to the amino groups.

Combining lipoic acid and our patented serinol backbone, we now offer Dithiol Serinol Phosphoramidite and the related 3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG. This unique architecture incorporates a linker that moves the bulky dithiol away from the phosphate backbone. The long spacer arm of Dithiol Serinol also allows multiple consecutive incorporations of the modifier without the need for intermediate spacer phosphoramidite additions to achieve optimal stepwise coupling efficiency.

We offer two products for use in Click Chemistry based upon our 1,3-diol product portfolio with the serinol backbone – a phosphoramidite for adding an alkyne group at the 5' terminus or within the sequence, and a synthesis support for labelling the 3' terminus of oligonucleotides with an alkyne group.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Protected Biotin Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1993-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1993-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1993-02	0.25g	675.00
6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1994-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1994-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1994-02	0.25g	595.00

# S ODMT O-P-N(iPr)2 O-CNEt

O-P-N(iPr)<sub>2</sub>
O-CNEt

6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Serinol Reagents for Modification and Labelling are covered by US Patent No.: 8.394.948.

### SERINOL REAGENTS FOR MODIFICATION AND LABELLING (CONT.)

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septumcapped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

### Monomers

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Protected BiotinLC Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1995-95	50 μmole	205.00
	10-1995-90	100 μmole	365.00
	10-1995-02	0.25g	675.00
Amino-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1997-95	50 μmole	125.00
	10-1997-90	100 μmole	225.00
	10-1997-02	0.25g	595.00
Dithiol Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1991-95	50 μmole	120.00
	10-1991-90	100 μmole	215.00
	10-1991-02	0.25g	585.00
Alkyne-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1992-95	50 μmole	100.00
	10-1992-90	100 μmole	185.00
	10-1992-02	0.25g	575.00

Protected BiotinLC Serinol Phosphoramidite

**Dithiol Serinol** 

Alkyne-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite

### SERINOL REAGENTS FOR MODIFICATION AND LABELLING (CONT.)

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG	20-2993-01	0.1q	120.00
	20-2993-10	1.0g	995.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2993-42	Pack of 4	120.00
1 μmole columns	20-2993-41	Pack of 4	200.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2993-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-2993-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-6-Fluorescein Serinol CPG	20-2994-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2994-10	1.0g	995.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2994-42	Pack of 4	120.00
1 μmole columns	20-2994-41	Pack of 4	200.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2994-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2994-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG	20-2995-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2995-10	1.0g	995.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2995-42	Pack of 4	120.00
1 μmole columns	20-2995-41	Pack of 4	200.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2995-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-2995-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-Amino-Modifier Serinol CPG	20-2997-01	0.1g	95.00
	20-2997-10	1.0g	675.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2997-42	Pack of 4	85.00
1 μmole columns	20-2997-41	Pack of 4	140.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2997-13	Pack of 1	250.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2997-14	Pack of 1	375.00

# NH NH O O O THOUSE THE CODMT O-succinyl-CPG

Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

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Monomers For Instrument type	Add
expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### SERINOL REAGENTS FOR MODIFICATION AND LABELLING (CONT.)

All minor bases, RNA products and
modifiers are packaged in septum-
capped vials suitable for ABI and other
instruments. If you would like another
type of vial/column add the following
to the end of the catalog number

OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This product is covered under US Patent 8.945.515 B2.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG	20-2991-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2991-10	1.0g	995.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2991-42	Pack of 4	120.00
1 µmole columns	20-2991-41	Pack of 4	200.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2991-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2991-14	Pack of 1	450.00
3'-Alkyne-Modifier Serinol CPG	20-2992-01	0.1g	105.00
	20-2992-10	1.0g	800.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2992-42	Pack of 4	100.00
1 µmole columns	20-2992-41	Pack of 4	175.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2992-13	Pack of 1	260.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2992-14	Pack of 1	390.00

### **COT SERINOL PHOSPHORAMIDITE**

Bright, long-lasting and non-phototoxic organic fluorophores are essential for the continued optimization of a diverse range of imaging applications. However, all currently available technologies remain susceptible to undesirable transitions to dark states. Dark states arise from non-fluorescent triplet electronic configurations from which the rate of return to the ground state is slow. When in the triplet state, the fluorophore is susceptible to photobleaching and fluorescence applications are compromised by unpredictably reducing the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR), as well as limiting the total duration of time over which information can be gathered. The direct conjugation of small-molecule protective agents (PAs) has enabled significant improvements through intra-molecular triplet quenching. Through a partnership with Lumidyne Technologies, Glen Research has created a novel PA-linked phosphoramidite using cyclooctatetraene (COT). COT Serinol Phosphoramidite provides a means to improve the photostability of virtually any fluorophore in a modular fashion. Our spectrofluorometric studies show that the presence of COT limited the amount of photobleaching of an oligo containing the cyanine 5 dye.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
COT Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1996-95 10-1996-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	310.00 600.00
	10-1996-02	0.25g	1800.00

### **DABCYL LABELLING**

A molecular beacon probe1 has its natural fluorescence quenched in solution unless it is hybridized to the target sequence. Consequently, the design of a molecular beacon requires a fluorophore to be in one part of the sequence and the quencher molecule to be in another, with both molecules being separated from the oligonucleotide by a hydrocarbon spacer. The Dabcyl group has been found to be a universal quencher. 3'-Dabsyl CPG and 3'-Dabcyl CPG are used to prepare probes with the quencher blocking the 3'-terminus. 5'-Dabcyl Phosphoramidite locates the quencher at the 5'-terminus and Dabcyl-dT places it within the sequence, leaving the 3'-terminus available for polymerase extension.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
3'-Dabsyl CPG	20-5911-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-5911-10	1.0g	975.00
1 μmole columns	20-5911-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5911-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5911-13	Pack of 1	350.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5911-14	Pack of 1	500.00
3'-Dabcyl CPG	20-5912-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-5912-10	1.0g	975.00
1 μmole columns	20-5912-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5912-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5912-13	Pack of 1	350.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5912-14	Pack of 1	500.00
3'-Dabcyl PS	26-5912-01	0.1g	125.00
	26-5912-10	1.0g	1025.00
200 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-5912-52	Pack of 10	300.00
40 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-5912-55	Pack of 10	300.00
Dabcyl-dT	10-1058-95	50 μmole	180.00
	10-1058-90	100 μmole	325.00
	10-1058-02	0.25g	675.00
5'-Dabcyl Phosphoramidite	10-5912-95	50 μmole	125.00
	10-5912-90	100 μmole	225.00
	10-5912-02	0.25g	650.00
O NH-CPG	Q	NH-CPG	

Dabsyl CPG

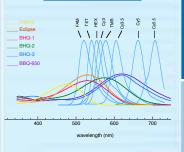
Dabcyl-dT

Dabcyl CPG

### REFERENCE

(1) S. Tyagi and F.R. Kramer, Nature Biotechnology, 1996, 4, 303-308.

### DYE QUENCHER PLOT



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

P-N(IPr)2 O-CNEt

5'-Dabcyl Phosphoramidite

95

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### **BIOTIN LABELLING**

Glen Research biotin phosphoramidites for direct labelling of synthetic oligonucleotides exhibit the following features:

- 1. All are soluble in acetonitrile at concentrations useful for DNA synthesis.
- 2. All include a DMT group for cartridge purifications which is essential for the preparation of biotinylated PCR primers because of the potential for cross contamination in HPLC purifications.
- 3. For the development of diagnostic probes, biotin phosphoramidite is capable of branching to allow multiple biotins to be introduced at the 3'- or 5'-terminus. BiotinTEG Phosphoramidite contains a 15 atom mixed polarity spacer arm based on a triethylene glycol.
- 4. Protected Biotin Serinol Phosphoramidite and CPG are protected with a *t*-butylbenzoyl group on the biotin ring. This group is designed to stop any phosphoramidite reactions at this active position in biotin. This protection avoids branching when using nucleophilic activators like DCI. The protecting group is easily removed during oligonucleotide cleavage and deprotection. The BiotinLC versions are similarly protected and should be useful for the synthesis of highly sensitive biotinylated probes.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Biotin Phosphoramidite	10-1953-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1953-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1953-02	0.25g	675.00
BiotinTEG Phosphoramidite	10-1955-95	50 μmole	165.00
Biotime i nosprioramiente	10-1955-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1955-02	0.25g	675.00
Protected Biotin Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1993-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1993-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1993-02	0.25g	675.00
D ( )   D; (;   O C ;   D	40 4005 05	50	005.00
Protected BiotinLC Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1995-95	50 μmole	205.00
	10-1995-90	100 μmole	365.00
	10-1995-02	0.25g	675.00

### **BIOTIN LABELLING (CONT.)**

Biotin-dT can replace dT residues within the oligonucleotide sequence. 5'-Biotin phosphoramidite can be added ONLY ONCE to the 5'-terminus of an oligonucleotide. However, the DMT group on the biotin can be used in RP cartridge and HPLC purification techniques. PC Biotin is a photocleavable 5'-biotin phosphoramidite. BiotinTEG CPG and Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG are designed for the direct synthesis of oligonucleotides containing biotin at the 3' terminus.

Desthiobiotin is a biotin analogue that exhibits lower binding to biotin-binding proteins such as streptavidin. This biotin analogue is lacking the sulfur group from the molecule and has a dissociation constant (Kd) several orders of magnitude less than biotin/streptavidin. As a result, biomolecules containing desthiobiotin are dissociated from streptavidin simply in the presence of buffered solutions of biotin. We offer desthiobiotinTEG phosphoramidite and the corresponding CPG.

ABI-style vials and columns are supplied unless otherwise requested (see note box).

Iltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Biotin Phosphoramidite	10-5950-95	50 μmole	125.00
	10-5950-90	100 μmole	225.00
	10-5950-02	0.25g	650.00
Biotin-dT	10-1038-95	50 μmole	167.50
	10-1038-90	100 μmole	325.00
	10-1038-02	0.25g	625.00
PC Biotin Phosphoramidite	10-4950-95	50 μmole	145.00
	10-4950-90	100 μmole	280.00
	10-4950-02	0.25g	675.00
DesthiobiotinTEG Phosphoramidite	10-1952-95	50 μmole	185.00
	10-1952-90	100 μmole	335.00
	10-1952-02	0.25q	775.00

# 

SEE ALSO

PC Biotin Phosphoramidite

p83

### **BIOTIN LABELLING (CONT.)**

All minor bases, RNA products and
modifiers are packaged in septum-
capped vials suitable for ABI and other
instruments. If you would like another
type of vial/column add the following
to the end of the catalog number.

OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

3'-BiotinTEG CPG  20-2955-01  0.1 g 120.0  0.2 µmole columns 20-2955-42 1 µmole columns 20-2955-41 10 µmole columns 20-2955-41 10 µmole column (ABI) 20-2955-13 15 µmole column (Expedite) 20-2955-14 20 nmole column (Expedite) 20-2955-14 20 nmole columns 20-2955-15 26-2955-10 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-52 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-52 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 26-2955-10 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 26-2955-50 20 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 26-2955-10 20 nmole columns 20-2933-01 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-11 20-20-2993-11 20-20-2993-11 20-20-2993-11 20-2993-12 20-2993-13 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-15 20-2993-16 20-2993-17 20-2993-19 20-2993-19 20-2993-19 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 20-2993-11 20-20-2993				
20-2955-10   1.0g   995.0	lltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$
0.2 μmole columns 1 μmole column (ABI) 1 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2955-14 1 Pack of 4 200.0 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-14 20-2955-16 20-2955-10 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-52 26-2955-52 200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 26-2955-55 20-200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 20-293-01 20-2993-10 20-2993-10 1.0g 20-2993-10 1.0g 20-2993-10 1.0g 995.0 0.2 μmole columns 20-2993-42 20-2993-41 20-2993-41 20-2993-41 20-2993-41 20-2993-13 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-10 1.0g 995.0 3'-Protected Biotin (Expedite) 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2993-14 20-2995-10 1.0g 995.0 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2995-10 1.0g 995.0 0.2 μmole columns 20-2995-10 1.0g 995.0 0.2 μmole columns 20-2995-14 20-2995-14 20-2995-15 15 μmole column (ABI) 20-2995-14 20-2952-14	3'-BiotinTEG CPG	20-2955-01	0.1g	120.00
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15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2955-14 Pack of 1 450.0  3'-BiotinTEG PS  26-2955-01 0.1g 125.0  200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-52 Pack of 10 300.0  40 nmole columns (AB 3900) 26-2955-55 Pack of 10 300.0  3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG  20-2993-01 0.1g 120.0  20-2993-10 1.0g 995.0  0.2 μmole columns 20-2993-42 Pack of 4 120.0  10 μmole column (ABI) 20-2993-13 Pack of 1 300.0  15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2993-14 Pack of 1 450.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-01 0.1g 120.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-10 1.0g 995.0  0.2 μmole columns 20-2995-42 Pack of 4 120.0  1 μmole columns 20-2995-42 Pack of 1 300.0  15 μmole columns 20-2995-41 Pack of 1 20.0  10 μmole column (ABI) 20-2995-11 0.1g 120.0  10 μmole columns 20-2995-41 Pack of 4 120.0  10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2995-11 Pack of 1 450.0  DesthiobiotinTEG CPG  20-2995-14 Pack of 1 300.0  15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2995-14 Pack of 1 450.0  DesthiobiotinTEG CPG  20-2952-10 0.1g 140.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-10 1.0g 1150.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-10 1.0g 1150.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-10 1.0g 1150.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-11 Pack of 4 230.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 140.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 140.0  1 μmole columns 20-2952-14 Pack of 1 345.0  10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2952-13 Pack of 1 345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2952-14 Pack of 1 520.0	1 μmole columns	20-2955-41	Pack of 4	200.00
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40 nmole columns (ÅB 3900)  3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG  20-2993-01  0.2 μmole columns  20-2993-42  1 μmole columns  20-2993-41  10 μmole column (ABI)  20-2993-13  3-Protected Biotin CPG  20-2993-14  Pack of 4  200.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2993-14  Pack of 1  450.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-01  0.1g  120.0  20-2993-14  Pack of 1  450.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-10  0.1g  120.0  20-2995-10  1.0g  995.0  0.2 μmole columns  20-2995-42  Pack of 4  120.0  10 μmole column (ABI)  20-2995-41  Pack of 4  200.0  15 μmole column (ABI)  20-2995-13  Pack of 1  300.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2995-14  Pack of 1  450.0  DesthiobiotinTEG CPG  20-2952-10  1.0g  1150.0  0.2 μmole columns  20-2952-10  1.0g  1150.0  0.2 μmole columns  20-2952-11  Pack of 4  230.0  10 μmole column (ABI)  20-2952-11  Pack of 4  230.0  15 μmole column (ABI)  20-2952-13  Pack of 1  345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  345.0		26-2955-10	1.0g	1025.00
3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG  20-2993-01  0.2 µmole columns  20-2993-42  1 µmole columns  20-2993-41  1 µmole columns  20-2993-41  10 µmole column (ABI)  15 µmole column (Expedite)  20-2993-13  20-2993-14  20-2993-13  20-2993-14  20-2993-14  20-2993-14  20-2993-10  1.0g  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-10  1.0g  995.0  0.2 µmole columns  20-2995-42  1 µmole columns  20-2995-42  1 µmole column (ABI)  20-2995-13  20-2995-13  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2995-14  20-2952-10  1.0g  1150.0  0.2 µmole column (Expedite)  0.1g  140.0  15 µmole column (Expedite)  20-2995-14  20-2952-10  1.0g  1150.0  0.2 µmole columns  20-2952-11  20-2952-11  1 µmole columns  20-2952-12  20-2952-13  20-2952-13  20-2952-14  20-2952-13  20-2952-14  20-2952	200 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2955-52	Pack of 10	300.0
20-2993-10 1.0g 995.0  0.2 μmole columns 20-2993-42 Pack of 4 120.0 1 μmole columns 20-2993-41 Pack of 4 200.0 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-2993-13 Pack of 1 300.0 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2993-14 Pack of 1 450.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG 20-2995-01 0.1g 120.0 20-2995-10 1.0g 995.0  0.2 μmole columns 20-2995-42 Pack of 4 120.0 1 μmole columns 20-2995-41 Pack of 4 200.0 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-2995-13 Pack of 1 300.0 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-2995-14 Pack of 1 450.0  DesthiobiotinTEG CPG 20-2952-01 0.1g 140.0  0.2 μmole columns 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 140.0 1 μmole columns 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 140.0 1 μmole columns 20-2952-15 Pack of 4 140.0 1 μmole columns 20-2952-16 Pack of 4 130.0 1 μmole columns 20-2952-17 Pack of 4 130.0 1 μmole columns 20-2952-18 Pack of 4 130.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-11 Pack of 4 230.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 230.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 230.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 230.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 4 230.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 1 345.0 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-2952-14 Pack of 1 345.0	40 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-2955-55	Pack of 10	300.0
20-2993-10   1.0g   995.0	3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG	20-2993-01	0.1g	120.0
0.2 μmole columns   20-2993-42   Pack of 4   120.0     1 μmole columns   20-2993-41   Pack of 4   200.0     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-2993-13   Pack of 1   300.0     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2993-14   Pack of 1   450.0     3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG   20-2995-01   0.1g   120.0     20-2995-10   1.0g   995.0     0.2 μmole columns   20-2995-42   Pack of 4   120.0     1 μmole columns   20-2995-41   Pack of 4   200.0     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-2995-13   Pack of 1   300.0     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2995-14   Pack of 1   450.0     DesthiobiotinTEG CPG   20-2952-01   0.1g   140.0     1 μmole columns   20-2952-10   1.0g   1150.0     0.2 μmole columns   20-2952-42   Pack of 4   140.0     1 μmole columns   20-2952-42   Pack of 4   140.0     1 μmole columns   20-2952-13   Pack of 4   230.0     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-2952-13   Pack of 1   345.0     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-13   Pack of 1   345.0     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-2952-14   Pack of 1   520.0     10 μmole co				995.0
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15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2993-14  Pack of 1  450.0  3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  20-2995-01  0.2 μmole columns  20-2995-42  1 μmole columns  20-2995-41  10 μmole column (ABI)  20-2995-13  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2995-14  Pack of 1  300.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  450.0  DesthiobiotinTEG CPG  20-2952-10  0.1g  140.0  20-2952-10  1.0g  1150.0  0.2 μmole columns  20-2952-42  Pack of 4  1 μmole columns  20-2952-42  Pack of 4  1 μmole columns  10 μmole column (ABI)  10 μmole column (ABI)  20-2952-13  Pack of 1  345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)  1 μmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  345.0  15 μmole column (Expedite)				
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15 µmole column (Expedite)  20-2952-14  Pack of 1  520.0  NH  Protected Biotin Serinol CPG  NH  O-succinyl-CPG  NH  O-succinyl-CPG  NH  O-succinyl-CPG	·			
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Protected Biotin Serinol CPG O-succinyl-CPG NH O-succinyl-CPG O-succinyl-CPG	NH			
Protected Biotin Serinol CPG  S  ODMT  O-succinyl-Icaa		<b>)</b> —(		
	Protected Biotin Serinol CPG O-succiny	I-CPG S NH	BiotinTEG CPG	ODMT O-succinyl-lcaa-
	\$ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		ОДМТ	
	Ö  Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG	Î	O-succinyl-CPG	
O-succinyl-CPG  Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG		NH		
O-succinyl-CPG  Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG		, NH	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ОООМТ
Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG  NH NH NH O O-succinyl-CPG  NH NH O O O DDMT		0	DesthiobiotinTEG CPG	Ö-succinyl-lcaa

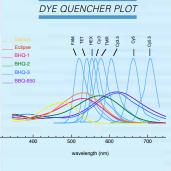
### **FLUORESCEIN LABELLING**

**5**'-Fluorescein phosphoramidite contains no 4,4'-dimethoxytrityl (DMT) group and can be added only once at the 5'-terminus, thereby terminating synthesis. This product is prepared using the 6-carboxyfluorescein derivative. The tetrachloro- and dichloro-dimethoxy-fluorescein (TET, HEX and JOE, respectively) phosphoramidites are designed to take advantage of the multicolor detection capability of modern DNA sequencers and genetic analyzers. Fluorescein phosphoramidite is designed to produce the same fluorescein-type structure as had been previously prepared using fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC). Our fluorescein phosphoramidite also contains a DMT group to allow quantification of coupling. The analogous structure, 6-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite, prepared using 6-FAM, is also available, along with 6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite. Fluorescein-dT can be inserted into the desired sequence as a replacement for a dT residue.

We offer five fluorescein supports. Fluorescein CPG has traditionally been used to add the fluorescein label at the 3'-terminus. The analogous structure, 3'-(6-Fluorescein) CPG, prepared using 6-FAM, is now also available, along with 6-Fluorescein Serinol CPG. We also offer 3'-(6-FAM) CPG and Fluorescein-dT CPG, both derivatives of 6-carboxyfluorescein (6-FAM). Both are single isomers and use an amide linkage which is stable during cleavage and deprotection and does not allow isomer formation. 3'-(6-FAM) CPG allows effective blockage of the 3'-terminus from polymerase extension as well as exonuclease digestion. Fluorescein-dT CPG allows both of these enzymatic activities to proceed. Normal cleavage and deprotection with ammonium hydroxide readily generates the fluorescein labelled oligos.

The spectral characteristics of these dyes are detailed on the following page.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	10-5901-95	50 μmole	110.00
(6-FAM)	10-5901-90 10-5901-02	100 μmole	215.00
	10-5901-02	0.25g	575.00
5'-Hexachloro-Fluorescein	10-5902-95	50 μmole	190.00
Phosphoramidite	10-5902-90	100 μmole	375.00
(HEX)	10-5902-02	0.25g	875.00
5'-Tetrachloro-Fluorescein	10-5903-95	50 μmole	180.00
Phosphoramidite	10-5903-90	100 μmole	350.00
(TET)	10-5903-02	0.25g	875.00
5'-Dichloro-dimethoxy-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite II	10-5906-95	50 μmole	105.00
(JOE)	10-5906-90	100 μmole	198.00
	10-5906-02	0.25g	495.00



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

### **FLUORESCEIN LABELLING (CONT.)**

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	10-1963-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1963-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1963-02	0.25g	595.00
6-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	10-1964-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1964-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1964-02	0.25g	595.00
6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite	10-1994-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1994-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1994-02	0.25g	595.00
Fluorescein-dT Phosphoramidite	10-1056-95	50 μmole	180.00
	10-1056-90	100 μmole	325.00
	10-1056-02	0.25g	675.00

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

FLUORESCENT DYES

Color

Green

Orange

Pink

Rose

Red

Purple

Violet

Dark Blue

Yellow

Red

548nm Orange/Pink

Emission Maximum

525nm

536nm

556nm

551nm

580nm

563nm

604nm

662nm

707nm

549nm

595nm

Absorbance

Maximum

494nm

521nm

535nm

538nm

525nm

565nm

546nm

588nm

646nm

683nm

Yakima Yellow 530nm

Redmond Red 579nm

Fluorescein

Tetrachloro-

Fluorescein Hexachloro-

Fluorescein SIMA (HEX)

Dichloro-

Cy3

Cy3.5

Cy5

Cy5.5

dimethoxy-Fluorescein TAMRA

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Е
MerMade	М

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	Μ

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

Fluorescein Phosphoramidite

Fluorescein dT

6-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite

6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite

100

### **FLUORESCEIN LABELLING (CONT.)**

	ltem		Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
	3'-Fluorescein CPG		20-2963-01	0.1g	120.00
	1		20-2963-10	1.0g	995.00
	1 μmole columns		20-2963-41	Pack of 4 Pack of 4	200.00
	0.2 μmole columns		20-2963-42		120.00
	10 μmole column (ABI)		20-2963-13	Pack of 1	300.00
	15 μmole column (Expedite)		20-2963-14	Pack of 1	450.00
	3'-(6-Fluorescein) CPG		20-2964-01	0.1g	120.00
			20-2964-10	1.0g	995.00
	1 μmole columns		20-2964-41	Pack of 4	200.00
	0.2 μmole columns		20-2964-42	Pack of 4	120.00
	10 μmole column (ABI)		20-2964-13	Pack of 1	300.00
	15 µmole column (Expedite)		20-2964-14	Pack of 1	450.00
	3'-(6-FAM) CPG		20-2961-01	0.1g	120.00
	3 (6 1711) 21 3		20-2961-10	1.0q	995.00
	1 μmole columns		20-2961-41	Pack of 4	200.00
	0.2 μmole columns		20-2961-42	Pack of 4	120.00
	10 μmole column (ABI)		20-2961-42	Pack of 1	300.00
	15 µmole column (Expedite)		20-2961-13	Pack of 1	450.00
	13 µmore column (Expedite)		20-2301-14	Tack of T	430.00
	3'-(6-FAM) PS		26-2961-01	0.1g	130.00
			26-2961-10	1.0g	1045.00
	200 nmole columns (AB 3900)		26-2961-52	Pack of 10	300.00
	40 nmole columns (AB 3900)		26-2961-55	Pack of 10	300.00
	3'-6-Fluorescein Serinol CPG		20-2994-01	0.1g	120.00
	o o riudicisceni seniloi ei o		20-2994-10	1.0q	995.00
	0.2 μmole columns		20-2994-42	Pack of 4	120.00
	1 μmole columns		20-2994-41	Pack of 4	200.00
	10 µmole column (ABI)		20-2994-13	Pack of 1	300.00
1	15 μmole column (Expedite)		20-2994-14	Pack of 1	450.00
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		0	70		Q
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	s"		ODMT	$\vee$ $\vee$ $\vee$	1
	ODMT		O-succinyl-CPG		ÖDMT
	3'-Fluorescein CPG	3'-(6-FI	luorescein) CPG	3'-(6-FAM) CPG	
			-		
	0.	Ĭ			
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	HŃ	ODMT			
			ODC.		
	3'-6-Fluorescein	O-succinyl-C	SPG .		
	J-0-HUUIESCEIII.	Je. mor er o			

# Dated Eclipse BHO-1 BHO-2 BHO-3 BBO-650 BO 600 Wavelength (nm)

http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

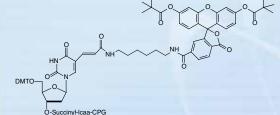
### FLUORESCEIN LABELLING (CONT.)

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-Fluorescein-dT CPG	20-2056-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2056-10	1.0g	995.00
1 μmole columns	20-2056-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2056-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2056-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-2056-14	Pack of 1	450.00

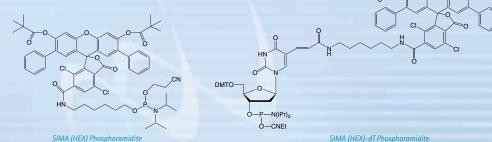
### FLUORESCEIN LABELLING (SIMA)

Dichloro-diphenyl-fluorescein, SIMA (HEX) exhibits virtually identical absorbance and emission spectra to HEX. SIMA (HEX) is much more stable to basic deprotection conditions than HEX and oligonucleotides can be deprotected using ammonium hydroxide at elevated temperatures and even ammonium hydroxide/methylamine (AMA) at room temperature or 65°C for 10 minutes. SIMA absorption maximum was 3 nm blue-shifted compared to HEX at pH 7. The absorbance is broader, so the extinction coefficient is smaller than that of HEX, but when exciting at 500 nm where the absorbance was normalized, the emission was still 90% of HEX and the emission was red-shifted by 5 nm. A second SIMA (HEX) product, SIMA (HEX)-dT, can be used to introduce SIMA (HEX) in the synthetic oligonucleotide sequence, usually as a replacement for the native dT linkage. Again, this product is fully compatible with deprotection schemes using ammonium hydroxide at elevated temperatures or AMA at room temperature and 65°C.

ltem	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
SIMA (HEX) Phosphoramidite	10-5905-95	50 μmole	90.00
	10-5905-90	100 μmole	175.00
	10-5905-02	0.25g	400.00
SIMA (HEX)-dT Phosphoramidite	10-5945-95	50 μmole	345.00
	10-5945-90	100 μmole	675.00
	10-5945-02	0.25g	995.00



3'-Fluorescein-dT CPG



### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Add

# Monomers For Instrument type

Expedite E MerMade M

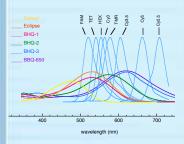
### Columns

For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### DYE QUENCHER PLOT



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

### **RHODAMINE (TAMRA) LABELLING**

Rhodamine derivatives are not sufficiently stable to survive conventional deprotection and these must be attached to aminomodified oligonucleotides using post-synthesis labelling techniques. Because Tetramethyl Rhodamine (TAMRA) is not base stable, the procedure to cleave and deprotect the labelled oligonucleotide must be carefully considered. Using the UltraMILD monomers and deprotection with potassium carbonate in methanol, TAMRA oligonucleotides can be fairly conveniently isolated. To streamline the preparation of TAMRA oligos, we offer 3'-TAMRA CPG for 3' labelling and TAMRA-dT for labelling within the sequence. We also offer TAMRA NHS ester for labelling amino-modified oligonucleotides.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-TAMRA CPG	20-5910-01	0.1g	120.00
1 μmole columns	20-5910-10 20-5910-41	1.0g Pack of 4	995.00 200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5910-42	Pack of 4	120.00
3'-TAMRA PS	26-5910-01 26-5910-10	0.1g 1.0g	130.00 1045.00
200 nmole columns (AB 3900) 40 nmole columns (AB 3900)	26-5910-52 26-5910-55	Pack of 10 Pack of 10	300.00 300.00
TAMRA-dT	10-1057-95 10-1057-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	250.00 495.00
	10-1057-02	0.25g	975.00
TAMRA NHS Ester (Solution in anhydrous DMSO)	50-5910-66	60 μL	240.00

O<sub>2</sub>C NHS

TAMRA NHS Ester

### SEE ALSO

UltraMILD monomers p69 Oligo-Click-M-TAMRA p85

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

### Monomers For Instrument type

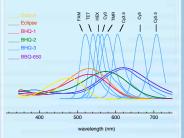
or Instrument type	Add
xpedite	Е
/lerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### DYE QUENCHER PLOT



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

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**Phone:** (703) 437-6191, (800) 327-4536, **Fax:** (703) 435-9774

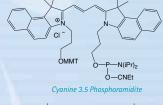
### **CYANINE LABELLING**

Two cyanine derivatives, Cyanine 3 and Cyanine 5, which differ in structure simply by the number of carbons in the conjugated poly-ene linkage, are joined by the closely related analogues, Cyanine 3.5 and Cyanine 5.5, and are available as phosphoramidites. Cyanine dyes are normally added once at the 5'-terminus and the MMT group should be removed on the synthesizer. The absorbance of the MMT cation (yellow) is noticeably different from the DMT cation (orange), and so, absorbance-based trityl monitors will detect it incorrectly as a low coupling. On the other hand, conductivity detectors will interpret the release more correctly. Cyanine dye phosphoramidites have also been used successfully adjacent to the 3'-terminus. Cyanine 3 and Cyanine 5 supports are also offered to allow simpler production of 3' cyanine dye-labelled oligonucleotides.

Deprotection of oligos containing Cyanine dyes may be carried out with ammonium hydroxide at room temperature, regardless of the base protecting groups on the monomers used. If there is a need to use ammonium hydroxide at elevated temperature, Cyanine 3 and Cyanine 3.5 are more stable than Cyanine 5 and Cyanine 5.5. However, it is always prudent to use monomers with base labile protecting groups to limit the exposure time to 2 hours or less at 65°C during deprotection.

To better address applications in near-infrared (NIR) imaging, Glen Research is offering a water soluble Disulfo-Cyanine 7 azide that can be easily conjugated to DNA and RNA through standard click chemistry. This long wavelength dye offers the benefits of improved solubility, reduced aggregation, and improved stability in the near-infrared spectrum along with the convenience of click chemistry.

ltem	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cyanine 3 Phosphoramidite	10-5913-95	50 μmole	205.00
	10-5913-90	100 μmole	375.00
	10-5913-02	0.25g	925.00
Cyanine 3.5 Phosphoramidite	10-5914-95	50 μmole	220.00
Cyanine 3.3 i nospitoramate	10-5914-90	100 μmole	400.00
	10-5914-02	0.25g	925.00
Cyanine 5 Phosphoramidite	10-5915-95	50 μmole	205.00
o,ae o i nospiiotaa.ee	10-5915-90	100 μmole	375.00
	10-5915-02	0.25g	925.00
Cyanine 5.5 Phosphoramidite	10-5916-95	50 μmole	245.00
Cyannic 6.6 i nosphoramute	10-5916-90	100 μmole	450.00
	10-5916-02	0.25g	925.00



OMMT O\_P\_N(iPr)<sub>2</sub>
O\_CNEt

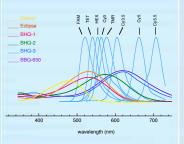
Cyanine 5.5 Phosphoramidite

### SPECTRAL DATA FOR CYANINE DYES

	MUSUIUUIICE	LIIIISSIUII	COIOI
	Maximum	Maximum	
Cyanine 3	546nm	563nm	Red
Cyanine 3.	5 588nm	604nm	Purple
Cyanine 5	646nm	662nm	Violet
Cyanine 5.	5 683nm	707nm	Dark Blue
Cyanine 7	750nm	773nm	Dark Green
(Measured	in an oligo ir	0.1M TEA	A buffer,

### DYE QUENCHER PLOT

pH7.)



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

Cvanine 3 Phosphoramidite

оммт

Cyanine 5 Phosphoramidite

### **CYANINE LABELLING (CONT.)**

Cyanine 3 CPG	20-5913-01	0.1g	160.00
	20-5913-10	1.0g	1250.00
1 μmole columns (TWIST format only)	20-5913-41	Pack of 4	250.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5913-42	Pack of 4	70.00
Cyanine 5 CPG	20-5915-01	0.1g	160.00
	20-5915-10	1.0g	1250.00
1 μmole columns (TWIST format only)	20-5915-41	Pack of 4	250.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5915-42	Pack of 4	70.00
Disulfo-Cyanine 7 Azide	50-2010-92	25 μmole	325.00
	50-2010-90	100 μmole	975.00

### **DYLIGHT™ DYES**

DyLight™ dyes, DY547 and DY647, are phosphoramidite alternatives to Cyanine 3 and Cyanine 5. The performance of these two dyes is similar to the equivalent Cyanine dyes and the absorption and emission spectra are virtually identical. A comparison of the emission or absorbance spectra of oligos shows that the spectra are virtually identical for Cyanine 3 and DY547. Similarly, Cyanine 5 and DY 647 are virtually identical. When oligos containing DY547 were excited at 488 nm, the quantum yield (QY) was 12% greater than oligos containing Cyanine 3. When oligos containing DY647 were excited at 580 nm, the QY was 5% greater and the emission was blue-shifted by only 1 nm compared to Cyanine 5.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
DyLight DY547 Phosphoramidite	10-5917-95	50 μmole	175.00
	10-5917-90	100 μmole	335.00
	10-5917-02	0.25g	995.00
DyLight DY647 Phosphoramidite	10-5918		
(Discontinued. Substitute is Cyanine 5 above.)			

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

DyLight is a trademark of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. and its subsidiaries.

### SEE ALSO

PPG p53 5'-Aldehyde-Modifier C2 p106

### FLUORESCENT DYES

	Absorbance	Emission	Color
	Maximum	Maximum	
Gig Harbor Gree	en 494nm	525nm	Green
Yakima Yellov	v 530nm	549nm	Yellow
Redmond Red	579nm	595nm	Red

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

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A simple agreement must be signed before end-users and custom oligo services may purchase these products for use as defined above. http://www.glenresearch.com/Reference/EpochProducts.pdf

Redmond Red, Yakima Yellow, Gig Harbor Green, and Eclipse are trademarks of Epoch Biosciences,

### **EPOCH DYES AND OUENCHER**

Gen Research's agreement with Epoch Biosciences, Inc., a subsidiary of Nanogen, Inc., allows us to distribute several of Epoch's proprietary products designed for the synthesis of novel DNA probes. We are pleased to offer products based on Epoch's Redmond Red™, Yakima Yellow™ and Gig Harbor Green™ fluorophores and Eclipse™ non-fluorescent quencher. Under our agreement we also supply PPG, a modified nucleoside and 5'-Aldehyde-Modifier C2 Phosphoramidite. The two fluorescent dyes, Yakima Yellow and Redmond Red, are available as phosphoramidites and supports. Yakima Yellow has an absorbance maximum at 530 nm and emission maximum at 549 nm, while Redmond Red's absorbance and emission maxima are at 579 nm and 595 nm, respectively. Gig Harbor Green and 6-FAM are based on the same fluorescein core structure but Gig Harbor Green is 15-20% brighter than FAM.

The Eclipse quencher from Epoch solves most of the problems inherent in the synthesis of molecular beacon and FRET probes. The Eclipse molecule is highly stable and can be used safely in all common oligo deprotection schemes. The absorbance maximum for Eclipse Quencher is at 522 nm, compared to 479 nm for dabcyl. In addition, the structure of the Eclipse Quencher is substantially more electron deficient than that of dabcyl and this leads to better quenching over a wider range of dyes, especially those with emission maxima at longer wavelengths (red shifted) such as Redmond Red and Cy5. In addition, with an absorption range from 390 nm to 625 nm, the Eclipse Quencher is capable of effective performance in a wide range of colored FRET probes.

Cat No

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Epoch Redmond Red™ Phosphoramidite	10-5920-95	50 μmole	220.00
	10-5920-90	100 µmole	420.00
	10-5920-02	0.25g	1045.00
Epoch Yakima Yellow™ Phosphoramidite	10-5921-95	50 μmole	230.00
	10-5921-90	100 μmole	440.00
	10-5921-02	0.25g	1045.00
Epoch Gig Harbor Green™ Phosphoramidite	10-5922-95	50 μmole	182.50
appear organization or cent a mosphoralmare	10-5922-90	100 μmole	345.00
	10-5922-02	0.25g	920.00
	10 0022 02	0.209	020.00
Epoch Eclipse™ Quencher Phosphoramidite	10-5925-95	50 μmole	250.00
,	10-5925-90	100 μmole	480.00
	10-5925-02	0.25g	1185.00
Epoch Redmond Red  NH  O-P-N  CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CN  O-DMT	CI C	CI NH	O-P-N  CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CN
CH	   <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CN	CH <sub>3</sub>	О-ДМТ
Epoch Gig Harbor Green™		Epoch Eclipse™ Quench	er

# MODIFICATION/LABELLING

### **EPOCH DYES AND QUENCHER (CONT.)**

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Epoch Redmond Red™ CPG	20-5920-01	0.1g	180.00
	20-5920-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5920-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5920-42	Pack of 4	150.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5920-13	Pack of 1	750.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5920-14	Pack of 1	1125.00
Epoch Yakima Yellow™ CPG	20-5921-01	0.1g	180.00
	20-5921-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5921-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5921-42	Pack of 4	150.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5921-13	Pack of 1	750.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5921-14	Pack of 1	1125.00
Epoch Eclipse™ Quencher CPG	20-5925-01	0.1g	230.00
	20-5925-10	1.0g	1925.00
1 μmole columns	20-5925-41	Pack of 4	350.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5925-42	Pack of 4	175.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5925-13	Pack of 1	995.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5925-14	Pack of 1	1495.00

# NH-CPG O-DMT O-DMT OCH<sub>3</sub> CI O-DMT O-DMT

Epoch Redmond Red™ CPG

Epoch Eclipse™ Quencher CPG

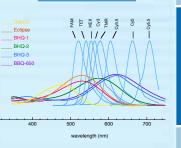
### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### DYE QUENCHER PLOT



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

Epoch Yakima Yellow™ CPG

### TABLE 1: BLACK HOLE QUENCHERS

Quencher	λmax	E260	Emax
	(nm)	(L/mol.cm)	(L/ <u>mol.cm</u> )
BHQ-1	534	8,000	34,000
BHQ-2	579	8,000	38,000
BHQ-3	672	13,000	42,700

### REFERENCES

- S.A.E. Marras, F.R. Kramer, and S. Tyagi, Nucleic Acids Res., 2002, 30, E122.
- (2) M.K. Johansson, H. Fidder, D. Dick, and R.M. Cook, J Am Chem Soc, 2002, 124, 6950-6956.

### SEE OTHER QUENCHERS

Dabcyl	p95
Eclipse™	p106
BBQ-650®	p110

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

"Black Hole Quencher", "BHQ-0", "BHQ-1", "BHQ-1", "BHQ-2" and "BHQ-3" are trademarks of Biosearch Technologies, Inc., Novato, CA. The BHQ dye technology is the subject of pending patents and is licensed and sold under agreement with Biosearch Technologies, Inc.. Products incorporating the BHQ dye moiety are sold exclusively for R&D use by the end-user. They may not be used for clinical or diagnostic purposes and they may not be resold, distributed or re-packaged.

### **BLACK HOLE QUENCHER DYES**

With the growing popularity of red and near-infrared dyes, we are offering the Black Hole Quencher™ dyes (BHQs), whose physical properties are detailed in Table 1. BHQ dyes are robust dark quenchers that very nicely complement our existing product line. They are compatible with ammonium hydroxide deprotection, exhibit excellent coupling efficiencies, have large extinction coefficients and are completely non-fluorescent. Their absorbances are well-tuned to quench a variety of popular fluorophores – even those far into the red, such as Cy3 and Cy5. The dark quencher most typically used in a Molecular Beacon is Dabcyl. Because the quenching does not involve FRET, there is little, if any, dependence upon donor-acceptor spectral overlap. In a comprehensive paper by Marras, Kramer and Tyagi,¹ the ability of BHQ-1 and BHQ-2 to quench 22 different fluorophores was evaluated. For shorter wavelength fluorophores such as fluorescein, the quenching efficiency was roughly the same as Dabcyl (91% − 93%). However, for dyes emitting in the far red, such as Cy5, the BHQ dyes were far superior – quenching the Cy5 with 96% efficiency, compared to 84% with Dabcyl. This may reflect the BHQ's ability to form stable, non-fluorescent complexes which can be a plus even in FRET probes. Indeed, recent work suggests that these non-fluorescent complexes will form even in the absence of a hairpin stem structure used by Molecular Beacons.²

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-BHQ-1 Phosphoramidite	10-5931-95	50 μmole	100.00
	10-5931-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-5931-02	0.25g	700.00
5'-BHQ-2 Phosphoramidite	10-5932-95	50 μmole	100.00
	10-5932-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-5932-02	0.25g	700.00
BHQ-1-dT	10-5941-95	50 μmole	265.00
	10-5941-90	100 μmole	525.00
	10-5941-02	0.25g	925.00
BHQ-2-dT	10-5942-95	50 μmole	265.00
	10-5942-90	100 μmole	525.00
	10-5942-02	0.25g	925.00

# MODIFICATION/LABELLING

### **BLACK HOLE QUENCHER DYES (CONT.)**

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
3'-BHQ-1 CPG	20-5931-01	0.1g	190.00
	20-5931-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5931-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5931-42	Pack of 4	80.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5931-13	Pack of 1	575.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5931-14	Pack of 1	825.00
3'-BHQ-2 CPG	20-5932-01	0.1g	190.00
	20-5932-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5932-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5932-42	Pack of 4	80.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5932-13	Pack of 1	575.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5932-14	Pack of 1	825.00
3'-BHQ-3 CPG	20-5933-01	0.1g	190.00
	20-5933-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5933-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5933-42	Pack of 4	80.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5933-13	Pack of 1	575.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5933-14	Pack of 1	825.00

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

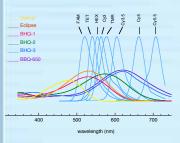
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http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

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#### DYE QUENCHER PLOT



http://www.glenresearch.com/ ProductFiles/Dye\_Quencher\_Plot.pdf

#### **BLACKBERRY® QUENCHER (BBQ-650®)**

We are happy to offer several products containing the BlackBerry® Quencher (BBQ-650®), which exhibits a broad absorption profile from 550nm to 750nm, centered at 650nm. This range offers more effective quenching of some of our popular long wavelength dyes like TAMRA, Redmond Red, Cy dyes and DyLight dyes. We offer BBQ-650 products for the 3' and 5' termini, as well as BBQ-650-dT for inclusion within the oligonucleotide sequence, with the following properties:

- Quenches the fluorescence of long wavelength dyes
- Quenches in FRET and contact mode
- Absorbance maximum at ~650nm
- Quenching range 550-750nm
- Compatible with standard oligo synthesis chemistry
- · Compatible with regular deprotection but requires mild deprotection with AMA at room temperature
- Available for 3', 5', and internal substitution
- More stable than BHQ-3

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
5'-BBQ-650® Phosphoramidite	10-5934-95	50 μmole	160.00
	10-5934-90	100 μmole	305.00
	10-5934-02	0.25g	925.00
BBQ-650®-dT	10-5944-95	50 μmole	280.00
	10-5944-90	100 μmole	545.00
	10-5944-02	0.25g	925.00
3'-BBQ-650® CPG	20-5934-01	0.1g	190.00
	20-5934-10	1.0g	1500.00
1 μmole columns	20-5934-41	Pack of 4	300.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-5934-42	Pack of 4	80.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-5934-13	Pack of 1	575.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-5934-14	Pack of 1	825.00

#### **ACRIDINE LABELLING**

Acridine phosphoramidite is designed to produce an oligonucleotide containing acridine at any position in the molecule. Acridine CPG is used to label the 3'-terminus. Acridine is an effective intercalating agent.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Acridine Phosphoramidite	10-1973-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1973-90 10-1973-02	100 µmole	295.00 675.00
	10-1973-02	0.25g	675.00
3'-Acridine CPG	20-2973-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-2973-10	1.0g	995.00
1 μmole columns	20-2973-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2973-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2973-13	Pack of 1	300.00
15 μmole cloumn (Expedite)	20-2973-14	Pack of 1	450.00

#### **DNP LABELLING**

An analytical test based on detection of 2,4-dinitrophenyl (DNP) labelled oligonucleotides with anti-DNP antibodies has been proposed. We have chosen the branched triethylene glycol (TEG) spacer in our version of DNP phosphoramidite since it can be added once or several times to the 3' or 5' terminus.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
DNP-TEG Phosphoramidite	10-1985-95	50 μmole	165.00
	10-1985-90	100 μmole	295.00
	10-1985-02	0.25g	675.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

#### **CHOLESTEROL LABELLING**

Potential therapeutic oligonucleotides must permeate the cell membrane for optimal activity. The addition of lipophilic groups to an oligonucleotide would be expected to enhance cellular uptake/membrane permeation. The use of cholesteryl oligos and the consequent improvement in activity has been described. We have designed our Cholesteryl products with triethyleneglycol (TEG) spacers for maximum solubility.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Cholesteryl-TEG Phosphoramidite	10-1975-95 10-1975-90 10-1975-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	140.00 265.00 545.00
5'-Cholesteryl-TEG Phosphoramidite	10-1976-95 10-1976-90 10-1976-02	50 μmole 100 μmole 0.25g	95.00 175.00 525.00
3'-Cholesteryl-TEG CPG	20-2975-01 20-2975-10	0.1g 1.0g	85.00 700.00
1 μmole columns	20-2975-41	Pack of 4	140.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-2975-42	Pack of 4	84.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-2975-13	Pack of 1	210.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-2975-14	Pack of 1	315.00

#### **TOCOPHEROL LABELLING**

Vitamin E is both lipophilic and non-toxic even at high doses so would be an excellent candidate as a lipophilic carrier for oligonucleotides. Therefore, as an addition to our cholesteryl product line, we offer simple  $\alpha$ -tocopheryl (vitamin E) labelling. Totally synthetic  $\alpha$ -tocopherol is racemic at its three chiral centers and is used to prepare this product.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
α-Tocopherol-TEG Phosphoramidite	10-1977-95	50 μmole	160.00
	10-1977-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-1977-02	0.25g	575.00

#### STEARYL LABELLING

Item

We now offer a simple C18 lipid as an economical and effective carrier molecule. We envisage that the 5'-stearyl group will become a favored lipophilic carrier for experimentation with synthetic oligonucleotides.

Catalog No.

Price(\$)

	o de la companya de		
5'- Stearyl Phosphoramidite	10-1979-90 10-1979-02	100 μmole 0.25g	45.00 180.00
	10-1979-02	0.25g	160.00
O—CNEt		\	
0—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> DMTO 0 0 0 0		✓ 	
Choleste	ryl-TEG		
	O H CPG		
O-CNEI P-N(iP1) <sub>2</sub>	of Gra		$\downarrow \downarrow \rangle$
DTM	0 0 0 0	No N	
5'-Cholesteryl-TEG		3'-Cholesteryl-TEG CPG	
0—N(P) <sub>2</sub>			
	J	O—P—N(iPr) <sub>2</sub> O—CNEt	
α-Tocopherol-TEG	<u> </u>	5'- Stearyl	

SEE ALSO

Spermine p43

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Add

Add

# Monomers For Instrument type

Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

#### **PSORALEN LABELLING**

Psoralen C2 at the 5'-terminus of an oligonucleotide serves effectively as a cross-linking reagent in double-stranded oligonucleotides. The 6 atom spacer arm of Psoralen C6 allows cross-linking with a triplex oligonucleotide strand. Click Chemistry with psoralen azide and one of our many nucleosidic and non-nucleosidic alkyne derivatives has the potential to generate a variety of practical cross-linkers. The well known reversible cross-linking behavior of psoralen with an adjacent thymidine residue could be very useful.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Psoralen C2 Phosphoramidite	10-1982-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1982-02	0.25g	495.00
Psoralen C6 Phosphoramidite	10-1983-90	100 μmole	195.00
	10-1983-02	0.25g	495.00
Psoralen Azide	50-2009-92	25 μmole	115.00
	50-2009-90	100 μmole	350.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

$$CH_3$$
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNEt$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $O-P-N(Pr)_2$ 
 $O-CNET$ 
 $O-CNET$ 

Psoralen Azide

#### **EDTA LABELLING**

EDTA-C2-dT phosphoramidite contains the triethyl ester of EDTA which allows sequence-specific cleavage of single- and double-stranded DNA and RNA. The cleavage reaction is only initiated once Fe(II) and dithiothreitol are added and so is readily controlled. Coupling of EDTA-dT is normal but cleavage and deprotection should be carried out with sodium hydroxide in aqueous methanol (0.4M NaOH in methanol/water 4:1) overnight at room temperature.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
EDTA-C2-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1059-95	50 μmole	250.00
	10-1059-90	100 μmole	495.00
	10-1059-02	0.25g	975.00

#### **FERROCENE LABELLING**

With an excellent stability profile, ferrocene has always attracted considerable interest for DNA labelling to generate probes for electrochemical detection. Based on our Amino-Modifier C6-dT structure, Ferrocene-dT is easily added to oligonucleotides with no disruption of regular hybridization behavior. Multiple incorporations into an oligonucleotide probe are also simply achieved. Oligonucleotides are deprotected using standard techniques. Ferrocene oligonucleotides should be stored under Argon and aqueous solutions should be degassed immediately.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Ferrocene-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1576-95	50 μmole	170.00
	10-1576-90	100 μmole	330.00
	10-1576-02	0.25α	670.00

#### METHYLENE BLUE LABELLING

Dimethylaminophenothiazin-5-ium chloride, Methylene Blue (MB), has many uses in chemistry and biology. For decades, this compound has been used for applications including redox indicator, photosensitizer, dye for cellular staining procedures, antiseptic and in medicine against Alzheimer's disease. For the detection of biological analytes, MB has also been used as a redox reporter bound to DNA probes. Methylene Blue C3 Phosphoramidite is an asymmetric MB derivative specially designed for oligo synthesis. It must be used and deprotected with 0.05M potassium carbonate in methanol using UltraMild conditions. We also offer Methylene Blue NHS Ester to allow simple conjugation to the variety of amino-modifiers we supply.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Methylene Blue C3 Phosphoramidite (Discontinued)	10-5960	1	
Methylene Blue NHS Ester (Dissolve 5 4mg in 60ul of DMSO)	50-1960-23	5.4mg	540.00

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Methylene Blue C3 Phosphoramidite is covered by PCT application number WO2013128099 and is sold under license from the University of I yon.

#### **LABELLING WITH METAL CHELATES**

 $\mathbf{2}$ ,2'-Dipicolylamine is a versatile metal-coordinating ligand capable of forming complexes with common metal ions including Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>, or Ag<sup>+</sup>. A tremendous advantage of dipicolylamine is complete compatibility with standard DNA synthesis, cleavage and purification protocols. Other chelating ligands may require nonstandard conditions or additional protection and deprotection steps. This product was manufactured and developed by Syntrix Biosystems Inc. Patents Pending. For Research Use Only.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
2,2'-Dipicolylamine Phosphoramidite	10-5801-95	50 μmole	105.00
	10-5801-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-5801-02	0.25g	625.00

#### LABELLING WITH POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS

Pyrene and perylene are fluorescent polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons that have the ability to form 'excited state dimers' known as excimers. This unstructured, long-wavelength emission arises from the formation of a charge-transfer complex between the excited state and the ground state of two fluorescent molecules. In Pyrene-dU and perylene-dU, the hydrocarbon is attached at the 5 position of deoxyuridine through a triple bond and is electronically coupled to the deoxyuridine base. This electronic coupling of the base and the hydrocarbon makes the fluorescence sensitive to the base pairing of the dU portion of the molecule, allowing the discrimination between perfect and one base mismatched targets.

Item	Cat. No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Pyrene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1590-95	50 μmole	105.00
	10-1590-90	100 μmole	210.00
	10-1590-02	0.25g	550.00
Perylene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1591-95	50 μmole	150.00
	10-1591-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-1591-02	0.25g	720.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
MerMade	M
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### FLUORESCENT DYES

	Absorbance Maximum	Emission Maximum	Excimer
Pyrene-dU	402nm	472nm	486nm
Perylene-dU	473nm	490nm	Not
			Determined

#### REFERENCE

 R.W. Roberts and J.W. Szostak, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 1997, 94, 12297-302.

#### REFERENCE

(1) S. Sando and E.T. Kool, *J Amer Chem Soc*, 2002, **124**, 2096-2097

#### SEE ALSO

3'-Phosphate CPG p79 Sulfurizing Reagents p37 Fluorescein-dT p100

#### **PUROMYCIN CPG**

One of the most challenging requirements associated with combinatorial chemistry is the recovery of sequence information of the oligonucleotide or peptide selected by the screening assay. A method¹ has been developed to generate a fusion product between mRNA and the polypeptide it encodes using *in vitro* translation of synthetic RNAs 3'-labeled with puromycin, an antibiotic that mimics transfer RNA. Puromycin binds in the ribosome's A site, forms a peptide bond with the growing peptide chain, and blocks further peptide elongation. By linking puromycin to mRNA, a peptide-RNA fusion product results from the translation of the message linking the encoding mRNA with its peptide product.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Puromycin CPG	20-4040-01	0.1g	120.00
	20-4040-10	1.0g	995.00
1 μmole columns	20-4140-41	Pack of 4	200.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-4140-42	Pack of 4	120.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-4140-13	Pack of 1	360.00
15 μmole columns (Expedite)	20-4140-14	Pack of 1	540.00

#### **QUENCHED AUTOLIGATION (QUAL) PROBES**

QUAL probes¹ consist of two oligonucleotides, the first containing a nucleophilic group at the 3¹-terminus, while the second has an electrophilic group at the 5¹-terminus. When the probe pair finds the target, the oligos line up with the 3¹-terminus of the first directly adjacent to the 5¹-terminus of the second. An autoligation reaction then takes place to combine the two oligos into a single probe. As usual, the 3¹ nucleophilic group is the 3-thiophosphate, easily prepared using 3¹-phosphate CPG with a sulfurizing step in the first cycle. In this case, the electrophilic group is a 5¹-dabsyl group, which is an excellent leaving group as well as a fine quencher of fluorescence. The second oligo, therefore, contains a fluorophore which is quenched by the dabsyl group. A popular choice for fluorophore is fluorescein-dT but it is easy to imagine that a variety of fluorophores could be attached to any of the commercially available amino-modified nucleoside phosphoramidites.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
5'-Dabsyl-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1532-90	100 μmole	250.00
	10-1532-02	0.25g	775.00

#### LABELLING FOR PHOTO-REGULATION OF OLIGONUCLEOTIDES

Photo-control, the use of ultraviolet or visible light to control a reaction, has a number of advantages over other external stimuli:

- Light does not introduce contaminants into the reaction system,
- · Excitation wavelength can be controlled through the design of the photo-responsive molecule, and
- It is now straightforward to control irradiation time and/or local excitation.

When a photo-responsive molecule is directly attached to DNA as a receptor, photo-regulation of the bioprocess regulated by that DNA molecule could, in principle, be achieved. Such photo-responsive DNA could also be used as a switch in a DNA-based nano-machine. Professor Hiroyuki Asanuma and his group at the department of Molecular Design and Engineering of the Graduate School of Engineering of the Nagoya University (Japan) have developed an efficient method to achieve this goal. They have attached azobenzene to DNA and made it photo-responsive<sup>1,2</sup>. Azobenzene is a typical photo-responsive molecule that isomerizes from its planar *trans*-form to the non-planar *cis*-form after UV-light irradiation with a wavelength between 300 nm and 400 nm ( $\lambda_{max}$  is around 330 nm). Interestingly, the system reverts from the *cis*-form to the *trans*-form after further irradiation with visible light (wavelength over 400 nm). This process is completely reversible, and the azobenzene group does not decompose or induce undesirable side reactions even on repeated *trans-cis* isomerization. By introducing azobenzenes into DNA through D-threoninol as a linker, Asanuma and co-workers succeeded in achieving photo-regulation of:

- Formation and dissociation of a DNA duplex<sup>3,4</sup> and
- Transcription by T7-RNA polymerase reaction<sup>5,6,7</sup>.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Azobenzene Phosphoramidite	10-5800-95	50 μmole	105.00
	10-5800-90	100 μmole	200.00
	10-5800-02	0.25g	550.00

Azobenzene Phosphoramidite

#### REFERENCES

- (1) H. Asanuma, et al., *Angew Chem Int Ed*, 2001, **40**, 2671-2673.
- (2) T. Takarada, et al., *Chem Lett.*, 2001, 30, 732.
  (3) H. Asanuma, X.G. Liang, T. Yoshida.
- (3) H. Asanuma, X.G. Liang, T. Yoshida, and M. Komiyama, *Chembiochem*, 2001, 2, 39-44.
- (4) H. Asanuma, D. Matsunaga, and M. Komiyama, NUCLEIC ACIDS SYMP SER (OXF), 2005, 49, 35.
- H. Asanuma, et al., Chembiochem, 2002, 3, 786.
- (6) M. Liu, H. Asanuma, and M. Komiyama, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 2006, 128, 1009.
- (7) H. Asanuma, et al., *Nature Protocols*, 2007, **2**, 203-212.

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
MerMade	M
Columns	
For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	Е
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	М

#### **RNA SUPPORTS FOR 3' MODIFICATION**

**G**len Research offers RNA supports in which protected ribonucleosides are attached to CPG. With 5'-DMT protection, and all other protecting groups base-labile, the use of these supports is identical to DNA supports. These supports are suitable for use in producing oligodeoxynucleotides modified at the 3'-terminus or oligoribonucleotides. ABI-style columns are supplied unless otherwise requested (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Bz-A-RNA-CPG	20-3303-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3303-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3303-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3403-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3403-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole columns (ABI)	20-3403-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3403-14	Pack of 1	300.00
Ac-C-RNA-CPG	20-3315-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3315-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3315-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3415-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3415-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3415-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3415-14	Pack of 1	300.00
Ac-G-RNA-CPG	20-3324-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3324-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3324-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3424-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3424-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3424-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3424-14	Pack of 1	300.00
U-RNA-CPG	20-3330-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3330-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3330-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3430-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3430-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3430-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-3430-14	Pack of 1	300.00

## ABBREVIATIONS

Ac = Acetyl Bz = Benzoyl CNEt = Cyanoethyl CPG = Controlled Pore Glass DMT = 4,4'-Dimethoxytrityl

#### **TOM-PROTECTED RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

RNA synthesis using monomers containing the 2'-O-TriisopropylsilylOxyMethyl (TOM) group (TOM-Protecting-Group™) is characterized by very high coupling efficiency along with fast, simple deprotection. High coupling efficiency is achieved because the TOM-Protecting-Group exhibits lower steric hindrance than the 2'-O-t-butyldimethylsilyl (TBDMS) group used in our alternative RNA monomers. Fast and reliable deprotection is achieved using methylamine in ethanol/water at room temperature. A further feature of the TOM-Protecting-Group is that during basic steps it can not undergo 2' to 3' migration. This migration under basic conditions leads to non-biologically active 2'-5' linkages when using the TBDMS group. These features allow the TOM-Protected monomers to produce longer oligonucleotides. TOM-Protected RNA monomers are also fully compatible with minor bases with 2'-O-TBDMS protection.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
A-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3004-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-3004-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-3004-10	1.0g	275.00
C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3014-02	0.25g	75.00
e rom ez mosphotamatte	10-3014-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-3014-10	1.0g	275.00
G-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3024-02	0.25g	75.00
d Town CE Thosphoralmate	10-3024-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-3024-10	1.0g	275.00
U-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3034-02	0.25q	75.00
0-10W-CE 1 Hospitoralillutte	10-3034-02	0.23g	150.00
		•	
	10-3034-10	1.0g	275.00

#### **RNA SUPPORTS FOR TOM RNA SYNTHESIS**

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Ac-A-RNA-CPG	20-3304-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3304-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3304-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3404-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3404-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3404-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3404-14	Pack of 1	300.00

G-TOM

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

#### TOM-Protecting-Group™

TOM-RNA Phosphoramidites are supplied under agreement with QIAGEN. RNA synthesis using the TOM-Protecting-Group is covered by US Patent No. 5,986,084.

TOM-Protecting-Group is a trademark of QIAGEN.

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

N.A	
Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	E A M
(Places inquire for availabile	ity of viola

#### **RNA SYNTHESIS**

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add

Expedite E MerMade M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### RNA SUPPORTS FOR TOM RNA SYNTHESIS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Ac-C-RNA-CPG	20-3315-01	0.1q	40.00
	20-3315-02	0.25q	95.00
	20-3315-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3415-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3415-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3415-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3415-14	Pack of 1	300.00
Ac-G-RNA-CPG	20-3324-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3324-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3324-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3424-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3424-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3424-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3424-14	Pack of 1	300.00
U-RNA-CPG	20-3330-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3330-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3330-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3430-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3430-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3430-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3430-14	Pack of 1	300.00

#### **TBDMS-PROTECTED RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

Glen Research CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites for RNA synthesis are produced and packaged to ensure the highest performance on commercial synthesizers. Every batch is accompanied by a Certificate of Analysis and an HPLC trace, showing the results of our QC testing. RNA Phosphoramidites are synthesis-tested with a minimum coupling efficiency of 97%. Glen Research RNA monomers are packaged in industry standard vials which are specially cleaned to eliminate particulate contamination. These monomers are available in a variety of packs, including high throughput (HT) and low cost (LC). An UltraMild set is also available for situations where sensitive bases are in use. Dmf-G (10-3029) has been discontinued and may be substituted with Ac-G (10-3025).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3003-02 10-3003-05	0.25g 0.5g	40.00 80.00
	10-3003-10	1.0g	160.00
Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3015-02 10-3015-05	0.25g 0.5g	40.00 80.00
	10-3015-10	1.0g	160.00
Ac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3025-02 10-3025-05	0.25g 0.5g	40.00 80.00
	10-3025-10	1.0g	160.00
U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3030-02 10-3030-05	0.25g 0.5g	40.00 80.00
	10-3030-05	0.5g 1.0g	160.00
HT RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES			
Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3003-2HT	2.0g	
Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite Ac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3015-2HT 10-3025-2HT	2.0g 2.0g	
U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3030-2HT	2.0g	
LC RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES			
Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3003-10 10-3015-10	1.0g	
Ac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3025-10	1.0g 1.0g	
U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3030-10	1.0g	

DMTO
O OTBDMS
P-N(Pr)<sub>2</sub>
O-CNEt

Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite

NHAc

DMTO O OTBDMS
P-N(Pr)2
O-CNEt

U-CE Phosphoramidite

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Bz = Benzoyl
CNEt = Cyanoethyl
CPG = Controlled Pore Glass
dmf = Dimethylformamidine
DMT = 4,4'-Dimethoxytrityl
iPr = Isopropyl
Icaa = Iong chain alkylamino
Pac = Phenoxyacetyl
PhOAc = Phenoxyacetyl

TBDMS = t-Butyl-dimethylsilyl

#### HT RNA

Minimum order: 40g total Products may be combined to 40g total. Please request a quote.

#### LC RNA

Minimum order: 20g total Products may be combined to 20g total. Please request a quote.

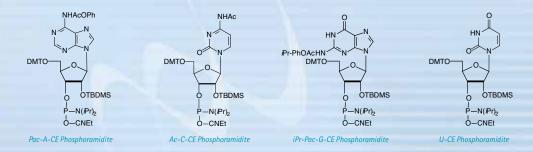
#### **ULTRAMILD TBDMS RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$
Pac-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3000-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-3000-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-3000-10	1.0g	275.00
c-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3015-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-3015-05	0.5g	80.00
	10-3015-10	1.0g	160.00
-Pac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3021-02	0.25g	75.00
	10-3021-05	0.5g	150.00
	10-3021-10	1.0g	275.00
-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3030-02	0.25g	40.00
	10-3030-05	0.5q	80.00
	10-3030-10	1.0g	160.00

#### **TBDMS RNA SUPPORTS**

ABI-style columns are supplied for 1 µmole and 0.2 µmole scales unless otherwise requested (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Pac-A-RNA-CPG	20-3300-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3300-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3300-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3400-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3400-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3400-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3400-14	Pack of 1	300.00
Bz-A-RNA-CPG	20-3303-01	0.1g	40.00
	20-3303-02	0.25g	95.00
	20-3303-10	1.0g	355.00
1 μmole columns	20-3403-41	Pack of 4	100.00
0.2 μmole columns	20-3403-42	Pack of 4	75.00
10 µmole column (ABI)	20-3403-13	Pack of 1	225.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3403-14	Pack of 1	300.00



### TBDMS RNA SUPPORTS (CONT.)

<i>Item</i>	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (
Ac-C-RNA-CPG	20-3315-01	0.1g	40.0
	20-3315-02	0.25g	95.0
	20-3315-10	1.0g	355.0
1 μmole columns	20-3415-41	Pack of 4	100.0
0.2 μmole columns	20-3415-42	Pack of 4	75.0
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3415-13	Pack of 1	225.0
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3415-14	Pack of 1	300.0
iPr-Pac-G-RNA-CPG	20-3321-01	0.1g	40.0
	20-3321-02	0.25g	95.0
	20-3321-10	1.0g	355.0
1 μmole columns	20-3421-41	Pack of 4	100.0
0.2 μmole columns	20-3421-42	Pack of 4	75.0
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3421-13	Pack of 1	225.0
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3421-14	Pack of 1	300.0
Ac-G-RNA-CPG	20-3324-01	0.1g	40.0
	20-3324-02	0.25g	95.0
	20-3324-10	1.0g	355.0
1 μmole columns	20-3424-41	Pack of 4	100.0
0.2 μmole columns	20-3424-42	Pack of 4	75.0
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3424-13	Pack of 1	225.0
15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3424-14	Pack of 1	300.0
U-RNA-CPG	20-3330-01	0.1g	40.0
	20-3330-02	0.25g	95.0
	20-3330-10	1.0g	355.0
1 μmole columns	20-3430-41	Pack of 4	100.0
0.2 μmole columns	20-3430-42	Pack of 4	75.0
10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3430-13	Pack of 1	225.0
15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-3430-14	Pack of 1	300.0

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Cap Mix A			
THF/Pyridine/Pac,0	40-4210-52	200mL	140.00
(Applied Biosystems)	40-4210-57	450mL	300.00
THF/Pac,0	40-4212-52	200mL	140.00
(Expedite)	40-4212-57	450mL	300.00
Deprotection Solution			
0.05M Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	60-4600-30	30mL	30.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septumcapped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

#### MINOR RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES (TOM PROTECTED)

SEE ALSO

Minor TBDMS monomers Pyrrolo-CTP p126 p128 **G**len Research offers minor RNA phosphoramidites with either TOM or TBDMS protecting groups. 4-Thio-U, 5-Methyl-Cytidine, and 2-Amino-Adenosine are useful for analyzing RNA structure and activity relationships, for example, in ribozyme studies.

Pyrrolo-C is a fluorescent nucleoside whose fluorescence is sensitive to its environment and is ideal for probing RNA structure. It base-pairs as a normal C nucleotide. It is highly fluorescent and its excitation and emission are well to the red of most fluorescent nucleotide analogs, which eliminates or reduces background fluorescence from proteins. Pyrrolo-CTP has potential uses in biological assay development.

rSpacer is used to introduce an abasic site to an RNA sequence.

The protecting scheme for 2,6-Diaminopurine has been changed and the original product (10-3084) has been replaced with the optimized product (10-3085) below.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
4-Thio-U-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3052-95	50 μmole	212.50
	10-3052-90	100 μmole	425.00
	10-3052-02	0.25g	975.00
5-Me-C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3064-95	50 μmole	95.00
	10-3064-90	100 μmole	190.00
	10-3064-02	0.25g	475.00
2,6-Diaminopurine-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3085-95	50 μmole	212.50
(2-amino-A)	10-3085-90	100 μmole	425.00
	10-3085-02	0.25g	975.00

#### MINOR RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES (TOM PROTECTED) (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Pyrrolo-C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3017-95	50 μmole	212.50
	10-3017-90	100 μmole	425.00
	10-3017-02	0.25g	975.00
rSpacer CE Phosphoramidite	10-3914-95	50 μmole	90.00
	10-3914-90	100 μmole	180.00
	10-3914-02	0.25g	495.00

#### RNA SEQUENCE MODIFIER (TOM PROTECTED)

Amino-Modifier C6-U has been added to the growing family of sequence modifiers and we envisage applications in RNA structural studies as well as for labelling siRNA to probe uptake and cellular distribution.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Amino-Modifier C6-U Phosphoramidite	10-3039-95	50 μmole	360.00
	10-3039-90	100 μmole	720.00
	10-3039-02	0.25g	1475.00

# SEE ALSO

Pyrrolo-dC	p65
Pyrrolo-CTP	p129

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

#### SEE ALSO

Minor TOM monomers

p124

#### REFERENCES

- C.J. Adams, J.B. Murray, M.A. Farrow, J.R.P. Arnold, and P.G. Stockley, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 1995, 36, 5421-5424.
- (2) D.A. Berry, et al., *Tetrahedron Lett*, 2004, **45**, 2457-2461.

#### MINOR RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES (TBDMS PROTECTED)

Inosine and 5-Methyl-Uridine are useful for analyzing RNA structure and activity relationships. 5-Bromo-Uridine and 5-lodo-Uridine have been used for crystallography studies and cross-linking experiments. 6-Thioguanosine (6-thio-G) has applications in ribozyme and siRNA research, as well as in RNA-protein interactions. The removal of the silyl protecting group without interfering with the sulfur is critical. This is removed cleanly by triethylamine trihydrofluoride in DMSO but t-butylammonium fluoride (TBAF) leads to degradation of the thio-nucleotide analogue and should not be used. 2-Aminopurine riboside is useful for analyzing RNA structure and activity relationships, for example, in ribozyme studies.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
I-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3040-95	50 μmole	95.00
	10-3040-90	100 µmole	190.00
	10-3040-02	0.25g	475.00
5-Me-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3050-95	50 μmole	95.00
(T)	10-3050-90	100 µmole	190.00
	10-3050-02	0.25g	475.00
Br-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3090-95	50 μmole	98.00
<u>'</u>	10-3090-90	100 µmole	195.00
	10-3090-02	0.25g	475.00
I-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3091-95	50 μmole	98.00
	10-3091-90	100 µmole	195.00
	10-3091-02	0.25g	475.00
6-Thio-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3072-95	50 μmole	250.00
	10-3072-90	100 µmole	500.00
	10-3072-02	0.25g	1200.00
2-Aminopurine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3070-95	50 μmole	212.50
	10-3070-90	100 μmole	425.00
	10-3070-02	0.25g	975.00

#### MINOR RNA (TBDMS PROTECTED) (CONT.)

**7**-Deaza-Adenosine is lacking nitrogen at the 7-position, which is replaced by carbon. The N7 position in adenosine takes part in non-Watson and Crick hydrogen bonding, which may be relevant to RNA folding and subsequent activity. This Adenosine analogue is also known as Tubercidin. 8-Aza-7-deaza-Adenosine is an isomer of Adenosine with virtually identical electron density. Again, the N7 nitrogen is not available for hydrogen bonding. Nebularine or Purine Nucleoside can be viewed as an Adenosine derivative that is lacking the exocyclic amino group. This molecule allows researchers to determine the relevance of the exocyclic amine of Adenosine to RNA structure and function.

Ribozyme activity is substantially affected by the substitution of modified pyrimidine bases. Zebularine (pyrimidin-2-one ribonucleoside) may be regarded as a Cytidine derivative lacking the exocyclic amino group. Zebularine and Pyridin-2-one Ribonucleoside, the 3-deaza analogue of Zebularine, are prime candidates for use in evaluating ribozyme activity and function. It should be noted that Zebularine is mildly fluorescent, absorbing at 298nm and emitting at 367nm.

PseudoUridine is one of the most common modified nucleosides found in RNA. The availability of a phosphoramidite will allow detailed research into the effects of this modified base on RNA structure and activity.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
7-Deaza-A-CE Phosphoramidite (Discontinued)	10-3001		
Zebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3011-95	50 μmole	125.00
	10-3011-90	100 μmole	250.00
	10-3011-02	0.25g	650.00
Pyridin-2-one-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3012-95	50 μmole	210.00
	10-3012-90	100 μmole	420.00
	10-3012-02	0.25g	1200.00
Nebularine-CE Phosphoramidite (Purine Ribonucleoside) (Discontinued)	10-3041		
PseudoUridine-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3055-95	50 μmole	175.00
	10-3055-90	100 μmole	350.00
	10-3055-02	0.25g	995.00
8-Aza-7-deaza-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3083-95	50 μmole	300.00
	10-3083-90	100 μmole	600.00
	10-3083-02	0.25g	1500.00

# 

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite MerMade	E M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900 MerMade	A M

#### MINOR RNA (TBDMS PROTECTED) (CONT.)

Methylation of adenosine at position 1 produces a drastic functional change in the nucleobase. 1-Methyladenosine  $(pK_a \mid 8.25)$  is a much stronger base than adenosine  $(pK_a \mid 3.5)$ . N-1 methylation excludes participation of the adenine base in canonical Watson-Crick base pairing and provides a positive charge to the nucleobase. This modification also alters the hydrophobicity of the base, the stacking properties, the ordering of water molecules and the chelation properties. The base may become involved in non-canonical hydrogen bonding, in electrostatic interactions and, in general, it may contribute to the conformational dynamics of the tRNA.

In the central dogma of molecular biology, genetic information flows from DNA to RNA and then to protein. Reversible epigenetic modifications on genomic DNA and histone have been known to substantially regulate gene expression. On the other hand, there exists more than 100 naturally occurring chemical modifications in RNA; however, the functions of these RNA modifications are largely unknown. Whether some of these modifications in RNA can be reversed and could impact gene expression in the central dogma was unknown until the recent discovery of N6-methyladenosine (N6-Me-A) as the first example of reversible RNA methylation.¹ We offer the N6-Me-A RNA monomer with a phenoxyacetyl protecting group to minimize potential branching. We have shown N6-Me-A-CE Phosphoramidite to be completely compatible with all popular RNA synthesis and deprotection methods, from UltraMild to the most popular procedure using AMA for deprotection.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
1-Me-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3501-95	50 μmole	190.00
	10-3501-90	100 μmole	380.00
	10-3501-02	0.25g	975.00
N6-Me-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3005-95	50 μmole	285.00
	10-3005-90	100 μmole	550.00
	10-3005-02	0.25g	1295.00

 $\mathbf R$ NA methylation occurs in a large selection of RNA nucleosides and this post transcriptional modification of RNA, carried out by a variety of RNA methyltransferases, appears in a wide variety of RNA species – including tRNA, mRNA, miRNA and RNA viruses. Over 90 methylated nucleosides have been found in tRNA and these play many significant roles in tRNA structure. In addition, methylation appears to mark the tRNA as mature, preventing its degradation as well as directing localization within the cell. mRNA, modified with 1-methylpseudouridine (1-Me- $\Psi$ ) alone or in combination with 5-methylcytidine (5-Me-C), significantly increases protein expression in cells and mouse models. 1-Me- $\Psi$  is also a modified nucleobase that can greatly enhance the properties of mRNA by reducing immunogenicity and increasing stability.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
1-Me-Pseudouridine Phosphoramidite	10-3056-95 10-3056-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	420.00 820.00
	10-3056-02	0.25g	2300.00

#### REFERENCE

 Y. Fu, D. Dominissini, G. Rechavi, and C. He, *Nat Rev Genet*, 2014, **15**, 293-306.

#### SEE ALSO

5-Me-C p124 Pseudouridine p127

#### **MINOR RNA BASES**

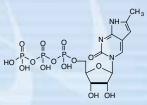
SEE ALSO

p65 Pyrrolo-dC Pyrrolo-C p125

MINOR RNA TRIPHOSPHATES

Pyrrolo-dC is a fluorescent nucleoside that codes as dC and base pairs efficiently with dG. Preliminary evidence indicates that pyrrolo-dC triphosphate is an excellent substrate for Tag, Pfu and Vent polymerases and is incorporated specifically opposite dG. Pyrrolo-dCTP has been available for some time and is in use in biological assays. Pyrrolo-CTP is a fluorescent ribonucleotide with fluorescence exquisitely sensitive to its environment and is of great interest for RNA structural research. The pyrrolo-C project is a joint development by Berry and Associates, Inc. and Glen Research Corporation.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Pyrrolo-CTP 10mM	81-3017-01	100 μL	270.00



Pyrrolo-CTP

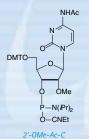
#### 2'-OME-RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES

Glen Research 2'-OMe-RNA CE (B-cyanoethyl) Phosphoramidites are designed to produce synthetic oligonucleotides containing nuclease resistant 2'-0-methyl ribonucleotide linkages. Deprotection, isolation and handling of 2'-0-methyl oligonucleotides are identical to the procedures for oligodeoxynucleotides.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-OMe-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3100-90	100 μmole	20.00
	10-3100-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3100-05	0.5g	100.00
	10-3100-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3110-90	100 μmole	20.00
	10-3110-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3110-05	0.5g	100.00
	10-3110-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3115-90	100 μmole	20.00
	10-3115-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3115-05	0.5g	100.00
	10-3115-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-iBu-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3120-90	100 μmole	20.00
	10-3120-02	0.25q	50.00
	10-3120-05	0.5q	100.00
	10-3120-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3121-90	100 μmole	20.00
	10-3121-02	0.25q	50.00
	10-3121-05	0.5q	100.00
	10-3121-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3130-90	100 μmole	20.00
2 -ONIC-O-CL Thosphoralmatic	10-3130-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3130-02	0.5g	100.00
	10-3130-03	1.0g	200.00
	10-3130-10	1.09	200.00
2'-OME-RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES			
2'-OMe-Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3100-2HT	2.0g	
2'-OMe-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3115-2HT	2.0q	

#### HT.

2'-OMe-Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3100-2HT	2.0g
2'-OMe-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3115-2HT	2.0g
2'-OMe-iBu-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3120-2HT	2.0g
2'-OMe-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3130-2HT	2.0g



DMTO P-N(IPr) O-CNEt 2'-0Me-G

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septumcapped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

#### Monomers For Instrument type Add Ε Expedite М MerMade Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite Ε Applied Biosystems 3900 A M MerMade

(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

#### HT 2'-OMe-RNA

Minimum order: 40g total Products may be combined to 40g total. Please request a quote.

130

#### **ULTRAMILD 2'-OME-RNA**

 $\mathsf{T}$ he use of Ultra $\mathsf{Mild}$  monomers in oligonucleotide synthesis has allowed very sensitive dyes like TAMRA, HEX and Cy $\mathsf{5}$  to be used virtually routinely. The DNA and RNA monomers are currently available and we also provide this set of 2'-OMe-RNA monomers. In our version of this chemistry, we use as protecting groups phenoxyacetyl (Pac) for A, acetyl (Ac) for C, and isopropyl-phenoxyacetyl (iPr-Pac) for G.

It has become clear that acetic anhydride in the conventional capping mix can cause transamidation in situations where an amine protecting group is quite labile. This leads to acetyl protection on the amino group that may be slow to be removed. Consequently, if many dG residues are included in the oligonucleotide, we recommend the use of phenoxyacetic anhydride (Pac, 0) in Cap A. This modification removes the possibility of exchange of the iPr-Pac protecting group on the dG with acetate from the acetic anhydride capping mix.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
2'-OMe-Pac-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3601-02	0.25g	62.50
	10-3601-05	0.5g	125.00
	10-3601-10	1.0g	250.00
2'-OMe-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3115-02	0.25g	50.00
·	10-3115-05	0.5g	100.00
	10-3115-10	1.0g	200.00
2'-OMe-iPr-Pac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3621-02	0.25g	62.50
	10-3621-05	0.5g	125.00
	10-3621-10	1.0g	250.00
ULTRAMILD SOLVENTS/REAGENTS			
Cap Mix A			
THF/Pyridine/Pac <sub>2</sub> 0	40-4210-52	200mL	140.00
(Applied Biosystems)	40-4210-57	450mL	300.00
THF/Pac,0	40-4212-52	200mL	140.00
(Expedite)	40-4212-57	450mL	300.00
Deprotection Solution			
0.05M Potassium Carbonate in Methanol	60-4600-30	30mL	30.00

#### 2'-OME-RNA SUPPORTS

ABI-style columns are supplied for 1 µmole and 0.2 µmole scales unless otherwise requested (see note box).

2'-OMe-A-RNA-CPG	ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
20-3600-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3700-41   Pack of 4   100.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3700-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG   20-3610-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3610-02   0.25g   95.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3710-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3710-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-Ome-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-13   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-00   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3721-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2-3630-10   0.1g   355.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     2-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3730-41   Pa	2'-OMe-A-RNA-CPG	20-3600-01	0.1g	40.00
20-3600-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3700-41   Pack of 4   100.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3700-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG   20-3610-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3610-02   0.25g   95.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3710-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3710-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-Ome-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-13   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-00   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     1 μmole columns   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3721-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2-3630-10   0.1g   355.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     2-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     2-3730-41   Pa		20-3600-02	0.25g	95.00
0.2 μmole columns   20-3700-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3700-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG   20-3610-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3610-02   0.25g   95.00     20-3610-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3710-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3710-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3710-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3615-02   0.25g   95.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   225.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3721-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3721-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     20-3630-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4		20-3600-10		355.00
10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3700-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3700-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG 20-3610-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3610-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3610-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3710-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3710-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3710-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3710-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG 20-3615-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3615-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3615-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3615-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3615-01 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3715-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3715-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 20-3621-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3621-01 0.1g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-14 Pack of 4 100.00 20-3621-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 20-3621-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole columns 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole columns 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 22 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 1 225.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 1 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 1 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 1 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.0	1 μmole columns	20-3700-41	Pack of 4	100.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3700-14   Pack of 1   300.00	0.2 μmole columns	20-3700-42	Pack of 4	75.00
2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG	10 µmole column (ABI)	20-3700-13	Pack of 1	225.00
20-3610-02   0.25g   95.00	15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3700-14	Pack of 1	300.00
1 μmole columns   20-3610-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3710-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole column (ABI)   20-3710-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3710-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG   20-3615-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3615-02   0.25g   95.00     20-3615-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3715-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3621-02   0.25g   95.00     20-3621-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3621-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3721-42   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole column (ABI)   20-3721-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (ABI)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-41   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     20-3600-10   20-3600-10   20-3600-10   20-3600-10     20-3600-10   20-3600-10   20-3600	2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG	20-3610-01	0.1g	40.00
1 μmole columns 20-3710-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3710-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3710-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3710-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG 20-3615-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3615-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3615-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 20-3715-14 Pack of 4 75.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG 20-3621-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3621-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG 20-3621-01 0.1g 40.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-13 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 20-3630-00 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3730-14 Pack of 1 300.00 2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG 20-3630-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3630-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-43 Pack of 1 225.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-43 Pack of 1 225.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-43 Pack of 1 225.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3730-43 Pack of 1 225.00 10 μmole column (AB		20-3610-02	0.25g	95.00
0.2 μmole columns       20-3710-42       Pack of 4       75.00         10 μmole column (ABI)       20-3710-13       Pack of 1       225.00         15 μmole column (Expedite)       20-3710-14       Pack of 1       300.00         2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG       20-3615-01       0.1g       40.00         20-3615-02       0.25g       95.00         1 μmole columns       20-3715-11       Pack of 4       100.00         0.2 μmole columns       20-3715-41       Pack of 4       75.00         10 μmole column (ABI)       20-3715-13       Pack of 1       225.00         15 μmole column (Expedite)       20-3715-14       Pack of 1       300.00         2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG       20-3621-01       0.1g       40.00         20-3621-02       0.25g       95.00         1 μmole columns       20-3721-14       Pack of 4       100.00         0.2 μmole columns       20-3721-14       Pack of 4       100.00         0.2 μmole column (ABI)       20-3721-12       Pack of 4       75.00         10 μmole column (Expedite)       20-3721-14       Pack of 1       225.00         2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG       20-3630-01       0.1g       40.00         2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG       20-3630-01       0.1g       <		20-3610-10	1.0g	355.00
10 μmole column (ABI) 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3710-13 Pack of 1 20-3000  2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG 20-3615-01 20-3615-02 20-3615-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3715-42 Pack of 4 75.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 4 20-3715-13 Pack of 1 225.00 25-3715-14 Pack of 1 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 20-3621-00 1 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-13 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 4 75.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 20-3721-13 Pack of 1 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 20-3730-14 Pack of 1 300.00  2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG 20-3630-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3730-41 Pack of 1 300.00	1 μmole columns	20-3710-41	Pack of 4	100.00
15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-3710-14  Pack of 1  300.00  2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG  20-3615-01  20-3615-02  20-365-10  1.0g  355.00  1 μmole columns  20-3715-41  Pack of 4  100.00  0.2 μmole columns  20-3715-42  Pack of 4  75.00  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-3715-13  Pack of 1  225.00  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-3715-14  Pack of 1  300.00  2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG  20-3621-01  1.0g  355.00  1 μmole columns  20-3721-41  Pack of 1  1.0g  355.00  1 μmole columns  20-3621-02  20-3621-02  20-3621-10  1.0g  355.00  1 μmole columns  20-3721-41  Pack of 4  100.00  0.2 μmole column (ABI)  20-3721-42  Pack of 4  75.00  10 μmole column (Expedite)  20-3721-14  Pack of 1  225.00  15 μmole column (Expedite)  20-3721-14  Pack of 1  20-3721-14  Pack of 1  20-3721-14  Pack of 1  20-3730-10  1.0g  355.00  1 μmole columns  20-3730-41  Pack of 4  100.00  0.2 μmole columns  20-3730-41  Pack of 4  75.00  10 μmole columns  20-3730-41  Pack of 4  75.00  10 μmole columns  20-3730-42  Pack of 4  75.00  10 μmole columns	0.2 μmole columns	20-3710-42	Pack of 4	75.00
2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG 20-3615-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3615-02 0.25g 95.00 20-3615-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3715-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 20-3715-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3715-14 Pack of 1 20.000 2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG 20-3621-01 0.1g 40.00 20-3621-10 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 1.0g 355.00 1 μmole columns 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (ABI) 20-3721-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-13 Pack of 1 225.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 15 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3721-14 Pack of 1 300.00 11 μmole column (Expedite) 20-3630-01 0.1g 40.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 100.00 0.2 μmole columns 20-3730-41 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-42 Pack of 4 75.00 10 μmole columns 20-3730-30 Pack of 1 225.00	10 μmole column (ABI)	20-3710-13	Pack of 1	225.00
20-3615-02   0.25g   95.00	15 µmole column (Expedite)	20-3710-14	Pack of 1	300.00
20-3615-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3715-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3715-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3715-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3715-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG   20-3621-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3621-02   0.25g   95.00     20-3621-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3721-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3721-42   Pack of 4   75.00     10 μmole column (ABI)   20-3721-13   Pack of 1   225.00     15 μmole column (Expedite)   20-3721-14   Pack of 1   300.00     2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG   20-3630-01   0.1g   40.00     20-3630-02   0.25g   95.00     20-3630-10   1.0g   355.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3730-41   Pack of 4   100.00     0.2 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3730-13   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole columns   20-3730-42   Pack of 4   75.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3730-13   Pack of 1   225.00     1 μmole column (ABI)   20-3730-13   Pack of 1   225.00     20-3630-10   1.0g   355.00     20-363	2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG	20-3615-01	0.1g	40.00
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	0.2 µmole columns	20-3730-42	Pack of 4	75.00
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	15 μmole column (Expedite)	20-3730-14	Pack of 1	300.00

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

#### **MINOR 2'-OME-RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES**

To aid in the evaluation of the structures of 2'-OMe-RNA complexes, we offer the CE phosphoramidites listed below. 2'-OMe-T is useful in triplex studies while the 2-aminopurine derivative may be tested in ribozyme studies. By supporting an additional hydrogen bond, 2,6-diaminopurine (2-amino-adenosine) binds more strongly with uridine than does adenosine. Oligonucleotides containing 2'-OMe-5-Me-C and 2'-OMe-I would be of interest to researchers involved in triplex and antisense studies using 2'-OMe-RNA. The uses of 2'-OMe-5-bromo-U phosphoramidite range from crystallographic studies due to the heavy atom to cross-linking because of its photolability. 5-Fluoro-pyrimidine nucleosides have been useful as therapeutic agents and their effect on the structure and activity of oligonucleotides may be examined using the 2'-OMe-RNA derivatives. The 2,4,6-trimethylphenyl (TMP) protected 2'-OMe-U derivative is a convertible nucleoside and reaction with ammonia leads to the 5-fluoro-dC analogue. 2'-OMe-3-deaza-5-aza-C (Reverse C) derivative has the potential to mimic in oligonucleotides 5-azacytidine, a DNA methylase inhibitor. Its ability to bind as a C will likely be diminished.

ABI-style vials are supplied unless otherwise requested (see note box).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-OMe-2-Aminopurine-	10-3123-95	50 μmole	177.50
CE Phosphoramidite	10-3123-90	100 μmole	355.00
(N-dmf-AP)	10-3123-02	0.25g	975.00
2'-OMe-2,6-Diaminopurine-	10-3124-95	50 μmole	177.50
CE Phosphoramidite	10-3124-90	100 μmole	355.00
(2-amino-A)	10-3124-02	0.25g	975.00
2'-OMe-5-Me-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3131-90	100 μmole	150.00
(2'-0Me-T)	10-3131-02	0.25g	360.00

# **RNA AND 2'-OME-RNA**

#### MINOR 2'-OME-RNA PHOSPHORAMIDITES (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-OMe-I-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3140-90 10-3140-02	100 μmole 0.25q	150.00 360.00
2'-OMe-5-Me-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3160-90	100 μmole	240.00
	10-3160-02	0.25g	675.00
2'-OMe-5-Br-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3190-90 10-3190-02	100 μmole 0.25g	240.00 675.00
2'-OMe-TMP-5-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite (2'-OMe-5-F-C Precursor)	10-3111-95 10-3111-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	177.50 355.00
	10-3111-02	0.25g	975.00
2'-OMe-5-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3132-95 10-3132-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	177.50 355.00
	10-3132-02	0.25g	975.00
2'-OMe-3-deaza-5-aza-C- CE Phosphoramidite	10-3116-95 10-3116-90	50 μmole 100 μmole	177.50 355.00
	10-3116-02	0.25g	975.00

# OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type Add Expedite E MerMade M Columns For Instrument type Add Expedite E Applied Biosystems 3900 A MerMade M

#### 2'-OMe-THIOPHOSPHORAMIDITES

The phosphorodithioate linkage (PS2) is both achiral and essentially resistant to nucleases. Previous studies have shown very interesting results which include observations that DNA with PS2 linkages activates RNase H *in vitro*, strongly inhibits human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) reverse transcriptase, induces B-cell proliferation and differentiation, and is completely resistant to hydrolysis by various nucleases. 2'-OMe- RNA Thiophosphoramidites are RNA monomers designed to produce oligos combining the PS2 linkage with the 2'-O-methyl ribose modification. These PS2-modified RNA oligos have potential for use in siRNAs and dithiophosphate aptamers (thioaptamers).

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-OMe-A-Thiophosphoramidite	10-3170-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-3170-02	0.25g	720.00
2'-OMe-C-Thiophosphoramidite	10-3171-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-3171-02	0.25g	720.00
2'-OMe-G-Thiophosphoramidite	10-3172-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-3172-02	0.25g	720.00
2'-OMe-U-Thiophosphoramidite	10-3173-90	100 μmole	300.00
	10-3173-02	0.25g	720.00

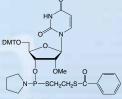
SEE ALSO

DNA Thiophosphoramidites p3

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M



2'-OMe-U-Thiophosphoramidite

#### 2'-F-RNA MONOMERS

**2**'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-nucleosides adopt an RNA-type sugar conformation, presumably due to the high electronegativity of fluorine. Because of this sugar conformation, RNA duplexes (A-form) are generally more thermodynamically stable than DNA duplexes (B-form). As expected, the addition of 2'-F-RNA residues to oligodeoxynucleotides progressively increases the thermal stability of their duplexes with RNA. The stabilization is additive at approximately 2° per residue. This compares favorably with 2'-OMe-RNA at around 1.5° and RNA at 1.1° per residue. In the meantime, base pair specificity remains intact.

2'-F-RNA phosphodiester linkages are not nuclease resistant, although the corresponding phosphorothioate linkages are highly resistant. Researchers usually design antisense oligonucleotides to form duplexes with RNA, which are then substrates for RNase H. Uniformly modified 2'-F-RNA/RNA duplexes are not substrates for RNase H. However, it is straightforward to prepare chimeric 2'-F-RNA/DNA phosphorothioate oligonucleotides which exhibit enhanced binding to the RNA target, are substrates for RNase H, and are highly nuclease resistant.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-F-A-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3400-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-3400-05	0.5g	200.00
2'-F-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3415-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3415-05	0.5g	100.00
2'-F-G-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3420-02	0.25g	100.00
	10-3420-05	0.5g	200.00
2'-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite	10-3430-02	0.25g	50.00
	10-3430-05	0.5g	100.00

#### STABILITY NOTE

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 2'-F-RNA linkages may be deprotected with ammonium hydroxide as normal. Deprotection using AMA at 65°C leads to some degradation and so we recommend the use of AMA at room temperature for 2 hours.

#### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

# Monomers For Instrument type A

Expedite	E
MerMade	M

# Columns For Instrument type Add

Expedite	Ε
Applied Biosystems 3900	Α
MerMade	M

#### 2'-F-ARABINONUCLEIC ACID (2'-F-ANA)

Arabinonucleosides are epimers of ribonucleosides with the chiral switch being at the 2' position of the sugar residue. 2'-F-ANA adopts a more DNA-like B-type helix conformation, not through the typical C2'-endo conformation but, rather, through an unusual O4'-endo (east) pucker. However, the presence of the electronegative fluorine leads to a still significant increase ( $\Delta T_m$  1.2° C/mod) in melting temperature per modification. 1' 2'-F-ANA-containing oligonucleotides exhibit very high binding specificity to their targets. Indeed, a single mismatch in a 2'-F-ANA – RNA duplex leads to a  $\Delta T_m$  of -7.2 °C and in a 2'-F-ANA – DNA duplex a  $\Delta T_m$  of -3.9 °C.2

The presence of fluorine at the 2' position in 2'-F-ANA leads to increased stability to hydrolysis under basic conditions relative to RNA and even 2'-F-RNA.<sup>1,3</sup> The stability of 2'-F-ANA to nucleases also makes this a useful modification for enhancing the stability of oligonucleotides in biological environments.<sup>2</sup> 2'-F-ANA hybridizes strongly to target RNA and, unlike most 2' modifications, induces cleavage of the target by RNase H. Phosphorothioate (PS) 2'-F-ANA is routinely used in these applications due to its increased nuclease resistance. Alternating 2'-F-ANA and DNA units provide among the highest potency RNase H-activating oligomers. Both the "altimer" and "gapmer" strand architectures consistently outperform PS-DNA and DNA/RNA gapmers.<sup>4</sup>

siRNA oligos were found to tolerate the presence of 2'-F-ANA linkages very well. High potency gene silencing was demonstrated<sup>5</sup> with siRNA chimeras containing 2'-F-RNA and/or LNA and 2'-F-ANA. The high efficacy of these chimeras was attributed to the combination of the rigid RNA-like properties of 2'-F-RNA and LNA with the DNA-like properties of 2'-F-ANA.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-F-A-ANA CE Phosphoramidite	10-3800-90	100 μmole	150.00
	10-3800-02	0.25g	375.00
2'-F-Bz-C-ANA CE Phosphoramidite	10-3810-02	0.25g	200.00
	10-3810-05	0.5g	400.00
2'-F-Ac-C-ANA CE Phosphoramidite	10-3815-02	0.25g	200.00
	10-3815-05	0.5g	400.00
2'-F-G-ANA CE Phosphoramidite	10-3820-90	100 μmole	165.00
	10-3820-02	0.25g	425.00
2'-F-U-ANA CE Phosphoramidite	10-3830-02	0.25g	125.00
	10-3830-05	0.5g	250.00

#### 

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   Watts, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2007, 35, 1441-1451, T. Dowler, et al., Nucleic Acids Res., 2006, 34, 1669-1675.

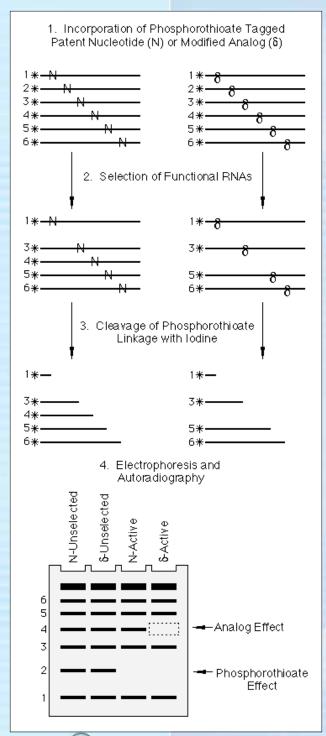
#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

2'-F-ANA is covered by intellectual property. Key patents covering siRNA and antisense applications are as follows:

WO/2009/146556 (siRNA); WO 03064441 and WO 0220773 (antisense).

#### STABILITY NOTE

Synthetic oligonucleotides containing 2'-F-RNA linkages may be deprotected with ammonium hydroxide as normal. Deprotection using AMA at 65°C leads to some degradation and so we recommend the use of AMA at room temperature for 2 hours.



#### **INTERFERENCE MAPPING**

Nucleotide Analog Interference Mapping (NAIM) is a chemogenetic approach that makes it possible to simultaneously, yet individually, probe the contribution of a particular functional group at almost every RNA nucleotide position in a single experiment. The method utilizes a series of 5'-0-(1-thio)nucleoside analog triphosphates in a modification interference procedure that is as simple as RNA sequencing. In a NAIM experiment the smallest mutable unit is not the base pair, but rather the individual functional groups that comprise the nucleotides. Because the modification or deletion of a particular functional group within an RNA can severely affect its activity, this approach makes it possible to efficiently determine the chemical basis of RNA structure and function.

Instead of synthesizing a series of RNAs with chemical substitutions at specific sites, NAIM utilizes a combinatorial approach. Each nucleotide analog is prepared as a triphosphate for incorporation into the RNA during DNA templated *in vitro* transcription. The nucleotide analogs used in NAIM include a specific chemical alternation to the base or sugar, and an  $\alpha$ -phosphorothioate substitution which serves as a chemical tag. The nucleotide analog triphosphate is randomly incorporated into an RNA transcript, where the phosphorothioate linkage can be selectively cleaved by the addition of  $I_2$  to produce a series of RNA cleavage products whose lengths correspond to the sites of analog incorporation². By radioactively or fluorescently tagging one end of the RNA transcript, cleaving the RNA with  $I_2$ , and resolving the cleavage products on a denaturing polyacrylamide gel, the sites of analog incorporation throughout the RNA can be individually assayed and used for interference analysis. The phosphorothioate tagged nucleotide analogs make it possible for all of the positions in the RNA to be assayed individually for functional group modification in a single experiment.

Because the phosphorothioate chemical tag is independent of the nucleotide analog whose location it reports, NAIM is generalizable to any analog that can be incorporated into a transcript by an RNA polymerase. A typical NAIM experiment is comprised of four steps. (i) The phosphorothioate tagged nucleotide analog is randomly incorporated throughout the RNA to create a family of transcripts, each of which contains only a few substitutions. A different transcription reaction is performed for each analog. (ii) The functional RNA variants in the population are separated from the inactive transcripts. The exact nature of the activity assay is specific for the RNA being studied, but could include affinity chromatography, native gel electrophoresis, filter binding, selective radiolabeling, etc. (iii) The phosphorothioate linkages in the active and unselected RNA populations are cleaved by I<sub>2</sub> addition to mark the sites of analog incorporation within each molecule. (iv) The individual RNA fragments are resolved by gel electrophoresis and visualized by autoradiography. Sites of analog substitution that are detrimental to function are scored as gaps in the sequencing ladder among the active RNA variants. Because every position in the sequence is a unique and independent band on the sequencing gel, a single screen can define the effect a particular analog has at every incorporated position within the RNA. The approach is applicable to any RNA that can be transcribed in vitro and has an assayable function that can be used to distinguish active and inactive variants. RNA functions that are amenable to this approach include catalysis, folding, protein or ligand binding, and the ability to act as a reaction substrate.

**N**AlM utilizes  $\alpha$ -phosphorothioate tagged nucleotide analogs, each of which includes an incremental chemical alteration in the base or ribose sugar. The most completely developed set of analogs are those of adenosine, for which eight different analogs have been utilized in NAlM.<sup>3</sup> Five analogs modify the nucleotide base and three modify the ribose sugar. The base analogs include purine riboside (Pur $\alpha$ S), N6-methyladenosine (m<sup>6</sup>A $\alpha$ S), tubercidin (7dA $\alpha$ S), diaminopurine riboside (DAP $\alpha$ S), and 2-aminopurine riboside (2AP $\alpha$ S). The ribose sugar analogs all modify the 2'-OH group and include 2'-deoxyadenosine (dA $\alpha$ S), 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoroadenosine (FA $\alpha$ S), and 2'-O-methyladenosine ( $\alpha$ C). All of the analogs can be randomly incorporated into an RNA transcript at an ideal 5% level of efficiency using either the wild-type T7 RNA polymerase or a Y639F RNA polymerase point mutant<sup>4</sup>. Each of these analogs provides specific information about the chemical basis of RNA activity at almost every incorporated position in the transcript.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Adenosine α-thiotriphosphate (0.5mM)	80-3000-01	100 μL	100.00
7-Deaza-Adenosine α-thiotriphosphate (1mM)	80-3303-01	100 μL	100.00
N6-Me-Adenosine α-thiotriphosphate (4mM)	80-3302-01	100 μL	100.00

#### REFERENCES

- S. A. Strobel and K. Shetty, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 1997, 94, 2903-2908.
- (2) G. Gish and F. Eckstein, *Science*, 1988, **240**, 1520-1522.
- (3) L. Ortoleva-Donnelly, A. A. Szewczak, R. R. Gutell and S. A. Strobel, *RNA*, 1998, **4**, 498-519.
- (4) R. Sousa and R. Padilla, EMBO J., 1995, 14, 4609-4621.

#### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Products for Nucleotide Analog Interference Mapping (NAIM) are supplied under license.

### A ANALOGS (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2,6-Diaminopurine riboside $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate (0.25mM)	80-3305-01	100 μL	100.00
2-Aminopurine riboside $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate (10mM)	80-3304-01	100 μL	100.00
Purine riboside $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate (20mM)	80-3301-01	100 μL	100.00
2'-deoxyAdenosine α-thiotriphosphate (15mM)	80-1000-01	100 μL	100.00
2'-OMe-Adenosine α-thiotriphosphate (20mM)	80-1101-01	100 μL	100.00
2'-Fluoro-Adenosine α-thiotriphosphate (10mM)	80-1102-01	100 μL	100.00

 $\alpha$ -Thiotriphosphates are sodium salts in TE buffer, pH7, 10X concentrates. The concentrations shown are optimal for incorporation during polymerase reactions.

#### NUCLEOSIDE $\alpha$ -THIOTRIPHOSPHATES

In addition to their applications in NAIM, there are many other uses for  $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphates. So we have prepared, and will maintain, supplies of regular nucleoside and 2'-deoxy-nucleoside  $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphates. These are currently offered in concentrations suitable for NAIM. Please inquire about specialized requirements.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Cytidine α-thiotriphosphate	80-3010-01	100 μL	100.00
(1.0mM) Guanosine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-3020-01	100 μL	100.00
(0.5mM)  Uridine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-3040-01	100 μL	100.00
(0.5mM) 5-Methyl-Uridine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-3093-01	100 μL	100.00
(10mM) Inosine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-3050-01	100 μL	100.00
(4mM) 2'-deoxyCytidine α-thiotriphosphate	80-1010-01	100 μL	100.00
(15mM) 2'-deoxyGuanosine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-1020-01	100 μL	100.00
(5mM) Thymidine α-thiotriphosphate	80-1030-01	100 μL	100.00
(15mM) 2'-deoxyUridine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate	80-1040-01	100 μL	100.00
(5mM)			

 $\alpha$ -Thiotriphosphates are sodium salts in TE buffer, pH7, 10X concentrates. The concentrations shown are optimal for incorporation during polymerase reactions.

## **NUCLEOSIDE TRIPHOSPHATES**

## NUCLEOSIDE $\alpha$ -THIOTRIPHOSPHATES (CONT.)

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
2'-0Me-Uridine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphosphate (20mM)	80-1141-01	100 μL	100.00
7-Deaza-Guanosine $\alpha$ -thiotriphosphate (1.0mM)	80-3321-01	100 μL	100.00
Pseudo-Uridine α-thiotriphosphate (1.0mM)	80-3341-01	100 μL	100.00

O O S III

7-Deaza-Guanosine

Pseudo-Uridine

#### INTERNALLY QUENCHED NUCLEOTIDE FLUORESCENT REPORTERS

Several methods have been developed for enzymatic fluorescent labelling of nucleic acids. A dNTP analog can be used to incorporate a fluorophore by PCR, nick translation or random priming, either directly into DNA¹ or indirectly via a hapten such as biotin.² Though high incorporation efficiencies have been reported,³ all of these approaches require the separation of unincorporated label prior to downstream applications. A reagent called an Internally Quenched Nucleotide or IQN has been developed by Lawler Scientific, LLC. This reagent consists of a nucleoside triphosphate with a fluorescent reporter attached to the nucleobase and a quencher moiety attached to the gamma-phosphate. The nucleotide remains non-fluorescent until the quencher is enzymatically separated from the parent nucleotide. Since IQNs are non-fluorescent until incorporated into a nucleic acid, they do not give rise to the background fluorescence signals commonly observed when DNA labelled by standard means is inadequately purified.

The first generation IQN consists of a fluorescein-dUTP with a dabsyl quencher linked to the gamma phosphate. Fluorescein and dabsyl were selected because of their superior optical properties and because the photophysics governing their interaction is well described in the literature. In addition, this IQN is soluble and stable in aqueous solution.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Fluorescein-dUTP-dabsyl	88-1056-01	25 μL	270.00
1mM, 25nmoles, 10mM Tris, 1mM EDTA			

These products are subject to proprietary rights of Lawler Scientific, LLC and are made and sold under license from Lawler Scientific, LLC. There is no implied license for commercial use with respect to the Products and a license must be obtained directly from Lawler Scientific, LLC with respect to any proposed commercial use of the Products.

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

#### REFERENCES

- H. Yu, J. Chao, D. Patek, R. Mujumdar, S. Mujumdar, and A.S. Waggoner, *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 1994, 22, 3226-32.
- (2) X. Li, W.M. James, F. Traganos, and Z. Darzynkiewicz, *Biotech Histochem*, 1995, **70**, 234-42.
- (3) T. Tasara, et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 2003. **31**. 2636-46.
- (4) S.A.E. Marras, F.R. Kramer, and S. Tyagi, Nucleic Acids Res., 2002, 30, F122

Fluorescein-dUTP-dabsyl

#### **PURIFICATION**



SEE ALSO

Poly-Pak Reagents p145

#### **GLEN-PAK™ PURIFICATION**

Glen-Pak™ DNA and RNA cartridges have advantages over Poly-Pak cartridges in that a single loading of the diluted crude deprotection solution is all that is necessary. Also, the range of purification has been extended to 100+ using DMT-on oligos. Glen-Pak cartridges have similar performance to Fluoro-Pak cartridges but without the need for the fluorous DMT group at the 5' terminus and special phosphoramidites, so the cost is lower. In addition, Glen-Pak cartridges allow purification of virtually the complete range of dyes and modifiers. The Glen-Pak DNA Cartridge 3g is a large cartridge capable of purifying 10-20 µmole oligonucleotide syntheses using the standard DMT-on procedure and Glen-Pak DNA 30mg 96-Well Plates are for parallel purification of up to 50 nmole scale syntheses. Scale suggestions for the Glen-Pak DNA product line are shown below:

Glen-Pak DNA Product	Catalog Number	Synthesis Scale Compatibility	
Glen-Pak DNA 50mg Purification Cartridge	60-5000-96	10 nmole – 200 nmole	
Glen-Pak DNA Purification Cartridge	60-5100-XX and 60-5200-XX	10 nmole – 1.0 µmole	
Glen-Pak DNA Cartridge 3G Glen-Pak DNA 30 mg 96-Well Plate	60-5300-01 60-5400-01	5 μmole – 20 μmole 10 nmole – 50 nmole	

A User Guide to *Glen-Pak™ Purification* describes in detail the process and several applications for DNA and RNA purification. This booklet is available online at: <a href="http://www.glenresearch.com/Technical/GlenPak\_UserGuide.pdf">http://www.glenresearch.com/Technical/GlenPak\_UserGuide.pdf</a>.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
DNA Purification Cartridges			
Glen-Pak™ 50mg DNA Purification Cartridge (For use in vacuum manifolds and high-throughput devices)	60-5000-96	Pack of 96	415.00
Glen-Pak™ DNA Purification Cartridge	60-5100-10	Pack of 10	80.00
(For use in vacuum manifolds	60-5100-30	Pack of 30	200.00
and high-throughput devices)	60-5100-96	Pack of 96	475.00
Glen-Pak™ DNA Purification Cartridge	60-5200-01	each	8.00
(For use with disposable syringes)	60-5200-10	Pack of 10	80.00
Glen-Pak™ DNA Cartridge 3g	60-5300-01	Pack of 1	150.00
Glen-Pak™ DNA 30mg 96-Well Plate	60-5400-01	Pack of 1	475.00
RNA Purification Cartridges			
Glen-Pak™ RNA Purification Cartridge	60-6100-10	Pack of 10	95.00
(For use in vacuum manifolds	60-6100-30	Pack of 30	225.00
and high-throughput devices)	60-6100-96	Pack of 96	575.00
Glen-Pak™ RNA Purification Cartridge	60-6200-01	each	9.50
(For use with disposable syringes)	60-6200-10	Pack of 10	95.00
Reagents			
RNA Quenching Buffer	60-4120-82	250mL	80.00
	60-4120-80	1L	200.00
Racks and Seals			
Adapter Rack (For use with 96 well manifolds)	60-0010-01	each	20.00
Seal for Adapter Rack	60-0020-01	each	30.00
(For use on 96 well adapter rack)			

Poly-Pak™ and Glen-Pak™ are trademarks of Glen Research Corporation

### **POLY-PAK™ PURIFICATION**

The use of Poly-Pak™ packings in cartridges or barrels overcomes several disadvantages usually associated with reverse phase (RP) cartridges. The packing is stable in the pH range 1-13, thus the ammonium hydroxide solution, diluted with water, is loaded directly onto the packing. Also, after elution of failure sequences, the trityl group is removed and washed from the support-bound oligonucleotide. The fully deprotected product can then be eluted and isolated by lyophilization. Poly-Pak™ Cartridges may also be used for desalting normal or labelled oligonucleotides. The original Poly-Pak cartridge and barrel are designed for 0.2 µmole syntheses or less. Poly-Pak II cartridges and barrels are designed for use with 1 µmole syntheses. A booklet, User Guide To Poly-Pak™ Cartridge Purification, describes in detail the process and several applications. This booklet is available online at: http://www.glenresearch.com/Technical/PolyPakBooklet.pdf.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Packing, Cartridges and Barrels			
Poly-Pak™ Packing	60-1000-05 60-1000-25	5g 25g	70.00 350.00
Poly-Pak™ Cartridge	60-1100-01 60-1100-10	each Pack of 10	8.00 80.00
Poly-Pak™ II Cartridge	60-3100-01 60-3100-10	each Pack of 10	12.00 120.00
Reagents			
2.0M Triethylamine Acetate (TEAA) HPLC Grade 400.00	60-4110-52 60-4110-57 60-4110-60 60-4110-62	200mL 450mL 960mL 2 L	60.00 120.00 200.00
2% Aqueous Trifluoroacetic Acid	60-4040-57	450mL	36.00



Poly-Pak Cartridge Used Manually

Poly-Pak™ is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation

## SEE ALSO

Glen-Pak Purification

p144

### INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

"Fluoro-Pak" is a trademark of Berry & Associates, Inc. Products for Fluorous Affinity Purification of Oligonucleotides: Patents applied for, Berry & Associates, Inc. Further, the use of these products is licensed under U.S. Patents 6,673,539, 6,156,896; 5,859,247; and 5,777,121 and one or more pending patents owned or controlled by Fluorous Technologies, Inc.

### **FLUORO-PAK™ PURIFICATION**

**G**len Research has discontinued the line of Fluoro-Pak™ products. These may be purchased directly from Berry & Associates.

We recommend Glen-Pak purification as an alternative.

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Phosphoramidites (Discontinued)			
F-DMT-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1400		
F-DMT-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1410		
F-DMT-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1420		
F-DMT-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	10-1430		
Fluorous Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II (F-CPR-II)	10-1904		
Columns (Discontinued)			
Fluoro-Pak™ columns	61-2100		
Fluoro-Pak™ II columns	61-4100		
Reagents (Discontinued)			
Loading Buffer	61-4120		

### **GLEN GEL-PAK™ DESALTING**

The principle of the Glen Research gel filtration column, Glen Gel-Pak™, is based on size exclusion chromatography that separates molecules according to the hydrodynamic volume of the molecule in aqueous solutions. In gel filtration, the mobile phase for size exclusion is an aqueous solution and the stationary phase is a porous resin. The pores of the resin are sized such that they allow small molecules to enter the pores, yet exclude larger molecules from the pores. The small molecules, such as salts and hydrolyzed protecting groups, diffuse into the pores of the resin and move slowly through the column. The larger molecules, such as DNA or proteins, are excluded from the pores and move quickly through the column. The end result is that the larger molecules elute first in the column void volume while the small molecules are still flowing through the resin of the column. Glen Gel-Pak columns are ideal for desalting and reaction clean up. They can be used for removal of the ammonium hydroxide deprotection solution and hydrolyzed protecting groups after deprotection. The columns can also be used for the clean up of NHS-labelling reactions to separate the labelled oligo and unlabelled oligo from the unreacted NHS ester, the hydrolyzed label, and n-hydroxysuccinimide, thereby greatly simplifying the downstream purification steps.

There are many benefits to Glen Gel-Pak columns:

### Versatility:

- Ability to directly desalt oligonucleotides deprotected in either 30% ammonium hydroxide OR 50:50 ammonium hydroxide/40% aqueous methylamine (AMA)
- Easily exchange buffers
- · Simple clean-up of labelling reactions
- Mild method for purification from salts and solvents such as DMSO and DMF

### Capacity:

- Multiple column sizes (0.2 mL, 1.0 mL and 2.5 mL) are available to match synthesis scale
- Ability to efficiently desalt short and long oligos at different scales using the same protocol
- Suitable for oligos > 10mer in length



Glen Gel-Pak 0.2 Glen Gel-Pak 2.5 Glen Gel-Pak 1.0

ltem	Catalog No.	Pack	Price(\$)
Glen Gel-Pak™ 0.2 Desalting Column	61-5002-05	Pack of 5	30.00
(0.2 mL Capacity) Glen Gel-Pak™ 1.0 Desalting Column	61-5002-50 61-5010-05	Pack of 50 Pack of 5	300.00 35.00
(1.0 mL Capacity) Glen Gel-Pak™ 2.5 Desalting Column	61-5010-50 61-5025-05	Pack of 50 Pack of 5	350.00 45.00
(2.5 mL Capacity)	61-5025-25	Pack of 25	225.00

Glen Gel-Pak™ is a trademark of Glen Research Corporation

### OTHER INSTRUMENT TYPES

All minor bases, RNA products and modifiers are packaged in septum-capped vials suitable for ABI and other instruments. If you would like another type of vial/column add the following to the end of the catalog number.

Monomers For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
MerMade	M
Columns For Instrument type	Add
Expedite	E
Applied Biosystems 3900	A
MerMade	M

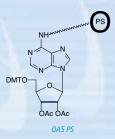
(Please inquire for availability of vials and columns for other instrument types.)

### **OLIGO-AFFINITY SUPPORT**

Oligo-affinity supports (OAS) should ideally be compatible with automated synthesis, should be non-friable, should not shrink or swell, and should have low non-specific binding of the proteins or DNA. On the support shown below is an Adenosine residue attached through the exocyclic amino group. In this way, synthesis progresses regularly on removal of the 5'-DMT group. However, on treatment with ammonium hydroxide, the oligo is not cleaved from the support. This matrix can then be used as an affinity support for a complementary segment of DNA or RNA. Alternatively, the complementary strand can be annealed to the support and the double stranded DNA can be used as an affinity support for purifying DNA binding proteins.

We expect that OAS PS will be used for purification of components from biological fluids.

Item	Catalog No.	Pack	Price (\$)
Oligo-Affinity Support (PS) (OAS PS)	26-4001-01 26-4001-02 26-4001-10	0.1g 0.25g 1.0g	180.00 425.00 1590.00
Oligo-Affinity Support (PS) 1 µmole TWIST columns	26-4101-41	Pack of 4	300.00



The physical data table contains information which is unique to each monomer phosphoramidite. The molecular weight (MW) is the formula weight of the fully-protected monomer phosphoramidite. The MW is used to calculate the volume of solvent required to dilute 0.25g of the monomer to give a final 0.1M concentration. This figure is also shown in the table. The unit molecular weight (Unit FW) is the formula weight of each monomer once inserted into an oligonucleotide with all protecting groups removed. To obtain the molecular weight of a specific oligonucleotide, the following formula is used:

Oligonucleotide MW = Sum of Unit FW - 61.96

Cat. No.	Item F	Phosphoramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-0001	dA-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	857.95	313.21	0.25g/2.91mL
10-0101	dC-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	833.93	289.18	0.25g/3.00mL
10-0301	dT-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	744.83	304.2	0.25g/3.36mL
10-1000	dA-CE Phosphoramidite	857.95	313.21	0.25g/2.91mL
10-1001	7-Deaza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	856.96	312.22	0.25g/2.92mL
10-1003	N6-Me-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	767.86	327.24	0.25g/3.26mL
10-1004	3'-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	857.95	313.21	0.25g/2.91mL
10-1006	Etheno-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	777.86	337.23	0.25g/3.21mL
10-1007	8-Br-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	887.81	392.11	0.25g/2.82mL
10-1008	8-oxo-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	873.95	329.21	0.25g/2.86mL
10-1010	dC-CE Phosphoramidite	833.93	289.18	0.25g/3.00mL
10-1014	pdC-CE Phosphoramidite	907.1	327.23	0.25g/2.76mL
10-1015	Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	771.85	289.18	0.25g/3.24mL
10-1016	TMP-F-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	866.97	307.18	0.25g/2.88mL
10-1017	Pyrrolo-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	767.85	327.23	0.25g/3.26mL
10-1018	5-Me-dC Brancher Phosphoramidite	942.1	402.36	0.25g/2.65mL
10-1019	Amino-Modifier C6 dC	1049.14	457.42	0.25g/2.38mL
10-1020	dG-CE Phosphoramidite	839.92	329.21	0.25g/2.98mL
10-1021	7-deaza-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	823.93	328.22	0.25g/3.03mL
10-1027	8-Br-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	903.9	408.1	0.25g/2.77mL
10-1028	8-oxo-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	855.93	345.21	0.25g/2.92mL
10-1029	dmf-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	824.92	329.21	0.25g/3.03mL
10-1030	dT-CE Phosphoramidite	744.83	304.2	0.25g/3.36mL
10-1031	5'-OMe-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	456.48	318.22	0.25g/5.48mL
10-1032	O4-Me-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	758.85	318.22	0.25g/3.29mL
10-1034	4-Thio-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	813.95	320.26	0.25g/3.07mL
10-1035	Carboxy-dT	814.88	360.22	0.25g/3.07mL
10-1036	2-Thio-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	879.02	320.26	0.25g/2.84mL
10-1037	Amino-Modifier C2 dT	938.94	402.3	0.25g/2.66mL
10-1038	Biotin-dT	1285.55	684.7	0.25g/1.94mL
10-1039	Amino-Modifier C6 dT	995.05	458.41	0.25g/2.51mL
10-1040	dI-CE Phosphoramidite	754.79	314.19	0.25g/3.31mL
10-1041	2'-DeoxyNebularine-CE Phosphoramidite		298.19	0.25g/3.38mL
10-1042	06-Phenyl-dl-CE Phosphoramidite	830.92	Varies	0.25g/3.01mL
10-1044	5-Nitroindole-CE Phosphoramidite	780.86	340.23	0.25g/3.20mL
10-1046	2-Aminopurine-CE Phosphoramidite	809.01	313.21	0.25g/3.09mL
10-1047	dP-CE Phosphoramidite	771.85	330.23	0.25g/3.24mL
10-1048	dK-CE Phosphoramidite	853.96	358.25	0.25g/2.93mL
10-1050	dU-CE Phosphoramidite	730.8	290.17	0.25g/3.42mL
10-1051	04-Triazolyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	781.84	varies	0.25g/3.20mL
10-1052	4-Thio-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	799.93	306.23	0.25g/3.13mL
10-1053	5-OH-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	788.83	306.17	0.25g/3.17mL
10-1054	pdU-CE Phosphoramidite	768.85	328.22	0.25g/3.25mL

Cat. No.	Item Phosphor	amidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-1055	2'-deoxypseudoU-CE Phosphoramidite	730.8	290.17	0.25g/3.42mL
10-1056	Fluorescein-dT Phosphoramidite	1425.57	815.71	0.25g/1.75mL
10-1057	TAMRA-dT	1311.48	870.85	0.25g/1.91mL
10-1058	Dabcyl-dT	1150.32	709.7	0.25g/2.17mL
10-1059	EDTA-C2-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	1201.32	676.53	0.25g/2.08mL
10-1060	5-Me-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	847.9	303.21	0.25q/2.95mL
10-1061	5-Me-2'-deoxyZebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	728.82	288.19	0.25g/3.43mL
10-1062	5-Hydroxymethyl-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	917	319.21	0.25g/2.73mL
10-1063	5-OH-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	954.03	305.18	0.25g/2.62mL
10-1064	3'-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	833.92	289.18	0.25g/3.00mL
10-1065	dmf-5-Me-isodC-CE Phosphoramidite	798.91	303.21	0.25g/3.13mL
10-1066	5-Carboxy-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	905.97	333.19	0.25g/2.76mL
10-1068	N4-Et-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	757.87	317.42	0.25g/3.30mL
10-1070	O6-Me-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	853.97	343.24	0.25g/2.93mL
10-1072	6-thio-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	934.97	345.26	0.25g/2.67mL
10-1073	7-Deaza-8-aza-dG-CE Phosphoramidite (PPG)	824.91	329.2	0.25g/3.03mL
10-1074	3'-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	824.92	329.21	0.25g/3.03mL
10-1076	7-deaza-dX-CE Phosphoramidite	769.83	329.21	0.25g/3.25mL
10-1078	dmf-isodG-CE Phosphoramidite	1020.13	329.21	0.25g/2.45mL
10-1079	8-Amino-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	895.01	344.22	0.25g/2.79mL
10-1080	5-Br-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	912.82	368.08	0.25g/2.74mL
10-1081	5-I-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	959.83	415.08	0.25g/2.60mL
10-1082	2-F-dI-CE Phosphoramidite	921.96	varies, 2F=332.18	0.25g/2.71mL
10-1083	7-deaza-8-aza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	808.91	313.2	0.25g/3.09mL
10-1084	3'-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	744.83	304.2	0.25g/3.36mL
10-1085	2-Amino-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	1047.33	328.22	0.25g/2.39mL
10-1086	8-Amino-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	879.01	328.22	0.25g/2.84mL
10-1088	3-deaza-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	856.95	312.22	0.25g/2.92mL
10-1089	Amino-Modifier C6 dA	1068.14	427.4	0.25g/2.34mL
10-1090	5-Br-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	809.69	369.07	0.25g/3.09mL
10-1091	5-I-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	856.69	416.07	0.25g/2.92mL
10-1092	5-F-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	748.79	308.16	0.25g/3.34mL
10-1093	5-Hydroxymethyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	802.86	320.19	0.25g/3.11mL
10-1096	Thymidine Glycol CE Phosphoramidite	1007.36	338.21	0.25g/2.48mL
10-1097	AP-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	974.97	438.33	0.25g/2.56mL
10-1098	8,5'-Cyclo-dA CE Phosphoramidite	855.92	311.19	0.25g/2.92mL
10-1100	dA-Me Phosphonamidite	802.91	311.24	0.25g/3.11mL
10-1115	Ac-dC-Me Phosphonamidite	716.81	287.21	0.25g/3.49mL
10-1120	dG-Me Phosphonamidite	784.89	327.24	0.25g/3.19mL
10-1130	dT-Me Phosphonamidite	689.79	302.23	0.25g/3.62mL
10-1140	dA-PACE Phosphoramidite	928.02	354.24	0.25g/2.69mL
10-1150	Ac-dC-PACE Phosphoramidite	841.93	330.21	0.25g/2.97mL
10-1160	dG-PACE Phosphoramidite	910.01	370.24	0.25g/2.75mL
10-1170	dT-PACE Phosphoramidite	814.9	345.22	0.25g/3.07mL
10-1200	dA-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	822.9	313.21	0.25g/3.04mL
10-1210	dC-H-Phosphonate, DBU Salt	849.35	289.18	0.25g/2.94mL
10-1220	dG-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	804.88	329.21	0.25g/3.11mL
10-1230	dT-H-Phosphonate, TEA Salt	709.78	304.2	0.25g/3.52mL
10-1301	Pac-dA-Me Phosphoramidite	848.93	327.23 (Methyl triester)	0.25g/2.94mL
10-1315	Ac-dC-Me Phosphoramidite	732.81	303.21 (Methyl triester)	0.25g/3.41mL
10-1321	iPr-Pac-dG-Me Phosphoramidite	907.01	343.23 (Methyl triester)	0.25g/2.76mL
10-1330	dT-Me Phosphoramidite	705.79	318.22 (Methyl triester)	0.25g/3.54mL

Cat. No.	Item	Phosphoramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-1400	F-DMT-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	1304.05	313.21	0.25g/1.92mL
10-1410	F-DMT-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	1280.02	289.18	0.25g/1.95mL
10-1420	F-DMT-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	1286.03	329.21	0.25g/1.94mL
10-1430	F-DMT-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	1190.93	304.2	0.25g/2.10mL
10-1440	CleanAmp™-Pac-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	1045.25	523.56 (triester)	0.25g/2.39mL
10-1450	CleanAmp™-Ac-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	929.13	499.54 (triester)	0.25g/2.69mL
10-1460	CleanAmp™-Pac-dG-CE Phosphoramidite		539.56 (triester)	0.25g/2.36mL
10-1470	CleanAmp™-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	902.11	514.55 (triester)	0.25g/2.77mL
10-1501	1-Me-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	814.31	328.24	0.25g/3.07mL
10-1503	N6-Ac-N6-Me-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	809.89	327.23	0.25g/3.09mL
10-1510	5-Hydroxymethyl-dC II-CE Phosphoramic	lite 785.82	319.21	0.25g/3.18mL
10-1511	5-aza-5,6-dihydro-dC-CE Phosphoramid		292.18	0.25g/3.17mL
10-1513	N4-Ac-N4-Et-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	799.89	317.24	0.25g/3.13mL
10-1514	5-Formyl-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	915.96	317.19 (formyl)	0.25g/2.73mL
			349.23 (diol)	
10-1516	tC-CE Phosphoramidite	835.95	395.33	0.25g/2.99mL
10-1517	tC°-CE Phosphoramidite	819.88	379.26	0.25g/3.05mL
10-1518	tCnitro-CE Phosphoramidite	880.94	440.32	0.25g/2.84mL
10-1520	8-D-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	825.91	330.21	0.25g/3.03mL
10-1521	dDs-CE Phosphoramidite	819.95	379.33	0.25g/3.05mL
10-1522	Pac-ds-CE Phosphoramidite	970.08	395.33	0.25g/2.58mL
10-1523	dPa-CE Phosphoramidite	713.8	273.18	0.25g/3.50mL
10-1524	dDss-CE Phosphoramidite	902.07	461.451	0.25g/2.77mL
10-1529	N2-Amino-Modifier C6 dG	965.01	428.38	0.25g/2.59mL
10-1530	5,6-Dihydro-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	746.84	306.21	0.25g/3.35mL
10-1531	N3-Cyanoethyl-dT	797.88	357.26	0.25g/3.13mL
10-1532	5'-Dabsyl-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	729.78	591.53	0.25g/3.43mL
10-1534	N-POM Caged-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	967.99	527.38 (N-POM-dT)	0.25g/2.58mL
10-1535	NHS-Carboxy-dT	897.91	varies, -CO2H=360.22	0.25g/2.78mL
10-1536	Fmoc Amino-Modifier C6 dT	1121.28	458.41(NH2)	0.25g/2.23mL
10-1537	dX-CE Phosphoramidite	1069.1	330.19	0.25g/2.34mL
10-1538	S-Bz-Thiol-Modifier C6-dT	1091.26	546.53	0.25g/2.29mL
10-1539	DBCO-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	1214.57	773.77	0.25g/2.06mL
10-1540	C8-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	834.94	394.32	0.25g/2.99mL
10-1541	C8-TIPS-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	1094.4	393.33	0.25g/2.28mL
10-1542	C8-TMS-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	1010.24	393.33	0.25g/2.47mL
10-1543	C8-Alkyne-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	938.06	393.33	0.25g/2.67mL
10-1544	C8-TIPS-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	991.28	394.32	0.25g/2.52mL
10-1545	C8-TMS-Alkyne-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	907.12	394.32	0.25g/2.76mL
10-1550	5,6-Dihydro-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	732.81	292.19	0.25g/3.41mL
10-1554	5-Ethynyl-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	754.81	314.19	0.25g/3.31mL
10-1560	Ac-5-Me-dC-CE Phosphoramidite	785.86	303.21	0.25g/3.18mL
10-1564	5-Formyl dC III CE Phosphoramidite	950.02	317.19	0.25g/2.63mL
	5 IT 05 Pl		375.27 (acetal)	
10-1576	Ferrocene-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	1125.07	684.45	0.25g/2.22mL
10-1590	Pyrene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	955.04	514.42	0.25g/2.62mL
10-1591	Perylene-dU-CE Phosphoramidite	1005.1	564.48	0.25g/2.49mL
10-1598	8,5'-Cyclo-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	619.65	327.19	0.25g/4.03mL
10-1601	Pac-dA-CE Phosphoramidite	887.97	313.21	0.25g/2.82mL
10-1621	iPr-Pac-dG-CE Phosphoramidite	946.05	329.21	0.25g/2.64mL
10-1700	dA-Thiophosphoramidite	955.09	345.34(dithioate)	0.25g/1.75mL
10-1710	dC-Thiophosphoramidite	931.07	321.31(dithioate)	0.25g/1.79mL

Cat. No.	Item Phosp	horamidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-1720	dG-Thiophosphoramidite	937.07	361.34(dithioate)	0.25g/1.78mL
10-1730	dT-Thiophosphoramidite	841.97	336.32(dithioate)	0.25g/1.98mL
10-1900	Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent	656.77	79.98	0.25g/3.81mL
10-1901	Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II	722.82	79.98	0.25g/3.46mL
10-1902	Solid Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II	692.79	79.98	0.25g/3.61mL
10-1904	Fluorous Chemical Phosphorylation Reagent II	1168.92	79.98	0.25g/2.14mL
10-1905	5'-Amino-Modifier 5	577.71	167.1	0.25g/4.33mL
10-1906	5'-Amino-Modifier C6	589.76	179.16	0.25g/4.24mL
10-1907	5'-DMS(0)MT-Amino-Modifier C6	681.34	179.16	0.25g/3.67mL
10-1908	5'-Hexynyl Phosphoramidite	298.36	160.11	0.25g/8.38mL
10-1909	Spacer Phosphoramidite 9	652.77	212.14	0.25g/3.83mL
10-1912	5'-Amino-Modifier C12	673.92	263.32	0.25g/3.71mL
10-1913	Spacer Phosphoramidite C3	578.69	138.06	0.25g/4.32mL
10-1914	dSpacer CE Phosphoramidite	620.73	180.1	0.25g/4.03mL
10-1915	Pyrrolidine-CE Phosphoramidite	841.97	178.1	0.25g/2.97mL
10-1916	5'-Amino-Modifier C6-TFA	413.42	179.16	0.25g/6.05mL
10-1917	5'-Amino-Modifier TEG CE-Phosphoramidite	489.47	255.21	0.25g/5.11mL
10-1918	Spacer Phosphoramidite 18	784.93	344.3	0.25g/3.18mL
10-1919	5'-Aminooxy-Modifier-11-CE Phosphoramidite	711.82	271.21	0.25g/3.51mL
10-1920	Symmetric Doubler Phosphoramidite	1095.32	351.31	0.25g/2.28mL
10-1922	Trebler Phosphoramidite	1417.72	370.33	0.25g/1.76mL
10-1923	5'-Amino-Modifier C3-TFA	371.34	137.08	0.25g/6.73mL
10-1925	Long Trebler Phosphoramidite	1475.78	428.41	0.25g/1.69mL
10-1926	5'-Thiol-Modifier C6	576.78	196.2	0.25g/4.33mL
10-1927	Abasic II Phosphoramidite	750.98	196.1	0.25g/3.33mL
10-1928	Spacer C12 CE Phosphoramidite	704.93	264.3	0.25g/3.55mL
10-1931	5'-I-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	552.35	414.09	0.25g/4.53mL
10-1932	5'-Amino-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	713.81	303.21	0.25g/3.50mL
10-1933	5'-Aldehyde-Modifier C2 Phosphoramidite	480.58	228.14	0.25g/5.20mL
10-1934	5-Formylindole-CE Phosphoramidite	763.86	323.24	0.25g/3.27mL
10-1935	5'-Carboxy-Modifier C10	485.56	varies, -CO2H = 250.23	0.25g/5.15mL
10-1936	Thiol-Modifier C6 S-S	769.05	328.4 (disulfide)	0.25g/3.25mL
			196.2 (thiol)	J.
10-1938	5'-Maleimide-Modifier Phosphoramidite	437.47	299.22 (pre-retro-DA)	0.25g/5.71mL
			203.09 (maleimide)	
10-1939	Spermine Phosphoramidite	1233.17	408.52	0.25g/2.03mL
10-1941	5'-DBCO-TEG Phosphoramidite	708.82	570.57	0.25g/3.53mL
10-1946	5'-Bromohexyl Phosphoramidite	381.29	243.04 (bromide)	0.25g/6.56mL
			205.15 (azide)	
10-1947	5'-Amino-Modifier C6-PDA	478.57	179.15	0.25g/5.22mL
10-1948	5'-Amino-Modifier C12-PDA	562.7	263.32	0.25g/4.44mL
10-1949	5'-Amino-Modifier TEG PDA	554.62	255.21	0.25g/4.51mL
10-1952	DesthiobiotinTEG Phosphoramidite	980.19	539.56	0.25g/2.55mL
10-1953	Biotin Phosphoramidite	876.1	435.48	0.25g/2.85mL
10-1955	BiotinTEG Phosphoramidite	1010.24	569.61	0.25g/2.47mL
10-1963	Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	1207.5	598.56	0.25g/2.07mL
10-1964	6-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	1176.35	566.48	0.25g/2.13mL
10-1973	Acridine Phosphoramidite	891.53	450.86	0.25g/2.80mL
10-1975	Cholesteryl-TEG Phosphoramidite	1196.6	755.97	0.25g/2.09mL
10-1976	5'-Cholesteryl-TEG Phosphoramidite	820.13	682.89	0.25g/3.05mL
10-1977	a-Tocopherol-TEG Phosphoramidite	1139.56	698.91	0.25g/2.19mL
10-1979	Stearyl Phosphoramidite	470.71	332.46	0.25g/5.31mL

Cat. No.	Item Phospi	horamidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-1982	Psoralen C2 Phosphoramidite	502.55	364.29	0.25q/4.97mL
10-1983	Psoralen C6 Phosphoramidite	558.65	420.4	0.25g/4.48mL
10-1985	DNP-TEG Phosphoramidite	950	509.41	0.25q/2.63mL
10-1986	5'-Trimethoxystilbene Cap Phosphoramidite	571.65	433.39	0.25g/4.37mL
10-1987	5'-Pyrene Cap Phosphoramidite	501.6	363.35	0.25g/4.98mL
10-1991	Dithiol Serinol Phosphoramidite	853.08	412.46	0.25g/2.93mL
10-1992	Alkyne-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	758.88	318.26	0.25g/3.29mL
10-1993	Protected Biotin Serinol Phosphoramidite	1051.28	450.45	0.25g/2.38mL
10-1994	6-Fluorescein Serinol Phosphoramidite	1191.3	582.45	0.25g/2.10mL
10-1995	Protected BiotinLC Serinol Phosphoramidite	1298.57	697.74	0.25g/1.93mL
10-1997	Amino-Modifier Serinol Phosphoramidite	887.01	224.15	0.25g/2.82mL
10-3000	Pac-A-CE Phosphoramidite	1018.23	329.21	0.25g/2.46mL
10-3001	7-deaza-A-CE Phosphoramidite	987.2	328.22	0.25g/2.53mL
10-3003	Bz-A-CE Phosphoramidite	988.21	329.21	0.25g/2.53mL
10-3004	A-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	998.24	329.21	0.25g/2.50mL
10-3011	Zebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	845.05	290.17	0.25g/2.96mL
10-3012	Pyridin-2-one-CE Phosphoramidite	844.06	289.18	0.25g/2.96mL
10-3014	C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	974.22	305.18	0.25g/2.57mL
10-3015	Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	902.11	305.18	0.25g/2.77mL
10-3017	Pyrrolo-C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	970.23	343.27	0.25g/2.58mL
10-3021	iPr-Pac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	1076.31	345.21	0.25g/2.32mL
10-3024	G-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	1014.24	345.21	0.25g/2.46mL
10-3025	Ac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	941.43	345.21	0.25g/2.66mL
10-3030	U-CE Phosphoramidite	861.06	306.17	0.25g/2.90mL
10-3034	U-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	933.17	306.17	0.25g/2.68mL
10-3039	Amino-Modifier C6-U Phosphoramidite	1197.41	474.4	0.25g/2.09mL
10-3040	I-CE Phosphoramidite	885.08	330.19	0.25g/2.82mL
10-3041	Nebularine-CE Phosphoramidite	869.07	314.19	0.25g/2.88mL
10-3050	5-Me-U-CE Phosphoramidite	875.08	320.19	0.25g/2.86mL
10-3052	4-Thio-U-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	1002.29	322.22	0.25g/2.49mL
10-3055	PseudoUridine-CE Phosphoramidite	861.05	306.17	0.25g/2.90mL
10-3064	5-Me-C-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	988.25	319.21	0.25g/2.53mL
10-3070	2-Aminopurine-TBDMS-CE Phosphoramidite	954.19	329.21	0.25g/2.62mL
10-3072	6-Thio-G-CE Phosphoramidite	1039.31	361.26	0.25g/2.41mL
10-3083	8-Aza-7-deaza-A-CE Phosphoramidite	939.16	329.21	0.25g/2.66mL
10-3085	2,6-Diaminopurine-TOM-CE Phosphoramidite	1113.36	344.22	0.25g/2.25mL
10-3090	Br-U-CE Phosphoramidite	939.96	385.06	0.25g/2.66mL
10-3091	5-I-U-CE Phosphoramidite	986.96	432.07	0.25g/2.53mL
10-3100	2'-OMe-A-CE Phosphoramidite	887.97	343.24	0.25g/2.82mL
10-3110	2'-OMe-C-CE Phosphoramidite	863.95	319.21	0.25g/2.89mL
10-3111	2'-OMe-TMP-5-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite	897.08	337.2	0.25g/2.79mL
10-3115	2'-OMe-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	801.88	319.21	0.25g/3.12mL
10-3116	2'-OMe-3-deaza-5-aza-C-CE Phosphoramidite	816.91	319.21	0.25g/3.06mL
10-3120	2'-OMe-ibu-G-CE Phosphoramidite	869.97	359.24	0.25g/2.87mL
10-3121	2'-OMe-G-CE Phosphoramidite	854.93	359.24	0.25g/2.92mL
10-3123	2'-OMe-2-Aminopurine-CE Phosphoramidite	839.04	343.24	0.25g/2.98mL
10-3124	2'-OMe-2,6-Diaminopurine-CE Phosphoramidi		358.25	0.25g/2.71mL
10-3130	2'-OMe-U-CE Phosphoramidite	760.82	320.2	0.25g/3.29mL
10-3131	2'-OMe-5-Me-U-CE Phosphoramidite	774.84	334.22	0.25g/3.23mL
10-3132	2'-OMe-5-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite	778.78	338.19	0.25g/3.21mL
10-3140	2'-OMe-I-CE Phosphoramidite	784.85	344.22	0.25g/3.19mL
10-3160	2'-OMe-5-Me-C-CE Phosphoramidite	815.9	333.24	0.25g/3.06mL

Cat. No.	Item Phospho	oramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
10-3190	2'-OMe-5-Br-U-CE Phosphoramidite	839.72	399.09	0.25g/2.98mL
10-3400	2'-F-A-CE Phosphoramidite	875.93	331.2	0.25g/2.85mL
10-3415	2'-F-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	789.84	307.18	0.25g/3.17mL
10-3420	2'-F-G-CE Phosphoramidite	857.91	347.19	0.25g/2.91mL
10-3430	2'-F-U-CE Phosphoramidite	748.79	308.16	0.25g/3.34mL
10-3501	1-Me-A-CE Phosphoramidite	944.57	344.24	0.25g/2.65mL
10-3601	2'-OMe-Pac-A-CE Phosphoramidite	917.99	343.24	0.25g/2.72mL
10-3621	2'-OMe-iPr-Pac-G-CE Phosphoramidite	976.07	359.24	0.25g/2.56mL
10-3800	2'-FANA-A-CE Phosphoramidite	875.93	331.2	0.25g/2.85mL
10-3810	2'-FANA-C-CE Phosphoramidite	851.91	307.17	0.25g/2.93mL
10-3815	2'-FANA-Ac-C-CE Phosphoramidite	789.83	307.17	0.25g/3.16mL
10-3820	2'-FANA-G-CE Phosphoramidite	857.91	347.19	0.25g/2.91mL
10-3830	2'-FANA-U-CE Phosphoramidite	748.79	308.16	0.25g/3.34mL
10-3914	rSpacer CE Phosphoramidite	823.09	196.09	0.25g/3.04mL
10-4410	UniCap Phosphoramidite	334.39	.00.00	0.25g/7.48mL
10-4906	PC Amino-Modifier Phosphoramidite	605.59	371.32	0.25g/4.13mL
10-4913	PC Spacer Phosphoramidite	784.88	344.26	0.25g/3.19mL
10-4920	PC Linker Phosphoramidite	699.78	259.15	0.25g/3.57mL
10-4950	PC Biotin Phosphoramidite	1038.25	597.62	0.25g/2.41mL
10-5800	Azobenzene Phosphoramidite	815.94	375.32	0.25g/3.06mL
10-5801	2,2'-Dipicolylamine Phosphoramidite	775.91	335.29	0.25g/3.22mL
10-5901	5'-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	843.95	537.46	0.25g/2.96mL
10-5902	5'-Hexachloro-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	1050.62	744.13	0.25g/2.38mL
10-5903	5'-Tetrachloro-Fluorescein Phosphoramidite	981.73	675.24	0.25g/2.55mL
10-5905	SIMA (HEX) Phosphoramidite	1065.02	759.54	0.25g/2.35mL
10-5906	5'-Dichloro-dimethoxy-Fluorescein Phosphoram		666.4	0.25g/2.57mL
10-5912	5'-Dabcyl Phosphoramidite	568.69	430.18	0.25g/4.40mL
10-5913	Cyanine 3 Phosphoramidite	953.64	507.59	0.25g/2.62mL
10-5914	Cyanine 3.5 Phosphoramidite	1053.76	607.7	0.25g/2.37mL
10-5915	Cyanine 5 Phosphoramidite	979.68	533.63	0.25g/2.55mL
10-5916	Cyanine 5.5 Phosphoramidite	1171.25	633.74	0.25g/2.13mL
10-5917	DyLight DY547 Phosphoramidite	756.74	490.57	0.25g/3.30mL
10-5918	DyLight DY647 Phosphoramidite	827.07	516.61	0.25g/3.02mL
10-5920	Epoch Redmond RedTM Phosphoramidite	971.09	445.34	0.25g/2.57mL
10-5921	Epoch Yakima YellowTM Phosphoramidite	1023.81	718.33	0.25g/2.44mL
10-5922	Epoch Gig Harbor GreenTM Phosphoramidite	900.06	594.57	0.25g/2.78mL
10-5925	Epoch EclipseTM Quencher Phosphoramidite	978.5	537.89	0.25g/2.55mL
10-5931	5'-BHQ-1 Phosphoramidite	676.75	538.49	0.25g/3.69mL
10-5932	5'-BHQ-2 Phosphoramidite	678.72	540.47	0.25g/3.68mL
10-5934	5'-BBQ-650®-CE Phosphoramidite	802.9	665.65	0.25g/3.11mL
10-5941	BHQ-1-dT	1401.56	960.93	0.25g/1.78mL
10-5942	BHQ-2-dT	1403.53	962.91	0.25g/1.78mL
10-5944	BBQ-650®-dT-CE Phosphoramidite	1441.57	1000.95	0.25g/1.73mL
10-5945	SIMA (HEX)-dT Phosphoramidite	1646.64	1037.79	0.25g/1.52mL
10-5950	5'-Biotin Phosphoramidite	846.08	405.45	0.25g/2.95mL
10-5960	Methylene Blue C3 Phosphoramidite	994.7	517.62	0.25g/2.51mL
10-7001	2',3'-ddA-CE Phosphoramidite	574.7	297.21	0.25g/4.35mL
10-7101	2',3'-ddC-CE Phosphoramidite	550.68	273.18	0.25g/4.54mL
10-7201	2',3'-ddG-CE Phosphoramidite	506.54	313.2	0.25g/4.94mL
10-7301	2',3'-ddT-CE Phosphoramidite	426.45	288.19	0.25g/5.86mL
10-9201	dmf-dG-5'-CE Phosphoramidite	824.92	329.21	0.25g/3.03mL
11-1330	Cis-syn Thymine Dimer Phosphoramidite	1024.01	608.39	0.25g/2.44mL

Cat. No.	ltem	Phosphoramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
13-1000	AAA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1911.5		0.25q/1.31mL
13-1001	AAC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1887.5		0.25g/1.32mL
13-1011	ACC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1863.5		0.25g/1.34mL
13-1013	ACT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1774.5		0.25g/1.41mL
13-1020	AGA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1893.5		0.25g/1.32mL
13-1031	ATC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1774.5		0.25g/1.41mL
13-1032	ATG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1780.5		0.25g/1.40mL
13-1102	CAG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1869.5		0.25g/1.34mL
13-1103	CAT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1774.5		0.25g/1.41mL
13-1110	CCA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1863.5		0.25g/1.34mL
13-1112	CCG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1845.5		0.25g/1.35mL
13-1122	CGG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1851.5		0.25g/1.35mL
13-1123	CGT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1756.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1132	CTG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1756.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1200	GAA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1893.5		0.25g/1.32mL
13-1201	GAC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1869.5		0.25g/1.34mL
13-1203	GAT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1780.5		0.25g/1.40mL
13-1210	GCA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1869.5		0.25g/1.34mL
13-1212	GCG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1851.5		0.25g/1.35mL
13-1213	GCT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1756.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1223	GGT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1762.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1230	GTA Trimer Phosphoramidite	1780.5		0.25g/1.40mL
13-1233	GTT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1667.5		0.25g/1.50mL
13-1301	TAC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1774.5		0.25g/1.41mL
13-1313	TCT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1661.4		0.25g/1.50mL
13-1321	TGC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1756.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1322	TGG Trimer Phosphoramidite	1762.5		0.25g/1.42mL
13-1331	TTC Trimer Phosphoramidite	1661.4		0.25g/1.50mL
13-1333	TTT Trimer Phosphoramidite	1572.4		0.25g/1.59mL
20-0002	dA-5'-CPG		313.21	
20-0102	dC-5'-CPG		289.18	
20-0202	dG-5'-CPG		329.21	
20-0302	dT-5'-CPG		304.2	
20-2000	dA-CPG 500		313.21	
20-2001	dA-CPG 1000		313.21	
20-2002	dA-CPG 2000		313.21	
20-2004	3'-dA-CPG		313.21	
20-2010	dC-CPG 500		289.18	
20-2011	dC-CPG 1000		289.18	
20-2012	dC-CPG 2000		289.18	
20-2013	Ac-dC-CPG 500		289.18	
20-2015	Ac-dC-CPG 1000		289.18	
20-2017	2',3'-ddC-CPG		273.19	
20-2019	3'-Amino-Modifier C6 dC CPG		457.42	
20-2020	dG-CPG 500		329.21	
20-2021	dG-CPG 1000		329.21	
20-2022	dG-CPG 2000		329.21	
20-2029	dmf-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2030	dT-CPG 500		304.2	
20-2031	dT-CPG 1000		304.2	
20-2032	dT-CPG 2000		304.2	

Cat. No. It	rem	Phosphoramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution IO.1M)
20-2040	dI-CPG 500		314.19	
20-2041	dI-CPG 1000		314.19	
20-2050	dU-CPG 500		290.17	
20-2051	dU-CPG 1000		290.17	
20-2056	3'-Fluorescein-dT CPG		815.71	
20-2060	5-Me-dC-CPG		303.21	
20-2064	3'-dC-CPG		289.18	
20-2074	3'-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2084	3'-dT-CPG		304.2	
20-2090	5-Br-dU-CPG		369.07	
20-2101-61	dA-CPG 1000		313.21	
20-2101-62	dA-CPG 1000		313.21	
20-2101-65	dA-CPG 1000		313.21	
20-2115-61	Ac-dC-CPG 1000		289.18	
20-2115-62	Ac-dC-CPG 1000		289.18	
20-2115-65	Ac-dC-CPG 1000		289.18	
20-2129-61	dmf-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2129-62	dmf-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2129-65	dmf-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2131-61	dT-CPG 1000		304.2	
20-2131-62	dT-CPG 1000		304.2	
20-2131-65	dT-CPG 1000		304.2	
20-2601	Pac-dA-CPG		313.21	
20-2621	iPr-Pac-dG-CPG		329.21	
20-2900	3'-Phosphate CPG		79.98	
20-2902	3'-Glyceryl CPG		154.06	
20-2903	3'-CPR II CPG		79.98	
20-2913	3'-Spacer C3 CPG		138.06	
20-2933	3'-Thiol-Modifier C3 S-S CPG		niol), 244.27 (disulfid	
20-2938	3'-Thiol-Modifier 6 S-S CPG	198.18 (th	niol), 332.37 (disulfid	e)
20-2952	DesthiobiotinTEG-CPG		539.56	
20-2954	3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C3 CPG		137.07	
20-2955	3'-BiotinTEG CPG		569.61	
20-2956	3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C6 CPG		179.15	
20-2958	3'-Amino-Modifier C7 CPG 1000		209.18	
20-2961	3'-(6-FAM) CPG		569.46	
20-2963	3'-Fluorescein CPG		598.56	
20-2964	3'-(6-Fluorescein) CPG		566.48	
20-2973	3'-Acridine CPG		450.86	
20-2975	3'-Cholesteryl-TEG CPG		755.97	
20-2980	3'-Uaq Cap CPG		539.39	
20-2981	3'-Amino-dT CPG		303.21	
20-2982	3'-Propargyl-5-Me-dC CPG		341.26	
20-2991	3'-Dithiol Serinol CPG		412.46	
20-2992	3'-Alkyne-Modifier Serinol CPG		334.26	
20-2993	3'-Protected Biotin Serinol CPG		450.45	
20-2994	3'-6-Fluorescein Serinol CPG		584.47	
20-2995	3'-Protected BiotinLC Serinol CPG		697.74	
20-2997	3'-Amino-Modifier Serinol CPG		224.15	
20-3300	Pac-A-RNA-CPG		329.21	
20-3303	Bz-A-RNA-CPG		329.21	
20-3304	Ac-A-RNA-CPG		329.21	

Cat. No.	Item	Phosphoramidite MW	Unit FW	Dilution 10.1N
20-3315	Ac-C-RNA-CPG		305.18	
20-3321	iPr-Pac-G-RNA-CPG		345.21	
20-3324	Ac-G-RNA-CPG		345.21	
20-3330	U-RNA-CPG		306.17	
20-3600	2'-OMe-A-RNA-CPG		343.24	
20-3610	2'-OMe-C-RNA-CPG		319.21	
20-3615	2'-OMe-Ac-C-RNA-CPG		319.21	
20-3621	2'-OMe-G-RNA-CPG		359.24	
20-3630	2'-OMe-U-RNA-CPG		320.2	
20-4040	Puromycin-CPG		533.48	
20-5910	3'-TAMRA CPG		623.6	
20-5911	3'-Dabsyl CPG		498.49	
20-5912	3'-Dabcyl CPG		462.44	
20-5913	Cyanine 3 CPG		507.59	
20-5915	Cyanine 5 CPG		533.63	
20-5920	Epoch Redmond Red™ CPG		445.34	
20-5921	Epoch Yakima Yellow™ CPG		718.33	
20-5925	Epoch Eclipse™ Quencher CPG		537.89	
20-5931	3'-BHQ-1 CPG		554.49	
20-5932	3'-BHQ-2 CPG		556.47	
20-5933	3'-BHQ-3 CPG		597.63	
20-5934	BBQ-650® CPG		667.63	
21-2000	dA-Q-CPG 500		313.21	
21-2010	dC-Q-CPG 500		289.18	
21-2013	Ac-dC-Q-CPG 500		305.18	
21-2029	dmf-dG-Q-CPG 500		329.21	
21-2030	dT-Q-CPG 500		304.2	
25-2000	dA-High Load-CPG		313.21	
25-2010	dC-High Load-CPG		289.18	
25-2020	dG-High Load CPG		329.21	
25-2030	dT-High Load-CPG		304.2	
25-2900	3'-Phosphate CPG (High Load)		79.98	
26-2600	dA PS		313.21	
26-2610	dC PS		289.18	
26-2629	dmf-dG PS		329.21	
26-2630	dT-PS		304.2	
26-2900	3'-Phosphate PS		79.98	
26-2955	3'-BiotinTEG PS		569.61	
26-2956	3'-PT-Amino-Modifier C6 PS		179.15	
26-2961	3'-(6-FAM) PS		569.46	
26-5910	3'-TAMRA PS		623.6	
26-5912	3'-Dabcyl PS		462.44	

Cat. No.	Item	MW	Unit FW
50-1904	Azidobutyrate NHS Ester	226.19	113.12
50-1905	Alkyne-NHS Ester	225.2	110.11
50-1941	DBCO-sulfo-NHS Ester	532.5	316.37
50-2000	BiotinTEG Azide	444.55	
50-2001	DesthiobiotinTEG Azide	414.5	
50-2002	Dipivaloyl 6-FAM-TEG Azide	744.79	
50-2003	6-FAM-TEG Azide	576.55	
50-2004	Coumarin Azide	203.15	
50-2005	6-HEX Azide	665.09	
50-2006	6-TET Azide	596.2	
50-2007	TEMPO Azide	197.26	
50-2008	TEMPO-TEG Azide	373.47	
50-2009	Psoralen Azide	283.28	
50-2010	Disulfo-Cyanine 7 Azide	829.08	
50-5910	TAMRA NHS Ester	527.53	413.45

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3'-dC-CPG 62	3'-Acridine CPG 111
3'-dG-CE Phosphoramidite 62	Acridine Phosphoramidite 111
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·	Br-dG
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#### **ORDERING**

Orders may be placed by mail, telephone, fax or email to:

Glen Research Corporation
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There is no minimum order requirement. Our office hours are 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. EST, Monday through Friday. During this time, Glen Research representatives will be available to take your order and answer any questions you may have regarding our product line or DNA synthesis in general. Messages may be left on voice mail at any other time. Orders placed by 4:00 p.m. EST are normally shipped the same day.

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